Display of a candidate event in which a Higgs boson decays into two muons. CMS Experiment at the LHC, CERN.

Data recorded: 2018-Jul-18 22:42:55.530432 GMT.

Run/Event/LS: 319639/961085861/624.

Image: CERN (CMS Collaboration & T. McCauley) **DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS BIENNIAL REPORT 2018–2019 TÉCNICO LISBOA**

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

BIENNIAL REPORT 2018–2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS



ACRONYMS > 5
INTRODUCTION > 6

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT > 7
THE PRESIDENTS OF THE PHYSICS DEPARTMENT > 10
DEPARTMENTAL ACTIVITIES > 12
ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS > 14

THE DEPARTMENT IN NUMBERS > 16

EDUCATION > 18



ENGINEERING PHYSICS > 19
THE MEFT CURRICULUM > 21
DOCTORAL PROGRAM IN PHYSICS > 27
DOCTORAL PROGRAM IN ENGINEERING PHYSICS > 29
DOCTORAL THESES IN PHYSICS > 31
DOCTORAL THESES IN ENGINEERING PHYSICS > 33
MASTER THESES > 37
PEDAGOGICAL HONOURS AND AWARDS > 44



SCIENTIFIC AREAS > 48

ASTROPHYSICS AND GRAVITATION + 49
CONDENSED MATTER AND NANOTECHNOLOGY + 52
INTERDISCIPLINARY PHYSICS + 57
PARTICLE AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS + 59
PLASMAS, LASERS AND NUCLEAR FUSION + 63



SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES > 66

NOBEL AND IST DISTINGUISHED LECTURES > 67
DF COLLOQUIA > 68
RESEARCH SEMINARS > 70
CONFERENCES AND WORKSHOPS > 81
SCHOOLS > 83
SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATIONS > 84
BOOKS > 116



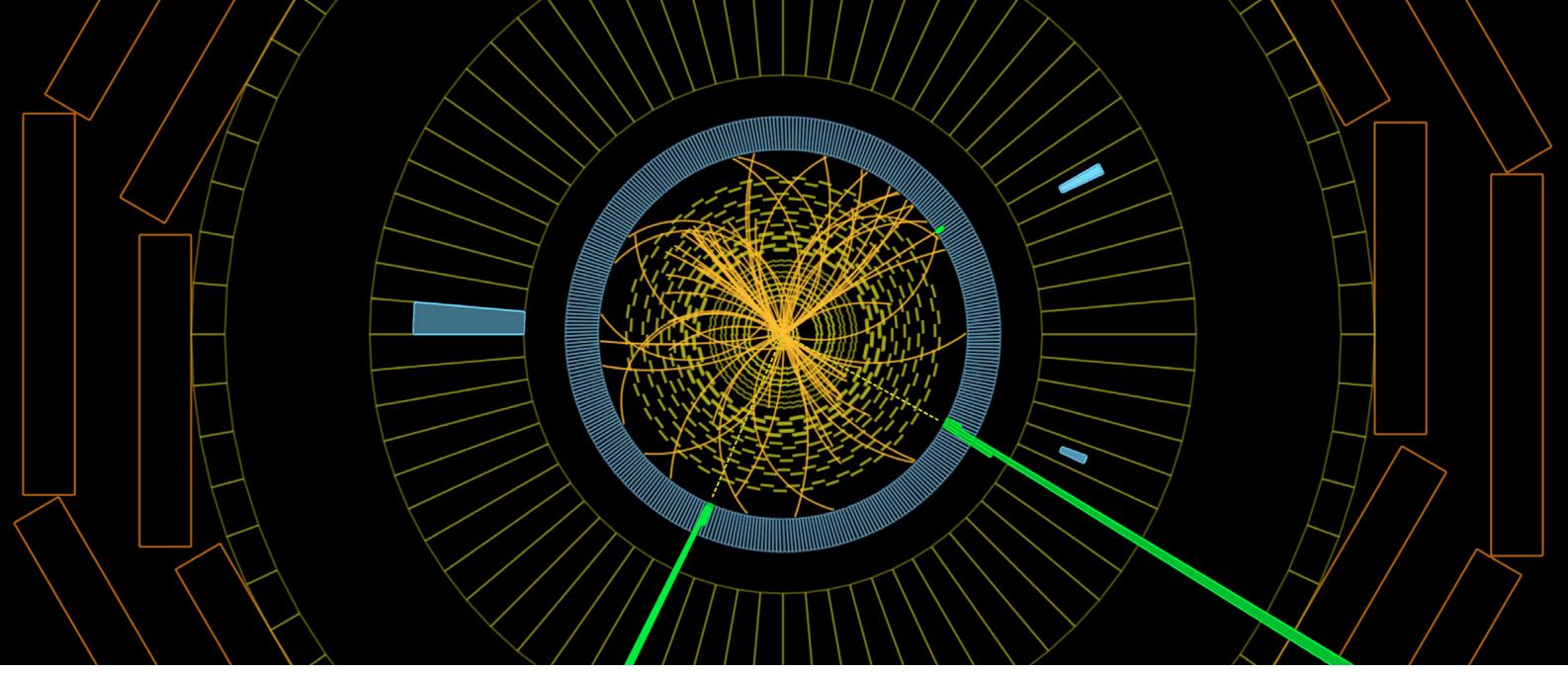
IS IP MI ME VI

PHYSICS OLYMPIADS > 121
IST DAY: KEEP IN TOUCH > 121
IPHO 2018/49TH INTERNATIONAL PHYSICS OLYMPIAD > 122
MEFT: CHALLENGING THE LIMITS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY > 123
MEFT: EXTENDING THE LIMITS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY > 123
NEWTONMAS > 124
VISITS FROM SCHOOLS > 125
OUTREACH SEMINARS AT SCHOOLS AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS > 126



FACULTY AND STAFF > 128

ACKOWLEDGEMENT TO COLLABORATORS > 129 LIST OF FACULTY AND STAFF > 130 FACULTY > 132 ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF > 203



CMS event displays of Higgs to two photon candidate. Image: CERN (CMS Collaboration & T. McCauley)

ACRONYMS

 \mathbf{AG} Scientific Area of Astrophysics and Gravitation

DF

FI

The Physics Department
Scientific Area of Interdisciplinary Physics
Scientific Area of Condensed Matter and Nanotechnology **FMCN**

FPFN Scientific Area of Particle and Nuclear Physics

FPLFN Scientific Area of Plasmas, Laser and Nuclear Fusion

IST

KIT

Instituto Superior Técnico
Keep in Touch event celebrating IST's anniversary
Integrated Master degree in Engineering Physics and Technology

INTRODUCTION

40 YEARS OF THE PHYSICS DEPARTMENT



Prof. Teresa Peña, president of the DF. Image by Técnico Lisboa.

40th Anniversary. In this same year, an unexpected and teaching. Although unrelated the two facts can be linked.

The celebration of the 40th anniversary makes us realize the value of innovation that was at the at the service of research and teaching were applied origin of the Department of Physics. This celebrato sophisticated models, data analyses of the spread tion also allows us to emphasize values that have of the virus were constantly updated, etc. always united us as a Department. To thrive during the pandemic these values and the ability to innovate are decisive. Our origins, together with our 40 its early days and according to that dispatch, the

In 2020, the closing year for this biennial activity imagination to the uncertainty of the difficult conreport, the Department of Physics (DF) celebrates its ditions of the COVID-19 Coronavirus pandemic. We are managing to thrive in our teaching and in pandemic has forced upon us new ways of working our role in society, in spite of adversity. Within the period of a single week, our "classrooms" mixed the digital and the traditional blackboards. In the months of lockdown numerical codes till then solely

It was the dispatch 722/80 of September 25th 1980, that created the Department of Physics. In years of existence, prepared us well to adapt with DF was organized in two sections: "Section of the PART 1

Mechanics and Quantum Physics" and "Section of Fluid Mechanics and Thermodynamics".

From 1980 until today we experienced 4 decades of a notable growth, of leadership in scientific and educational programmes, which are demonstrative to the whole country of the incalculable value of scientific culture and advanced training in science and technology.

In 1986 the first edition of the 5 years degree of Engineering Physics and Technology (then LEFT, now MEFT), the first of its kind in Portugal, was launched. Already in 1984 the Department had started to train the first new breed of those Engineers, attracting to a course of 3 years students from other traditional engineering branches. IST was with all its generosity and rationality with the Physics Department on this strategy.

In 2016 this degree has attained the crystal roof of the maximal marks in the National Applications Contest, that for many years was only attained by courses in Medicine, and has been there ever since. The graduates in Engineering Physics, after their transit through the Department of Physics at Técnico, have found professional opportunities in research, science policy and government, software engineering, finance, banking and risk analysis, health consultancy, telecommunications and financing sectors...

Many have created start-ups, companies in bioengineering technologies and renewable energies production, and many occupy places in academia. The Técnico Engineering Physics Diaspora is today vibrant in leadership positions spread through several continents.

At present the DF is also responsible for two doctoral programmes with a great dynamism and that involve about 100 graduated students. To strengthen even further this Graduate School is one of our important goals for the future.

THE ORIGINS

The concept behind the creation of the Physics Department followed the tradition at Técnico of an Engineering training supported by a matrix of solid knowledge in Physics and Mathematics. But it also followed the inspiration of the movements at the time, initiated in the sixties, within an Europe still profoundly divided by the Iron Curtain and the Berlin Wall. The spirit was that collaboration between scientists and engineers was required to answer to increasingly complex challenges.

It was the time of an unification through cultural, scientific and technological exchange, that started

dissolving borders. And the proof of concept was happening in the international science model cast at a large scale by CERN, the European Organization for Nuclear Research, created in the aftermath of the 2nd Great World War which had shattered the European scientific leadership.

During its 40 years of existence, the DF has actually grown following the international context and consolidated, without crystalizing it, the work of his founders: Manuel Alves Marques (the first doctorate at Técnico!), José Mariano Gago, Carlos Matos Ferreira and Jorge Dias de Deus.

THE VISION

By this order, these were the first four Presidents of the DF. These founders transferred to Técnico, with great courage, the vision of the research in large international research facilities and centres. All the four were engineers trained at Técnico, before becoming physicists. But even within Técnico itself, in those initial times of the DF, research was still treated by many as an unnecessary curiosity.

The training in Engineering Physics and Technology combines in an unique way Physics, Mathematics, Engineering and advanced Technologies. It realizes in the training domain the initial vision of José Mariano Gago, Carlos Matos Ferreira and Jorge Dias de Deus.

This vision is based on the recognition that economic, social and human progress can be achieved through the comprehension and modification of the world, made possible by advanced Physics. By explaining the macroscopic reality, Physics brought the scientific, technological and industrial revolutions of the XVIIth, XVIIIth and XIXth centuries. By going to the scales of the atomic nucleus, electrons, atoms and molecules, with the revolution of Quantum Mechanics, Physics made possible in the XXth century the digital revolution. In the XXIst century, Physics supports emerging technologies, such as nanotechnology, biotechnology, quantum computing, artificial intelligence. In these domains the physical, biological and digital systems are being blended and superimposed, changing our notion of what means being human and how science is made.

José Mariano Gago, Carlos Matos Ferreira and Jorge Dias de Deus guessed the value of a flexible training for the contexts of knowledge and professions in present days accelerated change. A broad and solid training for a world demanding human resources trained for a critical mind, creativity, rigor and agility of thought.

THE LEGACY AND THE FUTURE

In 40 years, the legacy of the Department of Physics to Técnico and to Portugal was that of a great expansion and, above all, a transformative one.

And certainly, it will continue to be so in the future. In 1980 there were only two sections in DF. Today the DF is organized in five scientific areas: Astrophysics and Gravitation; Condensed Matter Physics and Nanotechnology; Interdisciplinary Physics; Particle and Nuclear Physics; Plasma Physics, Lasers and Nuclear Fusion.

In the future the DF will include other scientific areas, will certainly participate in different education programmes, and will establish new international collaborations.

We are well prepared for research in the wavefront, exploring the limits of particle accelerators and detectors, space travel, gravitational waves, the origins and elements of the cosmos, and new functional materials. Members of the department are also applying powerful machine learning algorithms that are changing not only the way physicists work, but also the daily lives of everybody.

In addition to its students of all training cycles and levels, today the DF is an enlarged family, with 48 professors, a real ecosystem encompassing collaborators and researchers of its associated research units, connected also by 10 administrative non-teaching employees. The latter ones maintain the daily logistics crucial to our activity. We thank them for that.

All of us, professors, researchers, administrative employees, have a common goal: to work for supporting and raising the talent of new generations. We have been able to attract remarkable students, that everyday push us to the challenge of constant re-creation.

Moreover, 2018 announced the end of integrated master's degrees, by the Decree Law 65/2018 of the Ministry of Science, Technology and Higher Educa-

tion. The new legislation was done upon consultation of the OCDE, and has a particular impact on the training of engineering. The integrated master's concept was a unique feature of the implementation by Portuguese Universities of the Bologna process of 2006. It had survived in its originality till now, but the new Law led us, during 2019, to design and prepare the re-structuring of MEFT, namely for a better adaptation to the international landscape.

Because of our students and also the new external constraints, we are inventing new forms of research and problem-based training, multidisciplinary integrating projects, ways of bridging academia and businesses. We are valuing cross-cutting skills and a humanist component in the syllabus, as well as new evaluation procedures, the key aspect being the introduction of even more flexibility in the training of MEFT.

And, as a Department open to other Departments at Técnico, we participated in the design of interdisciplinary Minors to be included in several engineering specializations. Furthermore, in 2019 the Department of Physics had also to re-think and negotiate with other departments at Técnico changes in the syllabuses of General Physics courses. We will continue to emphasize the value of experimental classes and, due to the pandemic constraints, we are actually probing new methods of collaboration in laboratory and hands-on classrooms where students in person interact remotely with other students, and motivate students to team-oriented work.

We are sure that the DF will not stop its evolution. It will keep being lively, vigorous, inclusive, and dedicated to a future better for all.

I was the first female President of the Physics Department and shall not be the last.

Teresa Peña

President of the DF in the period 2019–2020 IST, December 16th, 2020

PART 1

THE PRESIDENTS OF THE PHYSICS DEPARTMENT

Since its start the Physics Department had 14 Presidents, some with more than one mandate. The success of DF is also due to the work of these Presidents and of the Executive Committees chaired by them, to whom the DF thanks their commitment.



Manuel Alves Marques Condensed Matter Physicist 1981–1982



José Mariano Gago Particle Physicist 1982–1983



Carlos Matos Ferreira Plasma Physicist 1984–1986 &1992–1994



Jorge Dias de Deus Particle Physicist 1987–1989 & 1995–1998



Alfredo Barbosa Henriques Physicist and Astrophysicist 1990–1991 & 2011–2012



Gustavo Castelo Branco Particle Physicist 1999–2000



Jorge RomãoParticle Physicist
2001–2002



Carlos Varandas Plasma and Nuclear Fusion Physicist 2003–2006



Paulo FreitasSolid State and Nanotechnology Physicist
2007–2008



José Tito Mendonça Plasma and Lasers Physicist 2009–2010



José Sande Lemos Physicist and Astrophysicist 2013–2014



Pedro Brogueira Solid State and Nanotechnology Physicist 2015–2016



Luís Lemos Alves Plasma Physicist 2017–2018



Teresa Peña Nuclear Physicist 2019–2020

PART 1 INTRODUCTION

DEPARTMENTAL ACTIVITIES

In the biennial of 2018–2019, the Department of **TEACHING** Physics (DF) carried out various actions covering its different fields of activity.

STRATEGIC ACTIONS

- Concluded the reports about the teaching offer for the courses of IST.
- Analysed the implementation/execution of the support laboratories for basic physics, as offers to the courses of IST.
- Analysed the experimental teaching of the Master's in Engineering Physics (MEFT), and regualified the corresponding experimental infrastructures (in terms of equipment and facilities).
- In the scope of PERCIST 2021/2022, restructured the offer of the Physics Department to all courses of IST, in blocks of 7+1 weeks (trimesters) of concentrated classes.
- Restructured MEFT entirely to split in 1st and 2nd cycles of studies, as separate degrees and as required by governmental decision, also following the proposals stemming from PERCIST 2021/2022.

HUMAN RESOURCES

- Continued the implementation of the DF Strategic and Development plan and the career plan of IST, by recruiting/promoting the following positions: 2 associated professors, one in double ap*pointment* with the Department of Nuclear Science and Engineering (Guilherme Milhano and Patrícia Gonçalves) and 3 assistant professors (Pedro Ribeiro, Patrícia Conde-Muíño, Jorge Vieira).
- Developed actions for monitoring the activity of assistant professors during the probationary period.

- Supports the coordination of several courses:
 - Integrated Master's degree in Engineering Physics (MEFT)
 - Doctoral Program in Physics (DF)
 - · Doctoral Program in Engineering Physics (DEFT)
- · Coordinates 26 curricular units in Fundamental Physics at IST (Mechanics and Waves - MO, Electromagnetism and Optics - EO, Thermodynamics and the Structure of Matter - TEM, Physics for the Integrated Master's degree in Architecture), taught to more than 2000 students of various Engineering degrees every year in Alameda and Taguspark IST Campi.
- Concluded an analysis of the teaching activities (programs, evaluation, methodologies, bibliography, ...) in the curricular units of Fundamental Physics at IST, that involved brainstorm meetings with the coordinators of the different courses of IST that was highly appreciated.
- Continued the development of an on-line database for Problems of Fundamental Physics (e-ProF).
- · Participated in the Scientific Committee of the Master's degree in Energy Engineering and Management (MEGE).
- Participated in the Scientific Committee of the Master's degree in Biomedical Engineering (ME-Biom).
- Participated in the IST Committee for the restructuration of the Bolonha model (PERCIST).
- Organized the teaching duties of the 80 members of DF, for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd cycle courses under the responsibility of the department.

MANAGEMENT

- Improved the communication and the administrative workflow at DF.
- · Prepared, approved and executed the budget of
- · Maintained the informatic tools for management support.

INFRASTRUCTURES

- · Invested in the reequipment of the DF Laboratories at Alameda, namely for the experimental curricular units of MEFT.
- · Invested in the reequipment of the DF Laboratories at Taguspark.
- · Maintained the Multimedia Room of DF, for production of videos and MOOC's.

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

- · Signed new ERASMUS protocols, aiming attracting more Portuguese and international students for MEFT and the PhD programs.
- · Fostered new collaborations and protocols with various Institutions, national and international, for technological and scientific cooperation and for the exchange of students. Detailed information is given in the sites of the Scientific Areas.

CONNECTION TO SOCIETY

The interest of students choosing MEFT – Physics at IST - for their higher education has greatly increased in the last years, having attended in 2018 the top of the choices of students (and second in 2019), even after increasing the number of places by 15% in 2019. To this success there are many contributors, members of the DF but also from other universities and institutions, with an important contribution from the MEFT students and from the teachers at secondary schools.

In 2018, the DF collaborated with the Portuguese Physics Society and many other partners to host in Lisboa the 49th International Physics

Olympiad – IPhO2018. DF secured all the meetings of the IPhO2018 International Board at the Salão Nobre of IST and assured the managing of all the exams. DF was the support hub of the academic part of IPhO2018, guaranteeing the conditions for its good functioning, in particular also the preparation of the exams, the scanning of the students' tests, the correction procedure, the moderation process and the preparation of all the diplomas/ certificates to be delivered to the students. Many members of the DF were key to the success of this important part of the Olympiad.

In 2019, the DF collaborated again with the Portuguese Physics Society and the Ministry of Education, among many other partners, to host in Almada the 17th European Union Science Olympiad – EUSO2019. In particular DF took part in the local organizing committee, assuming the responsibility of the preparation of the exams, scanning of the students' tests, and preparing all the diplomas/ certificates to be delivered to the students.

In 2018 and 2019 the DF pursued and created various communicational initiatives, in a permanent effort for increasing the status and the visibility of DF and its training actions, inside and outside IST, in a collaboration effort involving the Executive Committee, the Coordination of MEFT, the DF staff, the students of MEFT (also through the corresponding students' association—the Núcleo de Física do IST, NFIST), and the alumni network of MEFT, namely:

- Colloquia of the Physics Department;
- IST Day;
- MEFT: Challenging the Limits of Science and Technology;
- MEFT: Enlarging the Limits of Science and Technology;
- Newtonmas (including an IST) Distinguished Lecture);
- Facebook Physics@Tecnico;
- DF Biennial report 2016–2017.

PART 1

ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

PRESIDENT OF THE DEPARTMENT

Teresa Peña

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Teresa Peña, President, Human Resources and Horizontal Teaching Horácio Fernandes, Vice-President for Connection to Enterprises, Research Platforms and Alumni João Pedro Bizarro, Vice-President for Teaching Activities António Ferraz, Vice-President for General Affairs, Spaces and Budget Pedro Abreu, Vice-President for Connection to Society

REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS IN TAGUSPARK

António Ferraz

COORDINATORS OF SCIENTIFIC AREAS

Vítor Cardoso, Astrophysics and Gravitation (AG)
Pedro Brogueira, Condensed Matter
and Nanotechnology (FMCN)
Rui Dilão, Interdisciplinary Physics (FI)
Mário Pimenta, Particle and Nuclear Physics (FPFN)
Luís Lemos Alves, Plasma Physics, Lasers and
Nuclear Fusion (FPLFN)

COURSE COORDINATORS

Master's in Physics Engineering (MEFT): Ilídio Lopes, *Coordinator* Carlos Cruz, *Vice-Coordinator*

Doctoral Program in Physics (DF): Luís Lemos Alves, *Coordinator*

Doctoral Programme in Engineering Physics (DEFT): Luís Lemos Alves, *Coordinator*

RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TUTORING PROGRAM

Ilídio Lopes

MOBILITY COORDINATOR

Ilídio Lopes

MEFT SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

José Sande e Lemos, AG Ilídio Lopes, AG Horácio Fernandes, FPLFN João Pedro Bizarro, FPLFN Jorge Romão, FPFN Mário Pimenta, FPFN Pedro Brogueira, FMCN Carlos Cruz, FMCN

DF SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

José Sande e Lemos, AG Vítor Cardoso, AG José Luís Martins, FMCN Vítor Rocha Vieira, FMCN Jorge Romão, FPFN Luís Oliveira e Silva, FPLFN Luís Lemos Alves, FPLFN

DEFT SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

José Sande e Lemos, AG Vítor Cardoso, AG Pedro Brogueira, FMCN Vítor Rocha Vieira, FMCN Mário Pimenta, FPFN Luís Lemos Alves, FPLFN

PERMANENT STRATEGIC COMMITTEE

José Sande e Lemos, Full Professor, AG Luís Lemos Alves, Full Professor, FPLFN Pedro Brogueira, Full Professor, FMCN Teresa Peña, Full Professor, FPFN



Students observe an experiment during NFIST's Semana da Física, 2018.

Mário Pimenta, Full Professor, FPFN Ana Mourão, Associate Professor, AG Pedro Sebastião, Associate Professor, FMCN Horácio Fernandes, Associate Professor, FPLFN Rui Dilão, Assistant Professor, FI

SCIENTIFIC AND PEDAGOGIC COUNCIL

Teresa Peña, President DF Horácio Fernandes, Vice-president DF João Pedro Bizarro, Vice-president DF António Ferraz, Vice-president DF and Representative DF in Taguspark Pedro Abreu, Vice-president DF Vítor Cardoso, Coordinator AG Pedro Brogueira, Coordinator FMCN Mário Pimenta, Coordinator FPFN Luís Lemos Alves, Coordinator FPLFN, Coordinator DF and DEFT Rui Dilão, Coordinator FI Ilídio Lopes, Coordinator MEFT Carlos Cruz. Vice-Coordinator MEFT João Santos, Coordinator MEBiom Edgar Fernandes, Coordinator MEGE Pedro Vaz, representative C2TN João Seixas, representative CeFEMA José Sande e Lemos, representative CENTRA Margarida Nesbitt, representative CFTP Maria João Pereira, representative CERENA Margarida Nesbitt, representative CFTP Susana Freitas, representative INESC-MN Bruno Gonçalves, representative IPFN Fernando Barão, representative LIP

REPRESENTATIVE OF DF IN MEGE

Filipe Mendes

REPRESENTATIVE OF DF IN MEBIOM Patrícia Gonçalves

RESPONSIBLE FOR THE E-LEARNING PLATFORM OF DF Samuel Eleutério

RESPONSIBLE FOR EQUIVALENCE PROCESSES IN DF Pedro Bicudo

RESPONSIBLE FOR TEACHING LABORATORIES OF DF IN CAMPUS ALAMEDA

João Mendanha Dias

RESPONSIBLE FOR TEACHING LABORATORIES OF DF IN CAMPUS TAGUSPARK João Carlos Fernandes

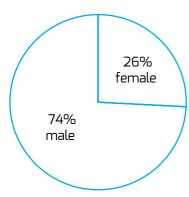
RESPONSIBLE FOR DEMO LABORATORY OF DF Ana Mourão

PART 1

THE DEPARTMENT IN NUMBERS*

403

Students enrolled in MEFT



5

Scientific areas of expertise

8

Leading research units

48

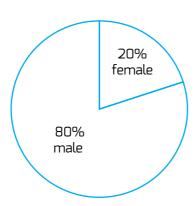
Permanent faculty

10

Administrative & technical staff

88

Students enrolled in the doctorate programmes



*As of December 31, 2019.

578

Scientific publications

2

Books

| 3

Honours/awards for pedagogical achievements

14

Teaching laboratories

2

High performance computing clusters

2

IST distinguished lectures

29

Colloqquia at the DF 180

Research seminars

19

Conferences and workshops

7

Undergraduate and graduate schools

168

Outreach activities

4

International masterclasses in Particle Physics



EDUCATION

ENGINEERING PHYSICS



The 2019 incoming class of MEFT students.

WHAT IS MEFT?

in Physics.

During a five-year period, the students follow courses available in the country. an academic curriculum providing high-quality, diversified education focused on digital fluency and skills in STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics) subjects, encouraging continuous learning and supporting the development of creativity and innovation.

WHAT ATTRACTS TOP TALENT TO MEFT?

The Integrated Master of Engineering Physics (in In 2018 and 2019, respectively sixty and sixty nine Portuguese the acronym MEFT stands for "Mes-students from all across Portugal with entry marks trado de Engenharia Física Tecnológica") is a five- above 187.5/200, have chosen MEFT to pursue year degree that delivers comprehensive training their studies. MEFT was the top course at national and explores the fields of Physics, Engineering and level in ex-æquo with one other course. In the last Advanced Technologies, aiming to prepare the next fifteen years, MEFT was consistently the first choice generation of highly qualified scientists or engineers for students eager to follow a career path in physics or engineering physics, among the thirteen similar

> In addition to MEFT's high educational standards, the combination of many factors such as: enabling close interaction with the Physics department and high-quality research centres, allowing access to international research collaborations and partnerships with international businesses and corporations, pro

PART 2 EDUCATION



The 2018 incoming class of MEFT students.

moting and encouraging a wide range of scientific and cultural student-driven initiatives and events; all these make MEFT particularly appealing to attract the best young talent from Portugal and abroad.

WHAT MEFT BRINGS TO ITS STUDENTS

The course delivered within a fostering, motivating and positive environment, prepares graduates to develop their own creative and original approach to solve problems and think "out of the box", whilst acquiring a robust scientific and engineering background. MEFT's students are particularly sought-after by top employers.

About one fifth of the graduates chooses to continue for a doctorate; the others opt to go directly to a wide variety of areas in the private sector, such as: energy, environment, health systems and biomedicine, financial services and consulting. Among the students who decide to do a PhD, after the PhD, a part follows a research career in international universities or research institutes, or go to the private sector, particularly in companies related to new technologies.

All of our graduates easily and quickly find employment soon after finishing their master's or doctorate. The employment rate six months after the completion of MEFT is officially reported as almost 100.0%. About 20% of the MEFT graduates opt to follow an international career. Presently there are graduates of MEFT working in the leading national and international companies and some have created their own start-ups.

MEFT PREPARES ITS GRADUATES TO THRIVE IN TODAY'S CHALLENGING WORLD

The challenges facing physics engineers have changed significantly over the years. Constantly evolving, MEFT prepares our graduates to become leaders in today's world so they are able to develop, implement and operate complex value-added engineering systems in a modern team-based environment. In particular, the MEFT course contributes to:

- a. create the next generations of researchers and university lecturers in areas of scientific research of physics, engineering and related fields.
- b. graduate engineers with the capacity to present innovative solutions, constructively intervene to solve complex problems in various sectors, namely, energy, environment, health and biomedicine, organization and visualization of information, computing and simulation, industrial production and finance.
- c. trigger the development of entrepreneurial leaders and company creators, with great adaptability to the technology and scientific development of today's world, and to prepare insightful consultants/auditors to assess complex projects.

Ilidio Lopes and Carlos Cruz, MEFT Coordination, November 2020

THE MEFT CURRICULUM

MEFT is sustained by scientific research units carrying out their investigation in the following areas:

- · Astrophysics and Gravitation;
- Plasma Physics, Nuclear Fusion and Lasers;
- · Nuclear and Particle Physics;
- Condensed Matter Physics and Nanotechnology;
- Interdisciplinary Physics (Energy, Physics of the Earth, Dynamical Systems, Biomedical Applications).

A new MEFT curriculum was introduced in September 2017, to make it simultaneously more flexible and organised, which is already reflected in the following tables. The 1st Cycle features a strong training in Mathematics and in the Physics fundamentals, with a few options, and the 2nd Cycle, in which the student follows more a Physics Track or a Engineering Track based on his/her profile and choices, features many options for the student to define his/her plan of studies best suited to his/her wishes and interests.

The 2018 senior class of MEFT students.

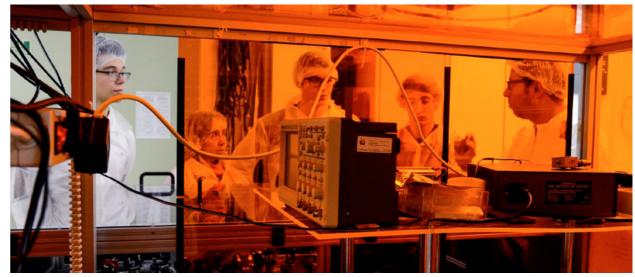


20 DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

PART 2

	MEFT Training: 1st Cycle		
	1st semester	2nd semester	
	Mechanics and Relativity	Oscillations and Waves	
	Intro Experimental Physics Laboratory	Chemistry	
1st year	Programming	Differential & Integral Calculus II	
	Linear Algebra	Digital Systems	
	Differential & Integral Calculus I	Technological Laboratory	
	Physical Thermodynamics	Analytical Mechanics	
	Laboratory of Mechanics, Oscillations and Waves	Electromagnetism	
2nd year	Complex Analysis and Differential Equations	Circuits Theory and Electronic Fundamentals	
year	Computational Mathematics	Laboratory of Electromagnetism and Thermodynamics	
	Computational Physics	Probabilities and Statistics	
	Classical Electrodynamics	Statistical Physics	
	Quantum Mechanics I	Solid State Physics	
201	Laboratory of Atomic Physics	Laboratory of Advanced Physics	
3rd year	Physics of Continuous Media	Management	
		Laboratory for Innovation and Development	
	Option 1: Techniques of Mathematical Physics / Electronics	Option 2: Quantum Mechanics II / Microcontrollers	

	MEFT Training: 2nd Cycle			
	1st semester	2nd semester		
	4 Curricular Units from structural training			
4th & 5th years	1(2) Curricular Unit(s) – Engineering track or 1(2) Curricular Unit(s) – Physics track	3(2) Curricular Units – Engineering track or 3(2) Curricular Units – Physics track		
	5 Curricular Units from the pool common to both tracks			
5th	Introduction to Research	Dissertation		
year	Project-MEFT			



CURRICULAR UNITS IN STRUCTURAL TRAINING

Astrophysics

Entrepreneurship and Innovation and Science Management

Nanotechnologies and Nanoelectronics

Particle Physics

Plasma Physics and Technology



CURRICULAR UNITS IN PHYSICS TRACK

1st semester:

Complements of Quantum Mechanics

Optics and Laser

CURRICULAR UNITS IN ENGINEERING TRACK

1st semester:

Electronic and Optics Instrumentation

Optics and Laser

2nd semester:

Condensed Matter Physics

Nuclear Physics

Relativity and Cosmology

2nd semester:

Energy Technologies

Micro and Nanofabrication Techniques

Nuclear and Particle Physics Technology

PART 2 **EDUCATION**

CURRICULAR UNITS COMMON TO BOTH TRACKS

1st semester:

Advanced Topics in Computational Physics

Astrophysics Laboratory

Complements of Condensed Matter Physics

Complements of Electronics

Condensed Matter Physics Laboratory

Diagnostic Techniques in Plasmas

Dynamical Systems

Group Theory in Physics

Hadron Physics and Quantum

Chromodynamics

Low Temperature Plasmas

Materials Science for Nuclear Technologies

NMR of Partially Ordered Systems

Nuclear Fusion, Photovoltaic Solar Energy

Physics and Technology of Magnetic Materials

Physics of Nuclear Reactors

Radiological Protection and Dosimetry

Topics in Condensed Matter Physics

Topics in General Relativity and Cosmology

Topics in Particle Physics, Astrophysics

and Cosmology

COORDINATION

2nd semester:

Advanced Plasma Physics

Biophysics

Characterization Methods in Solid State Physics

Cosmic Rays Laboratory

Data Acquisition Systems

Digital Logic Design and Control

Energy Services

Energy Technologies

Experimental Methods in Particle Physics

Introduction to Spintronics

Physics and Technology of Semiconductors

Physics of Liquid Crystals

Plasma Technology for Materials Processing

Quantum Field Theory

Real-Time Control

Simulation Methods for Particle Detectors

Standard Model and New Physics

Both semesters: 5 free optional curricular units (from this or other courses of IST or from other Universities with a protocol with IST)

WEBSITE

Profs. Ilídio Lopes and Carlos Cruz

https://fenix.tecnico.ulisboa.pt/cursos/meft

CURRICULAR UNITS OF FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICS FOR OTHER IST COURSES

The DF has the outstanding responsibility of teaching the general courses of Fundamental Physics to the 1st cycle of all Engineering courses of IST. In in the table below.

total, this mission corresponds to a teaching workload in 26 Curricular Units (CU) of Mechanics and Waves (MO), Electromagnetism and Optics (EO), Thermodynamics and the Structure of Matter (TEM) and Physics, distributed among 18 courses as indicated

	Curricular unit					
		Mechanics and Waves	Electromagnetism and Optics	Thermodynamics and the Structure of Matter	Physics	
	MEEC	•	•	•		
	MEAero	•	•			
	MEBiom	•	•	•		
	LMAC	•	•	•		
	MEC		•	•		
	LEGM	•	•	•		
	MEQ	•	•			
Courses	MEAmbi	•	•			
Cour	MEBiol	•	•			
	MEM	•	•			
	MEMec	•	•			
	LEAN/LENO	-	•			
	LEIC – Alameda	•	•			
	LEIC – Tagus Park	•	•			
	LETI – Tagus Park	•	•			
	LEE – Tagus Park	•	•	•		
	LEGI – Tagus Park	•	•			
	MA				-	

PART 2 **EDUCATION**

CURRICULAR UNITS OF ADVANCED PHYSICS FOR IST COURSES OTHER THAN MEFT

The DF has also the responsibility of teaching the following curricular units to the Biomedical En-

gineering degree (MEBiom) and to the Master in Energy Engineering and Management (MEGE), in the latter case divided by specialization field. In the scientific committee of both degrees the DF has a permanent member.

	Curricular unit				
585		Quantum Mechanics	Radiation Physics		
Cours	MEBiom	•	•		

	Specialization field					
MEGE courses		Nuclear Energy	Renewable Energies	Energy Conversion	Fuels	Energy Efficiency
	Energy Services		•	•	•	•
	Photovoltaic Solar Energy		•			
	Solar Thermal Energy		•	•		
	Nuclear Reactors	•		•		
	Nuclear Energy			•		
	Radiological Safety and Protection	•				
	Radiation Physics and Technology	•				
	Nuclear Fission and Fusion Technologies	•				
	Nuclear Instrumen- tation Techniques	•				
	Material Science for Nuclear Technologies	•				
	Nuclear Physics	•				
	Quantum Structure of Matter	•				

DOCTORAL PROGRAM IN PHYSICS

COORDINATOR

Luís Paulo da Mota Capitão Lemos Alves

SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

José Pizarro de Sande e Lemos Vítor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso José Luís Rodrigues Júlio Martins Vítor João Rocha Vieira Jorge Manuel Rodrigues Crispim Romão Luís Miguel de Oliveira e Silva Luís Paulo da Mota Capitão Lemos Alves

OBJECTIVES

The Doctoral Program in Physics is designed to provide advanced knowledge and research capabilities into subjects consistent with expertise available in the scientific areas of the Physics Department mainly in:

- · Astrophysics and Gravitation;
- · Plasmas Physics, Nuclear Fusion, Photonics and Intense Lasers;
- · Physics of Condensed Matter, Nanotechnology, Solid State Physics and Atomic and Molecular Physics;
- · Particle and High-Energy Physics, and Nuclear Physics.

After completing their PhD, the graduates of this program are expected to have acquired the ability to perform autonomous scientific work in their INESC Microsystems and Nanotechnologies particular field of study, expanding the frontiers of knowledge with their original research to the highest standards of quality and integrity. These graduates
Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear (IPFN). should promote academic, professional, technological, social and cultural progress, in interaction with the academic community and the society at large.

THE PHD PROCESS

Obtaining the PhD degree in Physics from IST/ ULisboa involves three main steps:

- 1. Complete a training component with several courses, as to complete 30–33 ECTS.
- 2. Present the state of development of the doctoral work before a Thesis Monitoring Committee (CAT), after the end of the second year of the doctoral program.
- 3. Write a PhD Thesis manuscript, which should describe original and independent research work at the level required for publication in international reference journals.

The doctorate will be completed after approximately 4 years, with the defense of the Thesis in public presentation and oral discussion.

ASSOCIATED RESEARCH UNITS

Centre for Astrophysics and Gravitation (CENTRA).

Centre of Physics and Engineering of Advanced Materials (CeFEMA).

Centre for Theoretical Particle Physics (CFTP).

Centre for Nuclear Sciences and Technologies (C2TN).

(INESC-MN).

Laboratory of Instrumentation and Experimental Particle Physics (LIP).

PART 2 EDUCATION

FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES

The Doctoral Program in Physics provides the following funding opportunities:

- 1. Doctoral Programs with their own scholarships, sponsored by the Foundation for Science and Technology (FCT), the national scientific funding agency: Advance Programme in Plasma Science and Engineering (APPLAuSE); Doctoral Programme in the Physics and Mathematics of Information (DP-PMI); International Doctorate Network in Particle Physics, Astrophysics and Cosmology (IDPASC); Advanced Integrated Microsystems (AIM).
- 2. Individual FCT fellowships.
- 3. Fundação Oriente Doctoral Scholarships for Asian students.
- 4. Scholarships in projects, within the research units associated with the Physics Department.

EMPLOYMENT

The graduates in Physics can integrate research units and R&D laboratories, namely with enterprises, in Portugal or abroad, in the public or the private sectors. These graduates are highly qualified researchers to work in large institutions of research and technological development: European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN); European Southern Observatory (ESO); European Space Agency (ESA); Joint European Torus (JET); International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor (ITER).

The PhDs in Physics can also follow an academic career as Professors of higher education, in national or international universities.

STATUS

In the period 2018–2019, 18 of our graduate students successfully concluded the Doctoral Program in Physics (8 with the maximum classification of "Approved with Distinction and Honour").

In this period we have organized an annual meeting with all the students (to welcome the newcomers and present the program, clarifying the steps and rules of the PhD process) and we have appointed "PhD delegates" to represent the students in the hosting research units. As usual, our participation in IST's annual event PhD Open Days was a great success. In 2019 we contributed to 21% of the posters presented (59% of our PhD students presented a poster at this event), 12% of the competition pitches, 13% of the workshops, and 25% of the prototype exhibitions.

Currently (September 2020), there are 56 students enrolled in the Doctoral Program in Physics, corresponding to a 33% increase with respect to 2019 (42 students enrolled, and 8 PhD theses concluded).

More information about the Doctoral Program in Physics is available at our recently updated website: https://fenix.tecnico.ulisboa.pt/cursos/df

DOCTORAL PROGRAM IN ENGINEERING PHYSICS

COORDINATOR

Luís Paulo da Mota Capitão Lemos Alves

SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE

José Pizarro de Sande e Lemos Vítor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso Pedro Miguel Félix Brogueira Vítor João Rocha Vieira Mário João Martins Pimenta Luís Paulo da Mota Capitão Lemos Alves

OBJECTIVES

The Doctoral Program in Engineering Physics is designed to provide advanced knowledge and research capabilities into subjects involving applications in physical and engineering physics, consistent with the expertise available in the scientific areas of the Physics Department of IST, mainly in:

- · Astrophysics and Gravitation
- Plasmas Physics, Nuclear Fusion, Photonics and Intense Lasers
- Physics of Condensed Matter, Nanotechnology and Solid State Physics
- Particle Physics and Nuclear Physics

The students are exposed to advanced experimental techniques in plasma physics, intense lasers, optics, nanotechnologies and nuclear and particle physics, including data acquisition systems, real time control measurements, instrumentation, and micro and nanofabrication techniques.

After completing their PhD, the graduates of this program are expected to have acquired the ability to perform autonomous scientific work in their particular field of study, expanding the frontiers of knowledge with their original research to the highest standards of quality and integrity. These graduates should promote academic, professional, technological, social and cultural progress, in interaction with the academic community and the society at large.

THE PHD PROCESS

Obtaining the PhD degree in Engineering Physics from IST/ULisboa involves three main steps:

- 1. Complete a training component with several courses, as to complete 30–33 ECTS;
- 2. Present the state of development of the doctoral work before a Thesis Monitoring Committee (CAT), after the end of the second year of the doctoral program;
- 3. Write a PhD Thesis manuscript, which should describe original and independent research work at the level required for publication in international reference journals. The doctorate will be completed after approximately 4 years, with the defense of the Thesis in public presentation and oral discussion.

ASSOCIATED RESEARCH UNITS

Centre for Astrophysics and Gravitation (CENTRA)

Centre of Physics and Engineering of Advanced Materials (CeFEMA)

PART 2 FDUCATION

Centre for Theoretical Particle Physics (CFTP)

Centre for Nuclear Sciences and Technologies (C2TN)

INESC Microsystems and Nanotechnologies (INESC-MN)

Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear (IPFN)

Laboratory of Instrumentation and Experimental Particle Physics (LIP)

FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES

The Doctoral Program in Engineering Physics provides the following funding opportunities:

- 1. Doctoral Programs with their own scholar- In the period 2018–2019, 30 of our graduate stuships, sponsored by the Foundation for Science and Technology (FCT), the national scientific funding agency:
 - Advance Programme in Plasma Science and Engineering (APPLAuSE)
 - Doctoral Programme in the Physics and Mathematics of Information (DP-PMI)
 - International Doctorate Network in Particle Physics, Astrophysics and Cosmology (IDPASC)
 - Advanced Integrated Microsystems (AIM)
- 2. Individual FCT fellowships
- 3. Fundação Oriente Doctoral Scholarships for Asian students
- 4. Scholarships in projects, within the research units associated with the Physics Department

EMPLOYMENT

The graduates in Engineering Physics can integrate research units and R&D laboratories, namely with enterprises, in Portugal or abroad, in the public or the private sectors. These graduates are highly qualified researchers to work in large institutions of research and technological development: European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN); European Southern Observatory (ESO); European Space Agency (ESA); Joint European Torus (JET); International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor

The PhDs in Physics Engineering can also follow an academic career as Professors of higher education, in national or international universities.

STATUS

dents successfully concluded the Doctoral Program in Engineering Physics (3 with the maximum classification of "Approved with Distinction and Honour").

In this period we have organized an annual meeting with all the students (to welcome the newcomers and present the program, clarifying the steps and rules of the PhD process) and we have appointed "PhD delegates" to represent the students in the hosting research units. As usually, our participation in IST's annual event PhD Open Days was a great success. In 2019 we contributed to 8% of the posters presented (23% of our PhD students presented a poster at this event), 6% of the competition pitches, 4% of the workshops, and 50% of the prototype exhibitions.

Currently (September 2020), there are 58 students enrolled in the Doctoral Program in Engineering Physics, corresponding to a 21% increase with respect to 2019 (48 students enrolled, and 10 PhD theses

fenix.tecnico.ulisboa.pt/cursos/deft

DOCTORAL THESES IN PHYSICS

February 8, 2018

Topological phases of free fermions: Geometry, topology, quantum information theory and phase transitions Student: Bruno Miguel Santos Mera Supervisor: Vítor João Rocha Vieira Scientific Area: FMCN

March 6, 2018

Multiple scattering of light in cold atoms: emergence of collective behavior Student: João Daniel Marques Rodrigues Supervisor: José Tito da Luz Mendonça Scientific Area: FPLFN

June 5, 2018

Lattice location of impurities in silicon carbide Student: Ângelo Rafael Granadeiro Costa Supervisor: Ulrich Wahl Scientific Area: FMCN

June 11, 2018

Mesons as relativistic bound states in a Minkowski-space approach Student: Sofia Isabel Cardoso de Almeida Leitão Supervisor: Maria Teresa Haderer de la Peña Stadler Scientific Area: FPFN Collaboration in supervision: U. Évora

July 02, 2018

Spatio-temporal characterization of high harmonic generation for plasma diagnostics Student: Jayanath Chalappurath Payyan Koliyadu

Supervisor: Marta Leitão Mota Fajardo

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: LOA, France

July 17, 2018

Non-markovian effects in quantum thermodynamics

Student: Marco Pezzutto

Supervisor: Yasser Rashid Revez Omar

Scientific Area: FMCN

Collaboration in supervision: Queen's University

Belfast, Ireland

July 19, 2018

Quantum information in gravity and in black holes Student: Benedikt Mark Richter Supervisor: Yasser Rashid Revez Omar Scientific Area: AG

Collaboration in supervision: LMU Munich,

Germany

September 7, 2018

Quantum walks in cryptography and finite-temperature topological phase transitions

Student: Chrysoula Vlachou

Supervisor: Paulo Alexandre Carreira Mateus

Scientific Area: FMCN

December 3, 2018

Asteroseismology of F and G-type stars: the contribution of the ionization of heavy elements for the stellar dynamics Student: Ana Olímpia Gonçalves Madeira de Brito Supervisor: Ilídio Pereira Lopes

Scientific Area: AG

December 19, 2018 Classical and Quantum Thermodynamic Systems

in Curved Spacetime

Student: Gonçalo Martins Quinta

Supervisor: José Pizarro de Sande e Lemos

Scientific Area: AG

February 12, 2019

Dark solitons in quantum information theory:

dark-soliton qudits

Student: Muzzamal Iqbal Shaukat

Supervisor: Eduardo Filipe Vieira de Castro

Scientific Area: FMCN

February 27, 2019

Optimization of perpendicular anisotropy materials for high performance spin transfer torque devices

Student: Hua Lv

Supervisor: Paulo Jorge Peixeiro de Freitas

Scientific Area: FMCN

Collaboration in supervision: INL, Braga

More information about the Doctoral Program in Engineering Physics is available at our recently updated website: https://

PART 2 EDUCATION



"Shadows and gravitational lensing of Black Holes interacting with fundamental fields", PhD thesis, 2019. Image: P. Cunha.

June 16, 2019

Theoretical and numerical studies of magnetic field generation in plasma astrophysics

Student: Nitin Shukla

Supervisor: Luís Oliveira e Silva

Scientific Area: FPLFN

September 9, 2019

Shadows and gravitational lensing of Black Holes

interacting with fundamental fields
Student: Pedro Vieira Pinto da Cunha

Student: Pedro Vieira Pinto da Cunha Supervisor: Vitor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso

Scientific Area: AG

September 10, 2019

Dynamical behavior of black-hole spacetimes

Student: Kyriakos Destounis

Supervisor: Vitor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso

Scientific Area: AG

Collaboration in supervision: ICSTE – Instituto

Universitário de Lisboa

September 16, 2019

Scalar field effects on the motion of stars

Student: Miguel Coelho Ferreira

Supervisor: Vitor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso

Scientific Area: AG

October 30, 2019

Cosmological and astrophysical applications

of modified theories of gravity

Student: João Luís de Figueiredo Rosa

Supervisor: José Pizarro de Sande e Lemos

Scientific Area: AG

Collaboration in supervision: FCUL, Lisboa

December 23, 2019

Energy extraction from black holes

Student: Filip Hejda

Supervisor: José Pizarro de Sande e Lemos

Scientific Area: AG

DOCTORAL THESES IN ENGINEERING PHYSICS

April 6, 2018

Controlled plasma wakefield acceleration for particle

acceleration towards the energy frontier

Student: Lígia Diana Pinto de Almeida Amorim Supervisor: Jorge Miguel Ramos Domingues

Ferreira Vieira

Scientific Area: FPLFN

April 13, 2018

Characterization of the dielectric strength in vacuum

of RF drivers for fusion neutral beam injectors

Student: Alberto Maistrello Supervisor: Francesco Gnesotto

Co-Supervisor(s): Horácio João Matos Fernandes

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Padova, Italy

Investigation of the parameters of a particle beam

by numerical models and diagnostic calorimetry Student: Antonio Pimazzoni

Supervisor: Paolo Bettini

Co-Supervisor(s): Horácio João Matos Fernandes

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Padova, Italy

Modelling and control of RFX-MOD Tokamak equilibria

Student: Domenico Abate Supervisor: Fabio Villone

Co-Supervisor(s): Horácio João Matos Fernandes

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Napoli Federico II, Italy

Theoretical study and design of a CARM type

millimeter wave source

Student: Emanuele Di Palma Supervisor: Fabio Villone Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Padova, Italy

Development, optimization and testing of high performance

cooling systems for fusion devices Student: Giulio Gambetta

Student: Giulio Gambetta Supervisor: Piergiorgio Sonato

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Padova, Italy

Power exhaust data analysis and modeling of advanced

divertor configurations
Student: Giulio Rubino
Supervisor: Flavio Crisanti

Scientific Area: FPLFN
Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Padova, Italy

Magnetic reconnection in fusion plasmas

Student: Luigi Cordaro Supervisor: Emilio Martines

Co-Supervisor(s): Horácio João Matos Fernandes

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Padova, Italy

New hardware and software technologies for real-time

control in nuclear fusion experiments Student: Marco Gottardo

Supervisor: Leonardo Giudicotti Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Padova, Italy

Advanced Thomson scattering techniques as diagnostics

for fusion plasmas

Student: Oisin Brian McCormack Supervisor: Leonardo Giudicotti

Co-Supervisor(s): Horácio João Matos Fernandes

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Padova, Italy

PART 2 FDUCATION



"Plasma based assembly and engineering of advanced carbon nanostructures", PhD thesis, 2018. Image: A. Dias

May 17, 2018 LFS/HFS edge and SOL plasma turbulence studies using fixed frequency reflectometers at AUG Student: Valentina Nikolaeva Supervisor: Maria Emília Morais da Fonseca e Silva da Costa Manso Scientific Area: FPLFN

May 24, 2018

Experimental study of secondary instability to 2/1 magnetic island in COMPASS high density limit plasmas Student: Syed Ilyas Waseem Shah Supervisor: Francisco José Baptista Salzedas Scientific Area: FPLFN Collaboration in supervision: FCUL, Lisboa and IPP-Prague, Czech Republic

May 25, 2018

Implementation of a X-mode multichannel edge density profile reflectometer for the new ICRH antenna on ASDEX Upgrade Student: Diogo Elói Trindade de Aguiam Supervisor: António Guilherme Pereira Ehrhardt Gonçalves Silva Scientific Area: FPLFN Collaboration in supervision: Universiteit Gent, Belgium

May 29, 2018

Poloidal Asymmetries at the ASDEX Upgrade tokamak Student: Luís Manuel Rodrigues Guimarães Supervisor: Carlos Alberto N. Garcia da Silva Scientific Area: FPLFN Collaboration in supervision: Max Planck Institut für Plasmaphysik, Germany

July 3, 2018

ITER control system model: A full-scale simulation platform for the CODAC infrastructure Student: Martynas Prokopas Supervisor: Paolo Bettini Co-Supervisor(s): Jorge Rosa Lopes de Sousa Scientific Area: FPLFN Collaboration in supervision: Università degli Studi di Padova, Italy and ITER, France

High-availability control and data acquisition systems for nuclear fusion experiments Student: Miguel da Gama Falção Correia

Supervisor: Jorge Rosa Lopes de Sousa

Scientific Area: FPLFN

November 01, 2018

Spectroscopy of microwave plasmas and carbon nanostructures: from the visible to the extreme ultraviolet Student: Susana Maria Abreu Espinho Supervisor: Gerardus Maria Wilhelmus Kroesen Co-Supervisor(s): Elena Stefanova Tatarova Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: TU/e, Eindhoven,

The Netherlands

December 04, 2018

Study of irradiation effects in tungsten and production of tungsten alloys for fusion devices

Student: Norberto José Sobral Catarino Supervisor: Eduardo Jorge da Costa Alves

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Plasma based assembly and engineering of advanced carbon nanostructures

Student: Ana Inês Vieitas de Amaral Dias Supervisor: Johannes Berndt

Co-Supervisor(s): Elena Stefanova Tatarova,

Júlio Paulo Vieira Henriques Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Université

d'Orléans, France

December 5, 2018

Tunneling and spin hall current induced nano-oscillators

Student: Mohammad Tarequzzaman Supervisor: Paulo Jorge Peixeiro de Freitas

Scientific Area: FMCN

Collaboration in supervision: INL, Braga

January 16, 2019

A moment-based model for edge plasma dynamics at arbitrary collisionality

Student: Rogério Manuel Cabete de Jesus Jorge

Supervisor: Paolo Ricci

Co-Supervisor(s): Nuno Filipe Gomes Loureiro

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: EPFL, Lausanne,

Switzerland

March 12, 2019

Development of a fiber-optics polarization resolving THz spectrometer for harsh environment diagnostics application

Student: Giuseppe Galatola Teka Supervisor: Marco Zerbini

Co-Supervisor(s): Horácio João Matos Fernandes

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Centro Richerche

Frascati, ENEA, Italy

Phenomenology of plasma-wall interaction using liquid metals in tokamak devices

Student: Matteo Iafrati

Supervisor: Giuseppe Mazzitelli

Co-Supervisor(s): Rui Barrocas Gomes

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Centro Richerche

Frascati, ENEA, Italy

Neutral beam fast particle physics in fusion plasma

integrated scenarios

Student: Matteo Vallar

Supervisor: Tommaso Bolzonella

Co-Supervisor(s): Artur Jorge Louzeiro Malaquias

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Università degli

Studi di Padova, Italy

May 2, 2019

Liquid tin and lithium-tin as plasma facing components

for nuclear fusion devices

Student: João Pedro Simões Loureiro

Supervisor: Horácio João Matos Fernandes Co-Supervisor(s): Giuseppe Mazzitelli;

Rui Barrocas Gomes

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Centro Richerche

Frascati, ENEA, Italy

July 25, 2019

Development of a directionality detector and radiation hardness assurance for RADEM, the ESA 7UICE

mission radiation monitor

Student: Marco Gui Alves Pinto

Supervisor: Patrícia Carla Serrano Gonçalves

Scientific Area: FPFN

July 26, 2019

ISTTOK plasma characterization and control by

the heavy ion beam diagnostic

Student: Rafael Bagagem Henriques

Supervisor: Artur Malaquias

Co-Supervisor(s): Carlos Garcia da Silva

Scientific Area: FPLFN

September 25, 2019

System manager architecture for critical instrumentation in nuclear fusion

Student: Paulo Ricardo Fortuna Carvalho Supervisor: António Pinto Rodrigues

Co-Supervisor(s): Bernardo Brotas de Carvalho

Scientific Area: FPLFN

PART 2

October 2, 2019

Energy storage and transfer in non-equilibrium CO2 plasmas

Student: Marija Grofulovic

Supervisor: Richard Antonius Hendricus Engeln Co-Supervisor(s): Vasco A. Dinis Leitão Guerra

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Collaboration in supervision: Fac. Applied Physics, TU/e, Eindhoven, The Netherlands

October 16, 2019

Development of new high-performance positron emission mammography based on silicon photomultipliers and optimized detector geometry

Student: Tahereh Sadat Niknejad

Supervisor: João Varela

Co-Supervisor(s): Stefaan Tavernier

Scientific Area: FPFN

Collaboration in supervision: Vrije Universiteit,

Brussel, Belgium

Cake celebrating 30 years of MEFT.



MASTER THESES

January 4, 2018

Material optimization: Magnetic thin films and advanced spintronic devices

Student: Rafael Girão Henriques da Costa Santos Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas Scientific Area: FMCN

January 31, 2018

Entanglement-induced deviation from the geodesic motion in quantum gravity: Gravity-matter entanglement and the weak equivalence principle

Student: Francisco de Sá Ferreira Loureiro Pipa Supervisor: Vítor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso Scientific Area: AG

May 21, 2018

Measurement of b-quark fragmentation fraction ratios at the CMS experiment: a key ingredient for the Bs->mumu rare decay analysis

Student: Bruno Afonso Fontana Santos Alves Supervisor: Nuno Teotónio Viegas Guerreiro Leonardo

Scientific Area: FPFN

May 28, 2018

Effects of shear flow on the stability of Tokamak plasmas Student: Josué Resende de Andrade Lopes Supervisor: Rui Miguel Dias Alves Coelho Scientific Area: FPLFN

May 28, 2018

Deployment of a bubble chamber for dark matter searches

Student: Marta Neves dos Reis

Supervisor: Miguel António Felizardo da Costa

Scientific Area: FPFN

May 29, 2018

On-chip organic crystal photosensor

Student: João Miguel Pinto dos Santos Serra Supervisor: Helena Cristina Ramos Jerónimo

Dias Alves

Scientific Area: FMCN

June 5, 2018

Cosmological solutions with black holes

Student: António Eduardo Santos Carvalho Supervisor: José Pizarro de Sande e Lemos

Scientific Area: AG

Cyclic cosmologies

Student: Inês Margarida da Silva Terrucha Supervisor: José Pizarro de Sande e Lemos

Scientific Area: AG

June 6, 2018

Characterization of echoes: toy models and compact objects Student: Miguel Alexandre Ribeiro Correia Supervisor: Vítor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso

Scientific Area: AG

June 7, 2018

Magnus effect in General Relativity Student: Rita Morais Franco

Supervisor: Vítor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso

Scientific Area: AG

June 8, 2018

Correcções quânticas nas equações cinéticas

Student: João O'Neill Cortes

Supervisor: João Pedro Saraiva Bizarro

Scientific Area: FPLFN

Numerical implementation and exploitation of a two-field model of the scrape-off layer of a tokamak Student: Luís Alexandre Rosalino Venâncio

Scientific Area: FPLFN

June 11, 2018

Shallow water intrusion detection system: Smart

Supervisor: João Pedro Saraiva Bizarro

underwater sensor network
Student: Abhishek Gupta

Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas

Scientific Area: FMCN

June 12, 2018

Optimization of magnetoresistive sensors for high power applications

Student: Mafalda Vieira Garcia de Oliveira Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas Scientific Area: FMCN

June 14, 2018

Measuring strain caused by ion implantation in GaN Student: Pedro José de Sousa Mendes Supervisor: Katharina Lorenz Scientific Area: FMCN

Computational toolkit for plasma physics education Student: Rui Pedro Salgado Paiva Calado Supervisor: Jorge Miguel Ramos Domingues Ferreira Vieira Scientific Area: FPLFN

June 15, 2018

Optimização dos consumos energéticos para orientação solar com seguimento no eixo polar Student: Miguel Gonçalves da Silva Machado Supervisor: Luís Filipe Moreira Mendes Co-Supervisor: Carlos Augusto Santos Silva Scientific Area: FI

Hybrid PVT solar systems optimization for household applications Student: Miguel de Abreu Castelo Branco Carneiro

Supervisor: Luís Filipe Moreira Mendes Co-Supervisor: António Luiz Moura Joyce Scientific Area: FI

September 21, 2018

Multi-Higgs models, flavour and CP violation Student: João Aparício Pereira Magalhães Alves Supervisor: Gustavo da Fonseca Castelo Branco Scientific Area: FPFN

September 24, 2018

The phase diagram of the Haldane–Falicov–Kimball model Student: Miguel de Jesus Mestre Gonçalves Supervisor: Eduardo Filipe Vieira de Castro Co-Supervisor: Pedro José Gonçalves Ribeiro Scientific Area: FMCN

October 17, 2018

Aspects of physics beyond the sdandard model in the leptonic sector

Student: Pedro Manuel Ferreira Pereira Supervisor: Maria Margarida Nesbitt Rebelo da Silva Scientific Area: FPFN

October 30, 2018

The role of argon in CO2 dissociation Student: Ana Filipa Sovelas da Silva Supervisor: Vasco António Dinis Leitão Guerra Co-Supervisor: Olivier Guaitella Scientific Area: FPLFN

October 31, 2018

Modelling ultra-high frequency x-ray emission in particle in cell codes Student: Miguel José Ferreira Pardal Supervisor: Jorge Miguel Vieira Co-Supervisor: Ricardo Azambuja Fonseca Scientific Area: FPLFN

June 21, 2018

Adaptive neural networks based on metal-insulator-metal nanostructures (Memristors)

Student: Tomás Alexandre Bragança Pereira Martins Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas Scientific Area: FMCN

July 20, 2018

Gravitational waves and massive gravitons Student: Gonçalo Cabrita e Castro Supervisor: Vítor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso Scientific Area: AG

September 14, 2018

Depth distribution of particles in plastics in sea-water Student: Nicolò Tuccori

Supervisor: Maria Teresa Haderer de la Peña Stadler Scientific Area: FPFN

October 16, 2018

Plasma tomography with machine learning Student: Diogo Duarte Parente Godinho Soares de Carvalho Supervisor: Horácio João Matos Fernandes Scientific Area: FPLFN

October 18, 2018

Volatility models in option pricing Student: Miguel Ângelo Maia Ribeiro Supervisor: Rui Manuel Agostinho Dilão

Scientific Area: FI

October 25, 2018

On the energy transport in a non-integrable Ising chain Student: João dos Santos Ferreira Supervisor: Pedro José Gonçalves Ribeiro Scientific Area: FMCN

November 6, 2018

Exotic compact objects interacting with fundamental fields Student: Nuno André Moreira Santos Supervisor: Vítor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso Scientific Area: AG

November 7, 2018

Radioactive hot-spot detection using unmanned aerial vehicle surveillance

Student: Duarte Félix Macedo Supervisor: Horácio João Matos Fernandes Scientific Area: FPLFN

Microwave plasmas applied for synthesis of advanced free-standing carbon nanostructures Student: Luís Filipe Xavier da Silva Supervisor: Bruno Miguel Soares Gonçalves Scientific Area: FPLFN

November 8, 2018 X-ray optics

Student: Patrícia Neves M. de Carvalho Estrela Supervisor: Diana Cristina Pinto Leitão Scientific Area: FMCN

November 9, 2018

Magnetic sensors in tube for particle detection Student: Mafalda Maria Vieira Ferreira Supervisor: Diana Cristina Pinto Leitão Scientific Area: FMCN

Smart sensors with minimal invasive profile for dog biometrics in search and rescue operations Student: Nuno Miguel Oliveira Milhomens Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas Activation of carbon dioxide and methane by Scientific Area: FMCN

November 12, 2018

Prospective study of highly boosted Higgs pairs decaying to four b quarks Student: Ana Luísa Moreira de Carvalho

Supervisor: José Ricardo Gonçalo Co-Supervisor: Pedro Morais Salgueiro Teixeira de Abreu Scientific Area: FPFN

Study of ttH production with H->bb in ATLAS at the HL-LHC

Student: António Manuel Mendes Jacques da Costa Supervisor: José Ricardo Gonçalo Co-Supervisor: Pedro Morais Salgueiro Teixeira de Abreu

Scientific Area: FPFN

November 13, 2018

Pre-deposited heavily P doped a-Si:H as dopant source in n+/p junctions for photovoltaic applications Student: Rúben Gil Bernardo Pereira

Supervisor: Ana Maria H. Branquinho de Amaral Scientific Area: FMCN

November 14, 2018 Machine learning controlled plasma based acceleration Student: Bernardo Farinha Malaca

Supervisor: Jorge Miguel Ramos Domingues Ferreira Vieira

Scientific Area: FPLFN

November 15, 2018

Current induced switching in sub-micrometric perpendicular magnetic anisotropy MTJs

Student: João Fidalgo da Silva

Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas Scientific Area: FMCN

November 16, 2018

Magnetoresistive sensors for industrial positioning application Student: Sofia Alexandra Cruz Abrunhosa Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas Scientific Area: FMCN

Optimization of magnetoresistive sensors for integrated biometric robotic devices

Student: Telmo Pereira Fontoura

Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas Scientific Area: FMCN

November 20, 2018

non-equilibrium plasmas

Student: Henrique Ferreira Carvalho Leal Rodrigues

Supervisor: Vasco António Dinis Leitão Guerra Scientific Area: FPLFN

Molecule formation on surfaces in oxygen containing plasmas Student: Maria Carolina Amoedo Gonçalves Supervisor: Vasco António Dinis Leitão Guerra Scientific Area: FPLFN

Local probe studies in Jahn-Teller distorted manganites Student: Ricardo César Carvalho Teixeira Supervisor: Pedro José Oliveira Sebastião Scientific Area: FMCN November 23, 2018

Compression of ultrahigh power laser pulses Student: Luís Melo de Matos Salazar Braga Supervisor: Gonçalo Nuno Marmelo Foito Figueira Scientific Area: FPLFN

November 26, 2018

The spatial structure of surround modulation in mouse visual cortex

Student: Beatriz Ferreira Belbut

Supervisor: Bruno Miguel Soares Gonçalves Scientific Area: FPLFN

November 27, 2018

Development of a QMC code to tackle interacting electronic systems in 2D with application to TMD nanoribbons
Student: Francisco Monteiro de Oliveira Brito
Supervisor: Eduardo Filipe Vieira de Castro
Scientific Area: FMCN

November 29, 2018

Evolution of cooperation through graduated punishment Student: Marta Gomes da Cunha Couto Supervisor: José Luís Rodrigues Júlio Martins Scientific Area: FPLFN

Machine learning for quantum phase estimation Student: Nelson Filipe Ferreira de Almeida Costa Supervisor: João Carlos Carvalho de Sá Seixas Scientific Area: FMCN

November 30, 2018 *Quantum perceptrons* Student: Francisco Horta Ferreira da Silva Supervisor: João Carlos Carvalho de Sá Seixas Scientific Area: FMCN

Magnetoresistive stacks with improved thermal resilience Student: Pedro David Rosa Araújo Supervisor: Diana Cristina Pinto Leitão Scientific Area: FMCN

February 21, 2019

Indirect field oriented control of two-phase induction machines Student: Alexandre José Fabião Aparício Supervisor: Horácio João Matos Fernandes Scientific Area: FPLFN

March 29, 2019

Spin transfer dynamics in nano-oscillators: from radio-frequency signal detection to energy recovery and transmission
Student: Mafalda Jotta Garcia
Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso Freitas
Scientific Area: FMCN
April 24, 2019

Semiconductor triplet sensitizer for triplet fusion upconversion: Photoexcited carriers in thin-film organolead-halide perovskite driving triplet formation and photon upconversion in rubrene
Student: Frederik Pinto Correia Eistrup Supervisor: Pedro Miguel Félix Brogueira Scientific Area: FMCN

June 12, 2019

Terahertz plasmonic instabilities in graphene: ahydrodynamical description Student: Pedro Afonso Cosme e Silva Supervisor: Hugo Fernando Santos Terças Scientific Area: FPLFN

June 19, 2019

Neutronic studies of an irradiation facility coupled to a proton cyclotron
Student: João Pedro Oliveira Lourenço
Supervisor: Maria Teresa Haderer
de la Peña Stadler
Scientific Area: FPFN

Charged-particle dynamics and interaction with Alfvén waves in fusion plasmas Student: Mariana do Nascimento Martins Supervisor: Paulo Jorge Rodrigues Scientific Area: FPLFN

Machine Learning algorithms to forecast the use of electrical appliances in the residential sector Student: Sebastião Maria Vilela Carvalho de Moura Supervisor: Carlos Manuel dos Santos Rodrigues da Cruz Scientific Area: FMCN

June 25, 2019

Mapeamento das alterações EEG com estimulação auditiva Student: Marco Paulo Pinheiro Miranda Supervisor: Maria Teresa Ferreira Marques Pinheiro Scientific Area: FI

Implementation of biplanar coils for magnetic field generation Student: Miguel Maria Abreu Condesso Supervisor: Pedro José Oliveira Sebastião Scientific Area: FMCN

June 26, 2019

Spherical rotor asynchronous motor control by 3D variable-frequency drive

Student: João António Silva Oliveira

Supervisor: Horácio João Matos Fernandes
Scientific Area: FPLFN

June 27, 2019

Analysis of in-flight data from ESA's AlphaSat environment and effects facility multi-functional spectrometer Student: Filipe Máximo Ribeiro Lopes de Carvalho Supervisor: Patrícia Carla Serrano Gonçalves Scientific Area: FPFN

Reconstruction of plasma boundaries in ISTTOK Student: Rafael Del Barco Peres dos Santos Supervisor: Rui Miguel Dias Alves Coelho Scientific Area: FPLFN

June 28, 2019

Modelling propagation of wildfires using cellular automata Student: Bárbara Teixeira de Sousa Coelho da Mota Supervisor: Carlos do Carmo de Portugal

e Castro da Câmara Scientific Area: FI

July 2, 2019

Estudo de edificios de balanço zero na cidade de Lisboa Student: Carlos Filipe Duarte de Sousa Supervisor: Carlos Augusto Santos Silva Scientific Area: FI

July 4, 2019

Experimental characterization of the double stage Hall thruster ID-Hall by retarding potential analyzer Student: José Maria de Sequeira Mealha Beck Senart Supervisor: Mário José Gonçalves Pinheiro

Supervisor: Mário José Gonçalves Pinhe Scientific Area: FPLFN

July 17, 2019

Core magnetic field imprint in the nonradial oscillations of red giant stars

Student: Pedro Nuno David Gomes Supervisor: Ilídio Pereira Lopes Scientific Area: AG

July 22, 2019

Spontaneous scalarization of charged black holes Student: Pedro Gonçalo da Silva Fernandes Supervisor: Carlos Alberto Ruivo Herdeiro Scientific Area: AG

September 13, 2019

Dissipation and decoherence for generic open quantum systems: Spectral and steady-state properties of random Liouvillian operators

Student: Lucas de Barros Pacheco Seara de Sá Supervisor: Pedro José Gonçalves Ribeiro Scientific Area: FMCN

September 27, 2019

Measurement-device-independent quantum key distribution Student: Jorge Miguel Ferreira Marques Supervisor: João Carlos Carvalho de Sá Seixas Scientific Area: FPFN

October 10, 2019

Limit-cycle model for internal-transport-barrier oscillations Student: António João Caeiro Heitor Coelho Supervisor: João Pedro Saraiva Bizarro Scientific Area: FPLFN

October 24, 2019

Strong lensing of light and shadow of a Black Hole surrounded by a heavy accretion disk Student: Nelson António Eiró da Silva Supervisor: Carlos Alberto Ruivo Herdeiro Scientific Area: AG

October 30, 2019

The impact of electric field distortion on CP-Violation studies Student: Glória Elizabeth Conceição Andrade de Sá Pereira Supervisor: Fernando José De Carvalho Barão Scientific Area: FPFN

October 31, 2019

Probing the quark gluon plasma medium through B meson production measurements in PbPb collisions at the LHC Student: Júlia Manuela Cardoso Silva Supervisor: Nuno Teotónio Viegas Guerreiro Leonardo Scientific Area: FPFN

November 7, 2019

Control of a passive and autonomous parafoil cargo delivery system Student: Francisco Manuel Pereira Carrola Supervisor: Horácio João Matos Fernandes Scientific Area: FPLFN

ISTTOK tomography with machine learning Student: Rúben Valentim Alves Cardoso Supervisor: Horácio João Matos Fernandes Scientific Area: FPLFN

November 11, 2019

Some theoretical aspects of multi-Higgs-doublet models Student: Francisco Santiago Monteiro Faro Supervisor: Jorge M. Rodrigues Crispim Romão Scientific Area: FPFN

A C++ API for the implementation of softwaredefined-radio NMR spectrometers Student: João Diogo Campos Franco Supervisor: Pedro José Oliveira Sebastião Scientific Area: FMCN

November 11, 2019

Dirac neutrinos in the 2HDM with maximally-restrictive Abelian symmetries

Student: Simão Soares da Cunha Correia Supervisor: Filipe Rafael Joaquim Scientific Area: FPFN

Atomic oxygen kinetics in CO2 plasmas Student: Tiago Cunha Dias Supervisor: Vasco António Dinis Leitão Guerra Scientific Area: FPLFN

November 14, 2019

Implementation of gate set tomography on quantum hardware
Student: Henrique Guimarães Silvério
Supervisor: Pedro José Gonçalves Ribeiro
Scientific Area: FMCN
Orbital angular momenta a BB84 protocol
Student: André Eusé

November 20, 2019

Spintronic antennas for energy harvesting from power lines Student: Rafaela Haupt Ribeiro Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas

Supervisor: Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de F Scientific Area: FMC

November 21, 2019
ISTTOK plasma tomography using minimum
Fisher regularization
Student: Daniel Hachmeister Ferreira da Costa
Supervisor: Horácio João Matos Fernandes
Scientific Area: FPLFN

November 26, 2019 Jet quenching in small systems Student: Bruno Miguel Tavares Lopes da Silva Supervisor: José Guilherme Teixeira de Almeida Milhano Scientific Area: FPFN November 27, 2019 Classifying heavy ion jets Student: João Pedro De Arruda Gonçalves Supervisor: José Guilherme Teixeira de Almeida Milhano Scientific Area: FPFN

November 28, 2019

Transient analysis of an open-cell foam volumetric receiver Student: Miguel Ferreira Mora Supervisor: Luís Filipe Moreira Mendes Scientific Area: FI

Development of an in-flight EEE component test system with integrated radiation monitoring for TID measurement Student: Pedro Manuel Gom Moreira Supervisor: Pedro Jorge dos Santos de Assis Scientific Area: FPFN

November 29, 2019 Orbital angular momentum and polarization in a BB84 protocol Student: André Eusébio Franco Rodrigues Supervisor: João Carlos Carvalho de Sá Seixas Scientific Area: FPFN

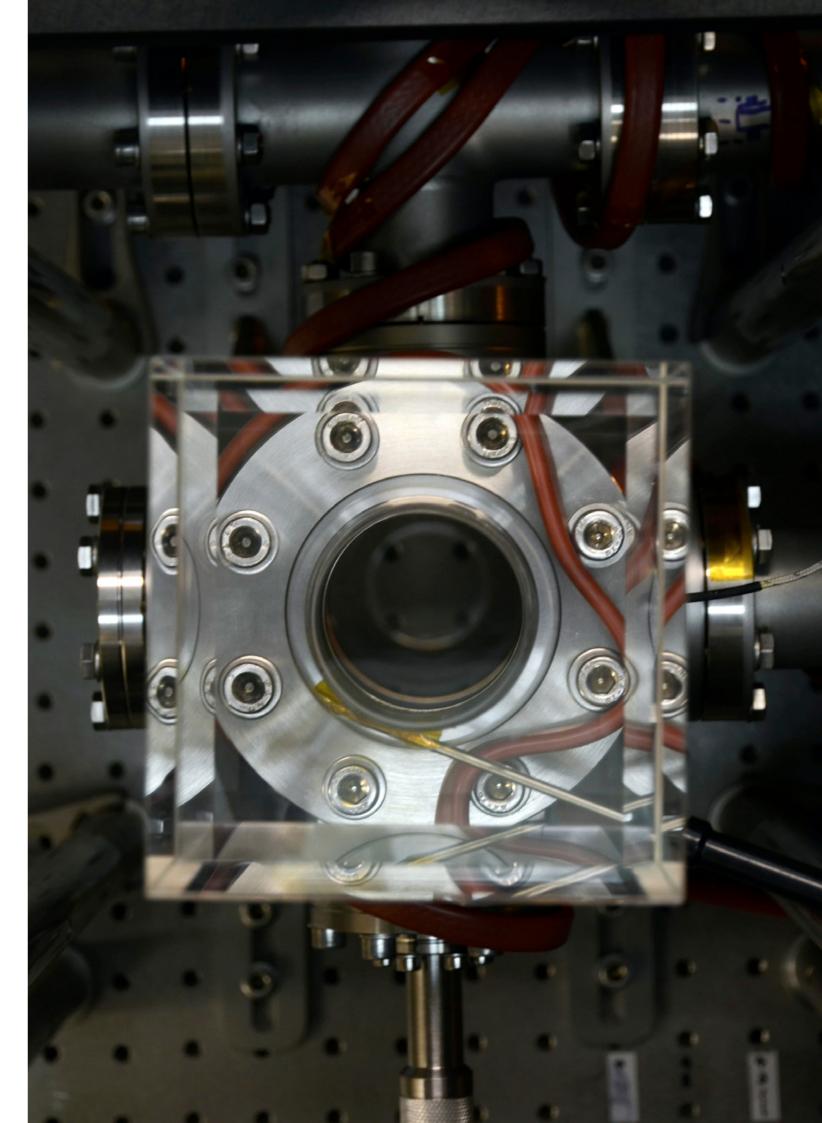
November 29, 2019

Quantum simulations of hadronic systems Student: Diogo Da Silva Duarte Cruz Supervisor: João Carlos Carvalho de Sá Seixas Scientific Area: FPFN

December 2, 2019

Search for exclusively produced top quark pairs at the LHC

Student: Beatriz Ribeiro Lopes
Supervisor: João Manuel Coelho dos Santos Varela
Scientific Area: FPFN



PART 2 **EDUCATION**

PEDAGOGICAL HONOURS AND AWARDS

TEACHING AWARDS

In 2017/2018 and 2018/2019, the following teachers João Paulo Ferreira da Silva of DF (Faculty and Collaborators) were recognized for their excellence in teaching:

Amílcar José Ferros Praxedes EO (MEM+MEAmbi)

Ana Luísa Moreira de Carvalho EO (LEIC-T)

Ana Maria Mourão MO (LEIC-A)

André Filipe Mocho Costa Lopes TEM (MEEC)

António Jorge Duarte de Castro Silvestre EO (MEEC)

Bruno Valeixo Bento MO (LEIC-A)

Diana Cristina Pinto Leitão FTMM (MEFT),

TMNF (MEM, MEQ, MBioNano, MEFT)

Eduardo Filipe Vieira de Castro EO (MEEC)

Gonçalo Nuno Marmelo Foito Figueira Opticas and Lasers (MEFT)

Hugo Filipe de Almeida Pires LIFE (MEFT)

João Luís Figueiredo Rosa EO (MEC+LEGM), MO (MEQ+MEBiol +MEM), TEM (MEC+LEGM)

EO (MEEC), MQ1 (MEFT)

José Maria Vargas Lopes MO (MEMec+LENO), EO (MEC+LEGM)

Liliana Marisa Cunha Apolinário OO (MEFT)

Luís Filipe Moreira Mendes TE (MEFT), ESF (MEGE, MEFT)

Luís Humberto Viseu Melo LID (MEFT)

Luís Paulo da Mota Capitão Lemos Alves EO (MEEC), TEM (MEEC)

Manuel Peres Alonso Física (MA)

Maria Joana Patrício Gonçalves de Sá II (MEFT)

Marta Leitão Mota Fajardo EO (MEC+LEGM)

Miguel Reis Orcinha FC (MEFT)

Pedro Francisco de Deus Lourenço Microcontrollers (MEFT)

Pedro Gonçalo da Silva Fernandes TEM (MEC, LEGM)

Pedro Jorge dos Santos Assis MO (MEBiom, LMAC, LEGM), O (MEC, LEGM)



Top: DF faculty receive their excellence in teaching awards in 2018. Right: The ceremony celebrating "Dia do Técnico", during which several members of the school's faculty and staff were honoured. Image: Ténico Lisboa.



Pedro Miguel Félix Brogueira MO (MEAer)

Raul Luís MO (MEAmbi, LEGM), EO (MEC, LEGM)

Ricardo Faleiro MO (MEMec+LEAN)

Rodrigo Luís Lourenço Vicente TEM (MEEC)

Ruben Maurício da Silva Conceição EO (LEIC-A)

Samuel Rodrigues Martins Eleutério Programming (MEFT)

Simão Soares da Cunha Correia MO (MEAer)

Vânia Silvério TMNF (MEM, MEQ, MBioNano, MEFT)

Vítor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso EO (LEIC-A)

PART 2 EDUCATION



First cycle student Lucas de Sá received the prize for best thesis in the scientific area of Condensed Matter and Nanotechnology. Image: Técnico Lisboa.

STUDENTS AWARDS

In 2017/2018, several students of MEFT were recognized for their academic excellence.

José Luís Sampaio de Figueiredo was awarded the Prize "Academic Excellence in MEFT", introduced in 2017 by DF and MEFT.

The following students were awarded Honorable mention in "Academic Excellence in MEFT" in 2018:

Madalena Carvalho Lourenço

Beatriz Cardoso Dias

In 2018/2019, several students of MEFT were recognized for their academic excellence:

Miguel Alexandre Jesus da Silva Martins was awarded the Prize "Academic Excellence in MEFT".

The following students were awarded Honorable mention in "Academic Excellence in MEFT" in 2019:

Pedro Alexandre Palma Piçarra

Duarte Magalhães Esteves

The following students were awarded the prizes of "Best MSc Theses" within the different scientific areas in 2017/2018 and 2018/2019, respectively:

Astrophysics and Gravitation

Characterization of echoes: toy models and compact objects Miguel Alexandre Ribeiro Correia

Core magnetic field imprint in the nonradial oscillations of red giant stars

Pedro Nuno David Gomes

Condensed Matter and Nanotechnology

The phase diagram of the Haldane-Falicov-Kimball model Miguel de Jesus Mestre Gonçalves

Dissipation and decoherence for generic open quantum systems: Spectral and steady-state properties of random Liouvillian operators

Lucas de Barros Pacheco Seara de Sá

Interdisciplinary Physics

Volatility models in option pricing Miguel Ângelo Maia Ribeiro

Transient analysis of an open-cell foam volumetric receiver Miguel Ferreira Mora

Particle and Nuclear Physics

Multi-Higgs models, flavour and CP violation João Aparício Pereira Magalhães Alves Dirac neutrinos in the 2HDM with maximally-restrictive Abelian symmetries

Simão Soares da Cunha Correia

Plasma Physics, Lasers and Nuclear Fusion

Modelling ultra-high frequency x-ray emission in particle cell codes

Miguel José Ferreira Pardal

Limit-cycle model for internal-transport-barrier oscillations António João Caeiro Heitor Coelho

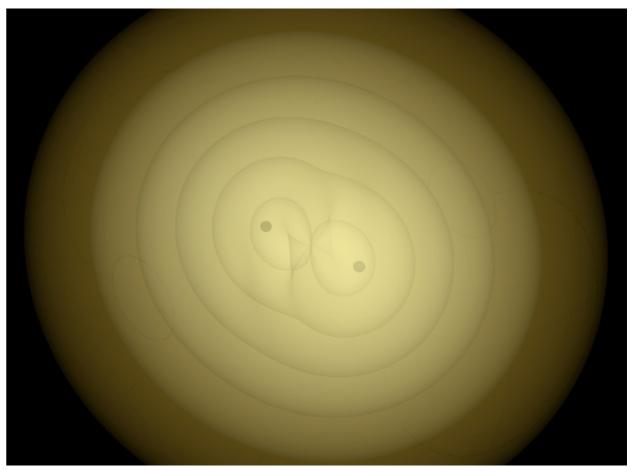
In 2018 the important distinction "Prémio Maria de Lurdes Pintasilgo" was attributed, in the category Young Alumni, to the recently MEFT graduate Mariana Henriques de Araújo, for her dissertation and her outstanding academic career.

In 2018, MEFT graduate Mariana Henriques de Araújo was awarded the "Prémio Maria de Lurdes Pintasilgo".



SCIENTIFIC AREAS

ASTROPHYSICS AND GRAVITATION

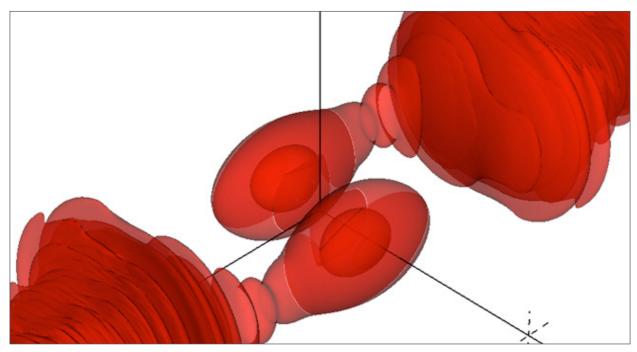


A black hole binary. Image: M. Zilhão/CENTRA.

tections, the imaging of a black hole shadow by long-baseline interferometry, and ever more precise observations across all electromagnetic wavelengths have opened an unprecedented window onto gravity discovery potential.

and physically elusive macroscopic objects in the

Our ability to understand gravity is at a turning Universe. They will play a central role in this new point. The LIGO/Virgo gravitational-wave de- era in physics and astronomy. Among astronomical targets, black holes are extraordinary in their ability to convert energy into electromagnetic and gravitational radiation. Meanwhile, the study of their stability and dynamics challenges our knowledge of at its strongest. Driven by these momentous events, partial differential equations, of numerical methods, gravitational physics is experiencing a revolution, and of the interplay between quantum field theory and is an exciting line of research with an immense and the geometry of spacetime. The BH information paradox and the existence of unresolved singularities Black holes are the simplest, most compact, in classical general relativity point to deep inconsistencies in our current understanding of gravity PART 3 SCIENTIFIC AREAS



Tidally disrupted bosonic cloud. Image: T. Ikeda/CENTRA.

and quantum mechanics. These difficulties lie at the heart of recent groundbreaking ideas such as the relationship between entanglement entropy and geometry, and drive efforts to complete the theory of semi-classical gravity. In particular, this led to recent progress on the infrared structure of both gravity and quantum field theory, linking memory effects, soft theorems and asymptotic symmetries. It is becoming clear that the main conceptual problems in BH physics hold the key to many fundamental issues in theoretical physics. Our ability to scrutinize BHs through observations must then match — and be informed by — theoretical advances.

But the invisible universe is vast. The nature and properties of dark matter are arguably among the most important open issues in science. Interesting candidates for dark matter include weakly interacting heavy particles or light bosonic fields, of which the axion or axion-like particles are prototypical examples. The formation of baryonic structures in our universe from the smallest to the largest objects — stars, stellar clusters, molecular clouds and H II regions, galaxies and galaxy clusters and superclusters — results from the action of gravity combined with other fundamental forces on baryons, dark matter and dark energy.

We thus aim to understand gravity, dark matter and dark energy. Was Einstein right? Is gravity really described by Einstein equations? What is the nature of the graviton? Is the event horizon of a black hole exactly as described by General Relativity? Do black holes have no hair? Are black holes deformable? What happens to dark matter once it falls into the Sun or into other stars? What is the nature of dark energy? These are some of the most fundamental and pressing questions in physics that one will be able to answer in the next few years.

Astrophysics and Gravitation area is the right place to be. We belong to the largest and most active group in the country working in astrophysics and gravitation, recognized by the European Research Council as of outstanding quality. We are leading theoretical physicists, interpreting LIGO's observations and predicting new phenomena. We work on state-of-the-art observatories such as GRAVITY, now mapping the black hole at the center of our galaxy. We are leaders in stellar structure, evolution and in the use of stars as dark matter probes. We observe with the largest telescopes in the world including the ESO Very Large Telescope, in Chile, and also in numerical simulations or instrumentation for some of the largest experiments in the world.

Our group comprises students and researchers from over 10 countries. Our students have had successful careers in some of the most famous institutes world-wide... Do you want to know more? Schedule a visit to our group, all it takes is an email!

TEACHING ACTIVITIES

MSc curricular units:

Relativity and Cosmology

Astrophysics

Topics in General Relativity and Cosmology

Astrophysics Laboratory

Topics in Particle Physics, Astrophysics and Cosmology

PhD curricular units:

Advanced Topics in General Relativity, Astrophysics and Cosmology I

Advanced Topics in General Relativity, Astrophysics and Cosmology II

MEMBERS

Vitor Cardoso
Full Professor (Area Coordinator)

José Sande Lemos Full Professor

Ilídio Lopes Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Ana Maria Mourão Associate Professor Assistant Professor

David Hilditch
Invited Assistant Professor

Amaro Rica da Silva

Santiago González Gaitán Invited Assistant Professor

WEBSITE

https://fenix.tecnico.ulisboa.pt/areacientifica/df/ac-ag

CONTACT

Secretariat: +351 218417938

50 DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

PART 3 SCIENTIFIC AREAS

CONDENSED MATTER AND NANOTECHNOLOGY

Condensed matter physics deals with the macroscopic and microscopic physical properties of matter in condensed phases. The most familiar examples of condensed phases are solids and liquids that arise from the electromagnetic interaction between atoms. Almost all of the physical world that we interact with in our daily lives is in fact condensed matter, the notable exceptions being light and air. Apparently simple questions like why do metals feel cold or why is glass transparent, are answered by condensed matter physics. Of special interest in condensed matter physics are the different phases of matter, from the magnetism known since antiquity to the topological insulators that were unknown until a few years ago. Topics included in the condensed matter field range from the very practical to the highly theoretical.

CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS: FROM SCIENCE TO TECHNOLOGY

The development of condensed matter physics ver the last century allowed us to engineer materials with remarkable properties that changed our society. The electronic industry is based on semiconducting transistors, liquid crystals revolutionized displays, magnetism and spintronics allowed the storage of massive amounts of data, lasers and optical fibers revolutionized communications. Deep knowledge of physics of condensed matter obtained from the measurement of properties with clever experimental probes in the laboratory along the development of techniques of theoretical physics to develop mathematical models and with tools for simulations, stands behind this fantastic technological progress.

Condensed matter physics has been a source of shared new ideas with other fields of Physics, from the renormalization group theory to topological quantum fields, or even the Brout-Englert-Higgs mechanism that is behind the Higgs boson. It is also perhaps the best laboratory we have to test exotic quantum and statistical physics effects.

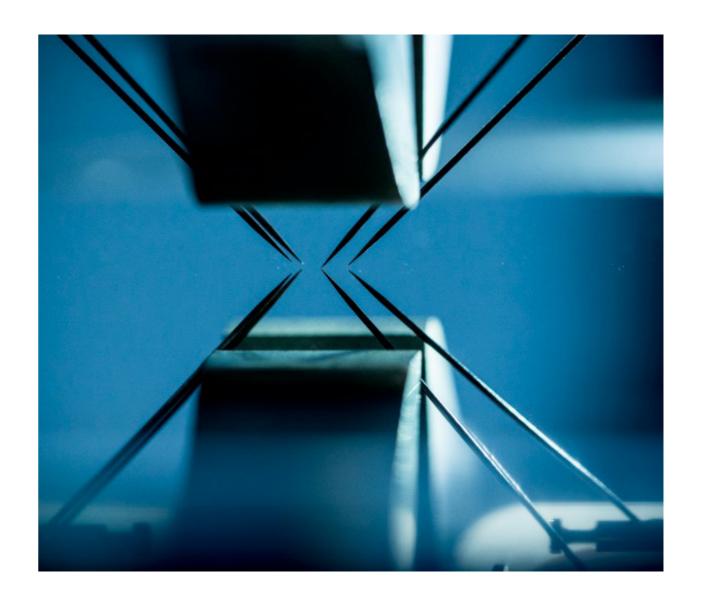
When the sizes of a device or material approach

or smartphones are currently at the 10 nanometer scale) the discrete nature of atoms, which have interatomic distances in the tenths of nanometer, becomes relevant, and materials reveal new physical properties. This opens the opportunity for new science, technology and applications, but also challenges for the further miniaturization of established technologies. This is the new field of nanotechnology.

A WORLD OF MANY CONDENSED MATTER PHASES: FROM LAB TO LIFE

The understanding of equilibrium phases of matter is important for soft matter like liquid crystals, polymers, dendrimers and ionic liquids. Our activity on Soft Matter includes the research on complex fluids and partially ordered systems with application as smart information displays, optoelectronic devices, drug carriers in nanomedicine, "green" chemistry and CO₂ capture systems for environment protection. In our labs we investigate experimentally the physical properties of such systems by means of nuclear magnetic resonance, x-ray diffraction, electro-optical measurements and atomic force microscopy. In these soft-matter systems, the intrinsic mobility of molecules adds a new challenge to the understanding of physical behavior, the theoretical modeling and control of physical properties in envisaged new technological applications.

The understanding of equilibrium phases of matter is also very important for concepts such as emergent phenomena, quasi-particles, or symmetry breaking. New states of matter have fueled the recent activity such as heavy-fermion systems, graphene and other two-dimensional systems, topological insulators. Our theoretical condensed matter physics research is related with low-dimensional systems and materials, spintronics, cold atoms, superconductivity and applications of quantum information in condensed matter systems. The search for new phases of matter and the complex properties of systems far from equilibrium are two of the main current topics the nanometer scale (transistors in current computers of research. We also study non-equilibrium phase



interacting systems. In particular, we focus on the tum effects. This manipulation of matter at atomic dynamics of transitions to topological phases. We or molecular levels in scales from 1 nm to typically also investigate the connection of condensed matter systems with cold atoms in optical lattices and other similarities with other systems, and the interplay of quantum information and traditional condensed matter techniques have allowed significant progress. fundamental research. One example is the study Recently great effort has been put in systems far from of biological systems and processes, ultrafiltration equilibrium imposing new ideas on how complex membranes, nano and micro structures polymer sursystems behave.

croscopy (STM) or atomic force microscopy (AFM) allows the manipulation of individual atoms, leading collaborative projects and contracts for services proto the engineering of systems at a microscopic level

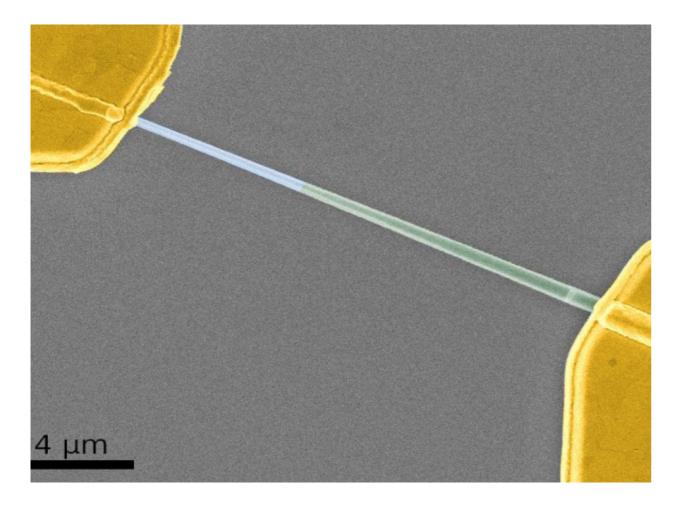
transitions and route to thermalization in strongly where the laws of physics are dominated by quan-100 nm is the realm of nanotechnology. We combine the theoretical physics with state-of-the-art technologies to produce science and innovations at the nano scale. We are motivated by the applications of the faces using AFM. Another example is the application The development of experimental techniques of magnetoresistive sensors for safety and surface such as thin film deposition, scanning tunneling mi- inspection, power electronics, biochips for health, magnetic scanners, among many others, through vided for the international industry.

PART 3 SCIENTIFIC AREAS

deposition systems, and define nanostructures by lithography. All of these activities are supported by advanced characterization lab infrastructures. Our students are integrated with the research groups early in their curricular years and gain experience in international teams. Several types of magnetic, semiconducting, insulating and conducting materials are deposited and characterized, to support the activities in micro-electronic devices and photovoltaic cells. In the area of spintronics, the groups have been studying fast spin dynamics in various configurations and using various methods to induce changes in spin orientation, in combination with the experimental

We work in a clean room level 10, produce thin validation in functional devices. The preparation films with ion beam, sputtering and chemical vapor and characterization of low dimensional nanostructures, such as nanowires and semiconductor heterostructures are also made. Ion beams are used for the modification and characterization of such functional materials. Furthermore, nuclear techniques, using radioactive ions as probes, give information on materials properties on a nanoscopic scale.

We combine the theoretical and experimental tools to build smart devices with novel functionalities. These are inspired by the state-of-the-art technologies, which require a multidisciplinary approach to combine concepts of biology, plasmas, nanomedicine, robotics, microfluidics, or nanoelectronics.



FACILITIES

The research is carried out at CeFEMA, INESC-MN. LATR and at IT.

The laboratory facilities include:

Laboratory of Micro and Nanotechnologies of INESC-MN

Laboratory of Nanophysics (at Taguspark campus) of INESC-MN

Laboratory of Liquid Crystals and Condensed Matter (CeFEMA)

Laboratory of Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (CeFEMA)

Laboratory of Atomic Force Microscopy (DF and INESC-MN)

Laboratory of Semiconductor Materials and Energy Conversion (CeFEMA)

Laboratory of Physics and Technology of Semiconductors (CeFEMA)

Ion Beam Laboratory and High Resolution X-ray Diffraction Laboratory (LATR, CTN)

Laboratory for Materials Characterization with Radioactive Nuclear Techniques (ISOLDE-CERN)

TEACHING ACTIVITIES

PhD curricular units:

Advanced Condensed Matter Physics

Advanced Topics in Condensed Matter Physics

Many Particle Systems and Critical Phenomena

Physics of Classical and Quantum Information

Topics in Advanced Magnetism

Topics of Physics of Liquid Crystals

Cond. Matter Physics and Quantum Information

Physics of Semiconductor Nanostructures

Spintronics

Topics of Experimental Condensed Matter Physics

Advanced Characterisation of Functional Materials

Microfluidics

Complements of Microtechnologies

MSc curricular units:

Nanotechnologies and Nanoelectronics

Micro and Nanofabrication Techniques

Condensed Matter Physics

Physics of Liquid Crystals

Complements of Condensed Matter Physics

Physics and Technology of Magnetic Materials

Physics and Technology of Semiconductors

Characterization Methods in Solid State Physics

Condensed Matter Physics Laboratory

Introduction to Spintronics

NMR of Partially Ordered Systems

Topics in Condensed Matter Physics

PART 3 SCIENTIFIC AREAS

MEMBERS

Pedro Miguel Félix Brogueira Full Professor (Area Coordinator)

José Luís Martins Full Professor

Pedro Domingos Santos do Sacramento Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Pedro José Oliveira Sebastião Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Reinhard Horst Schwarz Associate Professor

Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas Associate Professor

Ana Maria Guerreiro Martins Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Carlos Manuel dos Santos Rodrigues da Cruz Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

João Luis Maia Figueirinhas Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Luís Viseu Melo Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Ana Maria Heleno Branquinho de Amaral Assistant Professor

WEBSITE

https://fenix.tecnico.ulisboa.pt/areacientifica/df/fmcn

CONTACT

pedro.brogueira@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

António Mário Pereira Ferraz Assistant Professor

Pedro José Gonçalves Ribeiro Assistant Professor

Umesh Vinaica Mardolcar Assistant Professor

Vítor Rocha Vieira Invited Full Professor

António Jorge Duarte de Castro Silvestre Invited Associate Professor

Ana Neves Vieira da Silva Invited Assistant Professor

Bruno Miguel Santos Mera Invited Assistant Professor

Diana Cristina Pinto Leitão Invited Assistant Professor

Helena Cristina Ramos Jerónimo Dias Alves Invited Assistant Professor

Mustafa Erkovan Invited Assistant Professor

Vânia Silvério Invited Assistant Professor

INTERDISCIPLINARY PHYSICS



The Keahole Solar Power in Hawaii. Image: Xklaim

The scientific area of Interdisciplinary Physics studies the behaviour of complex systems, microscopic and macroscopic. The fields of study represented in the Department of Physics are: Dynamical Systems, Mathematical Physics, Biophysics, Biophysics Applied Astrophysics, Globe Physics and Geophysics, and Physics of Energy. To respond to a broad spectrum of the challenges of modern society, we specialized in the following areas:

Non-linear dynamics of microscopic and macroscopic physical systems. Celestial mechanics, theory of complexity and chaos, astrophysics and mathematical physics;

Dynamics, evolution and mechanisms of biological/biophysical systems. Multidisciplinary applications of biophysics;

Study of geophysical processes such as earthquakes, volcanic eruptions and the Earth's magnetic field;

Study and development of sustainable energy systems, from generation through renewable resources to the implementation of energy efficiency.

PART 3 SCIENTIFIC AREAS

AREAS CURRENTLY IN FOCUS

Dynamical systems, mathematical physics and biophysics (Prof. Rui Dilão).

Technologies for renewable energies (Prof. Filipe Mendes).

Biophysics (Prof. Teresa Pinheiro).

High energy dispersion reactions. Elasticity in special relativity with applications in astrophysics (Prof. João Carlos Fernandes).

Geophysics (Prof. João Fonseca, Prof. Manuela Mendes).

RESEARCH UNITS

CERENA, Center for Natural Resources and the Environment (http://cerena.ist.utl.pt)

GDNL, Non-Linear Dynamics Group (http://sd.tecnico. ulisboa.pt/NonLinear_Dynamics_Group/GDNL.html)

CTN, Campus Tecnológico e Nuclear (http://www. ctn.pt)

IN+, Centre for Innovation, Technology and Policy Research (http://in3.dem.ist.utl.pt)

TEACHING ACTIVITIES

Solar Thermal Energy MSc curricular units:

Dynamical Systems **Energy Technologies**

Photovoltaic Solar Energy Biophysics

> Filipe Mendes Assistant Professor

Earth Physics **Energy Services**

MEMBERS

Assistant Professor with "Agregação" (Area Coordinator)

Manuela Mendes João Fonseca Assistant Professor Assistant Professor

João Carlos Fernandes Assistant Professor

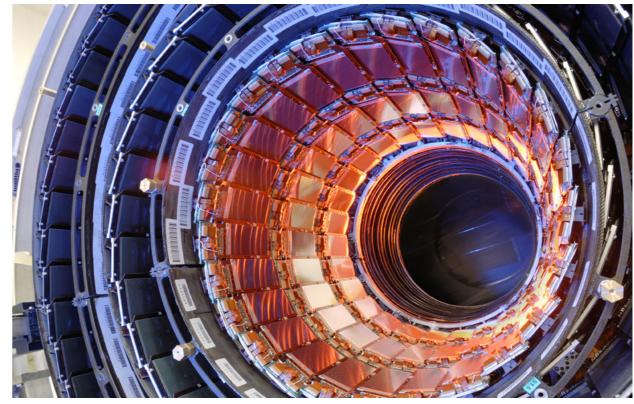
WEBSITE

https://fenix.tecnico.ulisboa.pt/areacientifica/df/fi

CONTACT

ruidilao@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

PARTICLE AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS



The CMS inner tracker barrel inside the LHC. Image: Maximilien Brice/CERN.

collaboration with prominent international institutes, such as: CERN, the Pierre Auger Observatory, the SNOLAB, the Jefferson Lab, important universities of the Iberian peninsula, and other big universities of Europe/USA/Japan/India.

from FCT-Ministry of Science and from the EU. At IST physics projects are also developed at LIP, related to

Particle and Nuclear Physics (PNP) is a major area of the Research Units associated to the DF in the area of scientific research at the Department of Physics (DF) at PNP include LIP, CFTP, C2TN and a small part of the IST. Research and PhD programs/projects are done in theory group at CeFEMA. The experimental particle and nuclear physics and related technologies are developed at LIP, that participates in the big experiments at international research infra-structures like ATLAS and CMS at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) at CERN, the Pierre Auger Observatory in Argentina, the Sudbury Internationalization is also reflected in the fact that Neutrino Observatory (SNO) in Canada and a number researchers and professors working in PNP also include of other experiments (COMPASS, LUX, etc). Researchmany people from other nationalities. All researchers ers from LIP were involved in the experiments that led and professors belong to one of the Research Units to the Nobel Prizes in Physics in 2013 (Higgs boson associated with the DF and receiving funding support discovery) and 2015 (Neutrino oscillations). Theoretical

PART 3 SCIENTIFIC AREAS

phenomenology in ultra high energies and high densities of matter — including the quark-gluon plasma, and to theoretical nuclear physics.

On the theoretical side most of the research in theoretical particle physics in Portugal is done at CFTP. Topics are related to the frontiers being pursued in the experimental side, Higgs Physics, Neutrino Physics, Dark Matter, just to name a few. This research is highly internationalized and CERN plays also a major role as a privileged place for the exchange of these ideas.

The scientific works are published in the major international journals for the area, such as: Physics Letters, Physical Review, Astroparticle Physics Journal, JHEP, etc.

Studies in Particle and Nuclear Physics can be carried out either at the level of a Master of Science (2nd Bologna cycle), or a PhD (3rd Bologna cycle). The usual way to initiate a study is to make first contact directly

with one of our researchers/professors.

In 2018 and 2019, the members of the area contributed to the preparation of the European Strategy on Particle Physics, at different levels, approved in 2020. This was the result of a call for contributions from the CERN Council, following a bottom-up approach in the preparation of the strategy. Besides specific contributions, the members also contributed to the general document stating the positions of the Portuguese community of particle physics (experimental and theoretical).

In late 2019 LIP, IST, the University of Coimbra and Grupo Hospitalar Instituto Português de Oncologia Francisco Gentil created the ProtoTera association to install a cancer treatment facility at IST/CTN, based on proton therapy. This facility includes a research room that opens opportunities for research and studies in applications of particle and nuclear physics.

TEACHING ACTIVITIES

MSc curricular units:

Cosmic Rays Laboratory Material Science for the Nuclear

Nuclear Reactors Radiological Protection and Dosimetry

Digital Logic Design and Control Nuclear and Particle Physics Technology

Particle Physics Radiological Safety and Protection

Experimental Methods in Particle Physics Nuclear Energy

Physics of Nuclear Reactors Simulation Methods for Particle Detectors

Group Theory in Physics Nuclear Fission and Fusion Technologies

Quantum Field Theory Standard Model and New Physics

Hadron Physics and Quantum Chromodynamics Nuclear Instrumentation Techniques

Radiation Physics Topics in Particle Physics, Astrophysics

and Cosmology

Nuclear Physics

Radiation Physics and Technology

Material Science for Nuclear Technologies

international scientific centres and laboratories, for instance, the reference laboratory for Particle Physics, the European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN). They will also profit from the many international collaborations that exist in this very competitive area to start a successful career.

PhD curricular units:

Advanced Experimental Methods in Particle Physics I

Design and Simulation of Radiation Detectors

Advanced Experimental Methods in Particle Physics II

Nuclear Physics Methods in Science and Technology

Advanced Topics in Particle and Astroparticle Physics I

Particle Physics Techniques

Advanced Topics in Particle and Astroparticle Physics II

Project on Data Acquisition and Control in Detectors

Astroparticles

Topics in Particle Physics

Computational Methods in Radiation Technology

NATIONAL/INTERNATIONAL PROTOCOLS

IDPASC international network. Includes:

CERN, CBPF, Doctoral School in Physics of the University of Padua, EGO, IFCA, MAP_Fis, U. Algarve, U. Bari, U. Coimbra, U. Évora, U. Genova, U. Granada, U. Lisboa, U. Nova Gorica, UL—IST, U. Padova—STMS, U. Paris VI—Pierre et Marie Curie, U. Paris VII—Paris Diderot, U. Porto, U. Santiago Compostela, U. Savoie, U. Siena, U. Trento, U. Udine, U. Valencia,

U. Salento, SPRACE-UNESP/UFABC, Doctoral School PHENIICS-Université Paris-Saclay.

IDPASC-Portugal PhD programme. Includes:

Universidade de Lisboa, Universidade de Coimbra, Universidade do Porto, Universidade do Minho, Universidade de Évora, Faculdade de Ciências da Universidade de Lisboa, Instituto Superior Técnico.

MEMBERS

Jorge Manuel Rodrigues Crispim Romão Full Professor

Mário João Martins Pimenta Full Professor (Area Coordinator)

Maria Teresa Haderer de la Peña Stadler Full Professor (Joint appointment with the Dept. of Nuclear Sciences and Engineering)

João Carlos Carvalho de Sá Seixas Associate Professor with "Agregação"

João Paulo Ferreira da Silva Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Pedro José de Almeida Bicudo, Associate Professor with "Agregação"

José Guilherme Teixeira de Almeida Milhano Associate Professor Patrícia Carla Serrano Gonçalves
Associate Professor (Joint appointment with the
Dept. of Nuclear Sciences and Engineering)

Maria Raquel Nunes Pereira Crespo Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Pedro Morais Salgueiro Teixeira de Abreu Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Sérgio Eduardo de Campos Costa Ramos Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Fernando José de Carvalho Barão Assistant Professor

Filipe Rafael Joaquim
Assistant Professor

Patrícia Conde Muíño Assistant Professor

capabilities in at least one of the scientific areas in which the department is organized. In the area of Particle and Nuclear Physics students can work in national and

The PhD Programs in Physics and in Engineering Phys-

ics and Technology of the Department of Physics are

designed to provide advanced knowledge and research

PART 3 SCIENTIFIC AREAS

Pedro Jorge dos Santos Assis

Assistant Professor

Samuel Rodrigues Martins Eleutério

Assistant Professor

Alessandro de Angelis Invited Full Professor

Enrico Maglione, Invited Associate Professor

Luís Manuel Balio Lavoura, Invited Associate Professor

Maria Margarida Nesbitt Rebelo da Silva

Invited Associate Professor

Ricardo Jorge González Felipe Invited Associate Professor

Alfred Stadler Invited Assistant Professor

André David Tinoco Mendes Invited Assistant Professor

Bernardo António Neto Gomes Baptista Tomé

Invited Assistant Professor

Elmar Biernat

Invited Assistant Professor

Gernot Eichmann Invited Assistant Professor

Ivo Varzielas

Invited Assistant Professor

Joaquim Inácio da Silva Marcos

Invited Assistant Professor

Liliana Marisa Cunha Apolinário

Invited Assistant Professor

Michele Gallinaro Invited Assistant Professor

Miguel Rubén Nebot Gómez Invited Assistant Professor

Nuno Miguel Ribeiro Cardoso Invited Assistant Professor

Pietro Faccioli Invited Assistant Professor

Ruben Maurício da Silva Conceição

Invited Assistant Professor

RESEARCH UNITS

C2TN – Centre for nuclear sciences and technologies (c2tn.tecnico.ulisboa.pt).

CeFEMA – Center of Physics and Engineering of Advanced Materials

CFTP - Centre for theoretical particle physics (cftp.tecnico.ulisboa.pt).

LIP - Laboratory of instrumentation and experimental particle physics (www.lip.pt).

WEBSITE

https://fenix.tecnico.ulisboa.pt/areacientifica/ df/fpfn

CONTACT

Area coordinator: +351 210493600

Secretariat: +351 218419092

PLASMAS LASERS AND **NUCLEAR FUSION**



Prof. Marta Fajardo at VoXEL (Volumetric medical X-ray imaging at extremely low dose). Image: IPFN

The faculty members of The Scientific Area of Plasmas, Lasers and Nuclear Fusion of the Physics Department of Instituto Superior Técnico (IST) are actively engaged in education, research and outreach programs in a wide range of topics covered in that area, both from a fundamental and technological/engineering perspective. All these activities leverage on long standing international partnerships and research contracts with leading institutions in our fields of expertise.

Besides collaborating in the undergraduate Physics course for all 1st and 2nd cycle degrees of IST, our facul-

tegrated Master in Technological Physics Engineering, in our topics of expertise. We are also strongly involved in the PhD degrees of Physics and Technological Physics Engineering, in the framework of Advanced Program in Plasma Science and Engineering (APPLAuSE 2020). Several of our faculty members were awarded the mention "Excellent Teacher" in 2018 (Marta Fajardo and Jorge Vieira, in scholar year 2016/2017) and in 2019 (Gonçalo Figueira and Luís L. Alves, in scholar year 2017/2018).

The research of the faculty members is developed at the Institute of Plasmas and Nuclear Fusion, an Associated ty members are responsible for several courses in the In- Laboratory ranked "Excellent" in the 2019 evaluation,

PART 3 SCIENTIFIC AREAS

coordinated by the Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia. Our research spans low-temperature plasma science and engineering, plasma science and engineering of magnetic fusion, plasma physics at high energy density, space and astrophysical plasmas, and basic plasma science, with a broad methodological approach ranging from theory and simulations to experiments, from fundamental science to engineering.

The vibrant research programmes of our faculty members have led to 90+ publications in speciality journals in Plasma Physics, Optics and Nuclear Fusion, several in high-impact physics journals (e.g. 1 Nature Photonics, 1 Nature Physics, 1 Physical Review Letters, 1 The Astrophysical Journal Letters, 2 The Astrophysical Journal, 5 Scientific Reports), and to several high profile research grants at the national and at the international level.

Our distinguished faculty member, Professor Luís Oliveira e Silva, was elected fellow of the European Academy of Sciences (EurASc) in November 2019, becoming the first Portuguese to join the Physics division of this prestigious academy. And in December 2019, Professor Luís Silva was elected correspondent member of the Lisbon Academy of Sciences.

In 2018 Professor João Pedro Bizarro was promoted to Associate Professor, Doctors Bruno Gonçalves and Carlos Silva were promoted to Principal Researchers, Doctor Rui Coelho was recruited as Assistant Researcher, and Professor Artur Malaquias was appointed for a three-year term as ITER Scientist Fellow. In 2019, Professor Jorge Vieira was recruited as Assistant Professor, and Professor Hugo Terças was hired as Assistant Researcher in the Individual call to Scientific Employment Stimulus 2018.

In the period 2018–2019, we have supervised 37 MSc dissertations. In the same period, 26 of our PhD students have defended their theses. Several of them have received prizes at conferences, delivered invited talks at international conferences, and secured post-doctoral positions in leading institutions worldwide.

The faculty members are also engaged in outreach programs targeted at high school students, undergraduate students, and the general public. Examples of these activities include the Ciência Viva Summer Training, the PlasmaSurf Summer School and the Athens Programme courses.

The website of the Scientific Area (http://plasmas. tecnico.ulisboa.pt) is constantly updated to showcase the key achievements of the faculty members, and provide information about our educational activities, research and opportunities.

TEACHING ACTIVITIES

MSc curricular units:

Advanced Plasma Physics

Advanced Topics in Computational Physics

Data Acquisition Systems

Diagnostic and Measurement Techniques

Entrepreneurship, Innovation and Science Management

Low Temperature Plasmas

Nuclear Fusion

Optics and Lasers

Plasma Physics and Technology

Plasma Technologies for Materials Processing

Real Time Control

PhD curricular units:

Fundamentals of Plasma Physics, Nuclear Fusion and Lasers

Diagnostic Methods for Plasmas

Advanced Topics in Plasma Physics, Nuclear Fusion and Lasers

Advanced Computing in Physics and Engineering

MEMBERS

Luís Paulo da Mota Capitão Lemos Alves Full Professor (Area coordinator)

Luís Miguel de Oliveira e Silva Full Professor

Horácio João Matos Fernandes Associate Professor with "Agregação"

João Pedro Saraiva Bizarro Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Vasco António Dinis Leitão Guerra Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Bruno Miguel Soares Gonçalves Principal Researcher with "Habilitação"

Carlos Alberto Nogueira Garcia Silva Principal Researcher with "Habilitação"

Artur Jorge Louzeiro Malaquias Assistant Professor

Bernardo Brotas de Carvalho Assistant Professor

David Pacheco Resendes Assistant Professor

WEBSITE

https://plasmas.tecnico.ulisboa.pt/

CONTACT

Area Coordinator: +351 218419376

Gonçalo Nuno Marmelo Foito Figueira Assistant Professor

João Alberto dos Santos Mendanha Dias Assistant Professor

Jorge Miguel Ramos Domingues Ferreira Vieira Assistant Professor

Mário José Gonçalves Pinheiro Assistant Professor

Marta Leitão Mota Fajardo Assistant Professor

Rui Miguel Dias Alves Coelho Assistant Researcher

Nuno Filipe Gomes Loureiro Invited Associate Professor (in 2018)

Hugo Fernando Santos Terças Invited Assistant Professor

Mário António Prazeres Lino da Silva Invited Assistant Professor

NOBEL AND IST DISTINGUISHED LECTURES

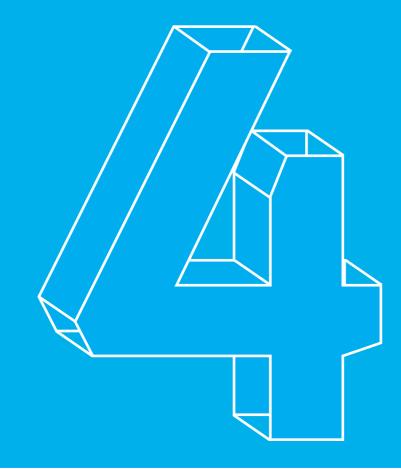


Professor Gérard Mourou, winner of the Nobel Prize in Physics 2018, gave a colloquium at Técnico on 24th April, 2019.

December 15, 2018
IST Distinguished Lecture
Spin electronics: From basic concepts to applications
towards a greener electronics
Bernard Dieny
SPINTEC, Université Grenoble Alpes
CEA / CNRS, France

April 24, 2019
Nobel Lecture and DF Colloquium
Passion Extreme Light
Gérard Mourou
(Nobel Laureate in Physics in 2018)
École Polytechnique, Palaiseau, France

September 25, 2019
IST Distinguished Lecture and DF Colloquium
Unveiling the mysteries of unstable matter
Filomena Nunes
Department of Physics and Astronomy,
National Superconducting Cyclotron Lab,
Michigan State University, USA



SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES

PART 4 SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES

DF COLLOQUIA

February 28, 2018 Quantum disruption José Ignacio Latorre University of Barcelona, Spain

"Interdisciplinary Physics" Panel: Mohamed Chaker INRS-Énergie et Matériaux, Montréal, Canada Jacques Bélair

Département de mathématiques et de statistique, Université de Montréal, Canada

George Helffrich

March 7, 2018

Tokyo Institute of Technology, Earth-Life Science Institute, Japan

March 14, 2018

ITER: Challenges and the Portuguese Participation

Bruno Gonçalves

IPFN and Physics Department Instituto Superior Técnico

March 21, 2018

Linking visual motion to locomotion

Eugenia Chiappe

Lab. of Sensorimotor Integration,
Champalimaud Centre for the Unknown

Lisbon

April 4, 2018

The discrete charm of scale invariance in nuclear and atomic physics Ubirajara van Kolck IPN, Orsay, France

and University of Arizona, USA

April 11, 2018

Extreme laser-matter interactions

Marija Vranic

GOLP/IPFN, Instituto Superior Técnico

April 18, 2018

Accelerators and fabrication of new materials

Katharina Lorenz

DECN, Instituto Superior Técnico

May 2, 2018

Data mining for decision-making:

from disease forecasting to political arguments

Joana Gonçalves de Sá

DF, Instituto Superior Técnico

May 9, 2018

Cutting core and edge physics in tokamak plasmas

Carlos Silva and Rui Coelho

IPFN, Instituto Superior Técnico

October 3, 2018

Opening CO, plasmas: from solar fuels

to oxygen production on Mars

Vasco Guerra

IPFN and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico

October 10, 2018
Sailing to new physics

Igor Ivanov

CFTP, Instituto Superior Técnico

October 17, 2018

Probing the nature of gravity and extreme matter

with gravitational-wave observations

Alessandra Buonanno

Director of the Max Planck Institute

for Gravitational Physics, Potsdam, Germany

October 24, 2018

Extreme science with extreme lasers: the Nobel Prize in Physics 2018

Gonçalo Figueira and Luís Oliveira e Silva

GOLP/IPFN and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico

November 7, 2018

"Pmc2" - Physics in medicine of cancer care

João Seco

German Cancer Research Center – DKFZ

and Dep. Physics and Astronomy,

University of Heidelberg, Germany

November 21, 2018
Testing the Kerr hypothesis

Carlos Herdeiro

CENTRA and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico

December 5, 2018

The highest-energy particles in nature: what they tell us about astrophysics and particle physics

Alan Watson

University of Leeds, UK

February 20, 2019

Shine a light! When matter shatters

Tetyana Galatyuk

Technische Universität Darmstadt, Institut für

Kernphysik (IKP) and GSI, Germany

March 6, 2019

The Higgs boson: what do we know about it?

Patrícia Conde-Muíño

LIP and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico

March 20, 2019

Skyrmion lattices in quantum Hall ferromagnets

Doucot Benoit

LPTHE, CNRS and Sorbonne Université

Paris, France

April 3, 2019

How to Invest like a physicist:

the quantitative approach to finance

Fábio Rocha

Strategist, Blueshift Asset Management

April 10, 2019

Alfvén waves: rippling along magnetic-field lines

Paulo Rodrigues

IPFN, Instituto Superior Técnico

April 24, 2019

Nobel Lecture "Passion Extreme Light"

Gérard Mourou

(Nobel Laureate in Physics in 2018)

École Polytechnique, Palaiseau, France

May 8, 2019

Thermodynamics of growing systems:

organisms and economies

Tiago Domingos MARATEC, LARSYS – Lab. Robotics

and Engineering Systems

September 25, 2019

Unveiling the mysteries of unstable matter

Filomena Nunes

Department of Physics and Astronomy

National Superconducting Cyclotron Lab

Michigan State University, USA

October 9, 2019

Plasma based accelerators and light sources:

from compact to topological

Jorge Vieira

IPFN and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico

October 16, 2019

Nobel Prize in physics 2019 and tests

of general relativity with cosmology

Pedro Gil Ferreira

Physics Department

University of Oxford, UK

October 30, 2019

Quantum matter in and out of equilibrium

Pedro Ribeiro

CeFEMA and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico

November 13, 2019

Proton therapy: from the benefits to the challenges for clinical implementation

Isabel Almeida C2TN, Instituto Superior Técnico

November 27, 2019 From strongly correlated QCD

to asymptotically safe quantum gravity

Jan Pawlowski

Institute for Theoretical Physics

University of Heidelberg, Germany

December 11, 2019

Rare signals from big data

Nuno Leonardo LIP and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico

RESEARCH SEMINARS

January 11, 2018

The chaotic nature of AdS: an attempt at predicting the future

Jorge Lopes

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

Probing the time structure of the quark-gluon plasma with top quark Liliana Apolinário LIP and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico [LIP Seminar]

January 18, 2018

Scalar field dark matter with spontaneous symmetry breaking and the 3.5 keV line

Catarina Cosme

Dep. Física e Astronomia

Universidade do Porto

[CFTP Seminar]

Lightweight computer virtualization
Jorge Gomes
LIP
[LIP Seminar]

January 25, 2018

Evolution of magnetic field of neutron stars
Sergei Popov
Sternberg Astronomical Institute
[CENTRA Seminar]

February 1, 2018

Primordial fluctuations in Loop Quantum Cosmology

Mercedes Martin-Benito

[Astro
[CENTRA Seminar]

February 8, 2018

The infrared instrument of the Extremely
Large Telescope
Paulo J. V. Garcia
FEUP and CENTRA
[CENTRA Seminar]

February 15, 2018

The Higgs, field theory, and what particles we can actually observe at the LHC

Axel Maas

University of Graz

[CFTP Seminar]

February 22, 2018

Gravitational wave signatures from string theory?

Bert Vercnocke

KU Leuven, Belgium

[CENTRA Seminar]

March 2, 2018

Exotic compact objects and how to quench their ergoregion instability

Elisa Maggio

Sheffield University, UK

[CENTRA Seminar]

March 5, 2018

Enabling a visual based exploration of the Gaia data products and other big data archives

André Moitinho,

CENTRA and University of Lisboa

[CENTRA Seminar]

Black holes in vector-tensor theories Shinji Tsujikawa Tokyo University of Science, Japan [CENTRA Seminar]

March 8, 2018
2017 Nobel Prize in Physics for a discovery that shook the world
Francisco Lobo
IAstro and FCUL, Lisboa
[LIP Seminar]

March 15, 2018

Black-hole binaries in Einstein-dilaton
Gauss-Bonnet gravity
Helvi Witek,
Kings College London, UK
[CENTRA Seminar]

Z boson pair production at the LHC at NNLO in QCD Joao Pires CFTP, Instituto Superior Técnico [CFTP Seminar]

March 22, 2018

Effective methods for advanced PCB routing

Miguel Ferreira

I IP

[LIP Seminar]

April 5, 2018 Black hole mergers in the extreme mass ratio limit Marina Martínez

KU Leuven, Belgium [CENTRA Seminar]

Black hole mergers in the extreme mass ratio limit Patricia Schmidt

Radboud University, Nijmegen,

The Netherlands [CENTRA Seminar]

April 12, 2018 Gravitational-wave signals from precessing

binary black holes: modelling & measurement Christopher Moore

CENTRA [CENTRA Seminar]

April 13, 2018

Black holes and revelations

José Pedro Mimoso

Dep. Física da Faculdade de Ciências

Universidade de Lisboa & IA Lisboa

[LIP Seminar]

April 16, 2018
Gravitational waves: a new window on the universe
Tomás Reis
University of Geneva, Switzerland
[CENTRA Seminar]

April 19, 2018
Gravitational waves and primordial black hole dark matter
Martti Raidal
National Institute of Chemical Physics
and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia
[CENTRA Seminar]

Warm inflation: a window into high energy physics
João G. Rosa
Universidade de Aveiro
[CFTP Seminar]

April 30, 2018

Sending lasers to space. What could go wrong?

Bruno Couto

CENTRA/SIM, Lisboa

May 3, 2018

Holographic abrikosov vortex lattices
Christiana Pantelidou
Durham University, UK
[CENTRA Seminar]

[CENTRA Seminar]

CP of order 4 and its consequences
Igor Ivanov
CFTP, Instituto Superior Técnico
[CFTP Seminar]

May 10, 2018

How light is gravity?

Claudia de Rham

Imperial College, London, UK

[CENTRA Seminar]

Multiplicity fluctuations near the QCD critical point Maurício Hippert UFRJ, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil [LIP Seminar]

May 17, 2018

General relativity solutions in modified gravity
Hayato Motohashi
Yukawa Institute for Theoretical Physics,
Kyoto University, Japan
[CENTRA Seminar]

May 18, 2018

Test fields cannot destroy extremal black holes
Rodrigo Vicente
CENTRA
[CENTRA Seminar]

May 28, 2018

How to simulate the atmosphere of different planets using (almost) similar numerical tools

Gabriella Gilli

IAstro
[CENTRA Seminar]

May 29, 2018
Astroparticle physics with neutrinos at the South Pole
Juan Pablo Yanez
University of Alberta, Canada
[LIP Seminar]

June 4, 2018

The manufacture of mice:

Where organ engineering must go

Edward Leonard

Columbia University, New York, USA

[CeFEMA Seminar]

June 7, 2018 Gravitational waves and the nature of relativistic compact objects Chris Van Den Broeck

NIKHEF, The Netherlands [CENTRA Seminar]

June 11, 2018

Mesons and baryons in light front quantization
James Vary

Iowa State University, USA [CFTP Seminar]

June 14, 2018

Revisiting black-hole perturbation theory: the hyperboloidal slice approach Rodrigo Panosso Macedo Queen Mary London, UK [CENTRA Seminar]

June 19, 2018

Neutrino CP violation in the minimal seesaw with flavor symmetry

Morimitsu Tanimoto,

Niigata University, Japan
[CFTP Seminar]

The dark Universe studied from deep underground: Exploring the low-mass frontier Florian Reindl Technische Universität Wien, Austria [LIP Seminar]

June 20, 2018

Imaging black holes through AdS/CFT

Keiju Murata

Univ. Osaka, Japan

[CENTRA Seminar]

The SHiP experiment proposal at CERN Giovanni de Lellis University of Naples Federico II, Italy [LIP Seminar] June 21, 2018

Strong gravity and fundamental physics: from no hair theorems to hairy black holes Thomas Sotiriou

University of Nottingham, UK

[CENTRA Seminar]

June 27, 2018

DUNE: The Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment

Ed Blucher

University of Chicago, USA

[LIP Seminar]

June 28, 2018

Perturbations of the asymptotic region of the

Schwarzschild-de Sitter spacetime

Edgar Gasperin

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

July 5, 2018

The self-force problem: Towards EMRI waveforms

Anna Heffernan

University College Dublin, Ireland

[CENTRA Seminar]

July 12, 2018

Extended I-Love relations for slowly rotating neutron stars

Stephen Green

Max Planck Institute for Gravitational Physics,

Potsdam, Germany

[CENTRA Seminar]

July 19, 2018

Gravity in higher dimensions: Pure Lovelock gravity

Naresh Dadhich IUCAA, Pune, India [CENTRA Seminar]

July 26, 2018

Muography: from dreams to reality

Cristina Carloganu

LPC Clermont Ferrand/IN2P3/

CNRS/UBP, France

[LIP Seminar]

July 30, 2018

Hydrodynamic rotating black holes: superradiance, geodesic motion and quasi-normal modes

Silke Weinfurtner

University of Nottingham, UK

[CENTRA Seminar]

September 13, 2018

From modelling to inference: order reduction

and deep learning in gravitational-wave astronomy

Alvin Chua

JPL, Pasadena CA., USA [CENTRA Seminar]

September 20, 2018

Type II supernovae in low-luminosity host galaxies

Claudia Gutierrez

University of Southampton, UK

[CENTRA Seminar

September 21, 2018

Right handed neutrinos in flavor anomalies

Lorenzo Ubaldi SISSA, Trieste, Italy [CFTP Seminar]

September 27, 2018

Blast of light from axions

Taishi Ikeda

CENTRA [CENTRA Seminar]

October 4, 2018

Self-consistent prediction methods for the phase space of dark matter: from galactic dynamics to phenomenology

Thomas Lacroix

University Paris-Est, France

[CENTRA Seminar]

October 8, 2018

Unipolar photonics: cross-gap light emission in GaN/ AlN and InGaAs/AlAs RTDs at room temperature

Elliot R. Brown

Wright State University

[CENTRA Seminar]

October 11, 2018

A simple test for the stability of a black hole

Masashi Kimura CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

NNLO QCD predictions for inclusive

jet production at the LHC

João Pires

CFTP, Instituto Superior Técnico

[LIP Seminar]

October 16, 2018

Lepton masses and mixing from modular S4 symmetry

João Penedo

SISSA, Trieste, Italy

[CFTP Seminar]

October 22, 2018

Indiana Jones and where to find relic galaxies

Fernando Buitrago Alonso

IAstro

[CENTRA Seminar]

October 25, 2018

21st century astrometry: from ESA/Gaia

and beyond

Alberto Krone Martins

CENTRA and FCUL, Lisboa

[CENTRA Seminar]

October 30, 2018

Black holes and wormholes in semiclassical gravity

Sergey Solodukhin

University of Tours, France

[CENTRA Seminar]

Flavourful axion phenomenology

Fredrik Björkeroth,

LNF (Frascati), INFN, Italy

[CFTP Seminar]

November 5, 2018

No-go theorems for ekpyrosis from

ten-dimensional supergravity

Kunihito Uzawa

Kwansei Gakuin University, Japan

[CENTRA Seminar]

Neutron stars: recent achievements

and future prospects

Violetta Sagun

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

November 8, 2018

Biorefineries: fuel oriented or product oriented

Anton Friedl

Vienna University of Technology,

Institute of Chemical Engineering, Austria

[CeFEMA Seminar]

A first-order secular theory for the post-Newtonian two-body problem with spin; the restricted case

Sante Carloni

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

News from the Higgs front Ricardo Gonçalo

LIP

[LIP Seminar]

November 13, 2018

Controlled flavor violation in the flavor effective MSSM

Aurora Melis

University of Valencia S

University of Valencia, Spain

[CFTP Seminar]

November 15, 2018

Collisions of axion stars with black holes and neutron stars

Katy Clough

University of Oxford, UK

[CENTRA Seminar]

The LIP teaching laboratory (EduLab):

ideas and perspectives

Catarina Espirito Santo, LIP, and Fernando Barão, LIP and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico

[LIP Seminar]

November 19, 2018

Space radiation effects on humans and machines

Jorge Miguel Sampaio

LIP

[CENTRA Seminar]

November 20, 2018

Spontaneous CP violation and scalar FCNC

Miguel Nebot

CFTP, Instituto Superior Técnico

[CFTP Seminar]

November 22, 2018

Force-free magnetospheres of black holes

and neutron stars

Federico Carrasco

Universitat de les Illes Balears, Spain

[CENTRA Seminar]

Flavour physics studies with top quark and beyond at CMS

Prof. Kai-Feng Chen

National Taiwan University, Taiwan

[LIP Seminar]

November 29, 2018

Gravitational energy-momentum and thermodynamics

Giovanni Acquaviva

Charles University Prague, Czech Republic

[CENTRA Seminar]

Modern meson spectroscopy: the importance of unitarity for experiment, lattice & models

George Rupp

CeFEMA, Instituto Superior Técnico

[LIP Seminar]

December 3, 2018

Astronomical computer assisted discoveries,

or a new type of CAD

Alberto Krone-Martins

CENTRA and FCUL, Lisboa

[CENTRA Seminar]

December 4, 2018

Neutrino phenomenology from A5 x CP

Maria Luisa Lopez Ibanez

Roma Tre University, Roma, Italy

[CFTP Seminar]

December 5, 2018

The highest-energy particles in nature: what they tell us about astrophysics and particle physics

Alan Watson

University of Leeds, UK

[LIP Seminar and DF Colloquium]

December 6, 2018

Electromagnetic quantum anomalies

and applications to black hole astrophysics

Adrian del Rio Vega CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

December 13, 2018

Probing the nature of gravity with LIGO-Virgo detections

Michalis Agathos

University of Jena, Germany

[CENTRA Seminar]

Hot TOPics

Yvonne Peters

Manchester University, UK

[LIP Seminar]

December 17, 2018

Supernova classification with active learning

Santiago González-Gaitán

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

December 18, 2018

Flavor symmetry as solution of the flavor problem

Gui-Jun Ding,

CUST, Hefei, China

[CFTP Seminar]

January 3, 2019

The effective field theory of large scale structure

Diogo Bragança

Stanford University, USA

[CENTRA Seminar]

January 10, 2019

Strong cosmic censorship in charged black hole spacetimes

Kyriakos Destounis

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

An S3 symmetric model of quarks

Dipankar Das

University of Calcutta, India

and Lund University, Sweden [CFTP Seminar]

January 17, 2019

Type II supernova cosmology: past and future

Thomas de Jaeger

UC Berkeley CA., USA

[CENTRA Seminar]

January 24, 2019

FCT/FCCN - Serviços de vídeo

Nelson Dias, João Gomes e Cláudio Silva

FCCN, Lisboa

[LIP Seminar]

January 31, 2019

Sachs' constraint-free data in real connection variables

Simone Speziale

Centre de Physique Théorique de Luminy

Marseille, France

[CENTRA Seminar]

Data protection and best practices for end-users in IT

Jorge Gomes and Nuno Dias

LIP

[LIP Seminar]

February 5, 2019

Basis-invariant methods for three-Higgs-doublet models

Igor Ivanov

CFTP, Instituto Superior Técnico

[CFTP Seminar]

February 7, 2019

Quantum effects near the inner horizon of a black hole

Noa Zilberman

Technion, Haifa, Israel

[CENTRA Seminar]

The 2018 Nobel Prize in Physics

José Manuel Rebordão

Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa

[LIP Seminar]

February 11, 2019

Condensed-matter physics with ultracold atoms: probing the Bogoliubov dispersion relation and the LMG model

Raphael Lopes

Laboratoire Kastler Brossel

Collège de France, Paris, France

[CeFEMA Seminar]

February 13, 2019

Construction of anti de Sitter-like spacetimes

using the metric conformal field equations

Juan Antonio Valiente Kroon

Queen Mary London, UK [CENTRA Seminar]

February 14, 2019

Heavy ions results from ATLAS in run 2 of LHC

Helena Santos LIP

[LIP Seminar]

February 19, 2019

Energy loss by fast-travelling charged particles

traversing two-dimensional materials

Jaime Santos

CFUM, Braga

[CeFEMA Seminar]

February 20, 2019 Critical phenomena in gravitational collapse

Thomas Baumgarte

Bowdoin College, Brunswick ME., USA

[CENTRA Seminar]

February 21, 2019

Primordial black hole formation and abundance:

dependence on the shape of the inflationary power spectrum

Ilia Musco University of Barcelona, Spain

[CENTRA Seminar]

AMBER: unravelling QCD mysteries

Catarina Quintans

LIP [LIP Seminar]

February 28, 2019

Reaching infinity: free hyperboloidal evolution

using conformal methods in spherical symmetry

Alex Vano-Vinuales

Cardiff University, UK

[CENTRA Seminar]

Best practices for end-users in IT Nuno Dias LIP [LIP Seminar]

March 6, 2019

Electronic spectral properties of incommensurate van der Waals structures Bruno Amorim

CeFEMA, Instituto Superior Técnico [CeFEMA Seminar]

March 7, 2019 Binary systems in 2+1 dimensions Carsten Gundlach University of Southampton, UK

[CENTRA Seminar]

CMS highlights at the end of LHC Run2

Nuno Leonardo LIP

[LIP Seminar]

March 14, 2019

The Friedrich-Butscher method for the construction of initial data in General Relativity

Jarrod Williams

Queen Mary London, UK [CENTRA Seminar]

March 19, 2019

Searching for heavy neutrinos at hadronic colliders Cédric Weiland

Pittsburgh University, USA [CFTP Seminar]

March 20, 2019

Nonequilibrium quantum chains: From ballistic to diffusive transport

Tomaz Prosen

University of Ljubljana, Slovenia

[CeFEMA Seminar]

Derrick's theorem on curved spacetime and the stability of relativistic stars in modified gravity

Sante Carloni CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

March 21, 2019

The young and the restless stars in the time domain

Lynne Hillenbrand Caltech, USA

[CENTRA Seminar]

March 26, 2019

A symmetry-based approach to tensor bases

for lattice vertex functions

Milan Vujinovic

University of Graz, Austria

and University of São Paulo, Brazil

[CFTP Seminar]

March 28, 2019

The f(R,T) theories of gravity applied to stellar astrophysics

Pedro Moraes

ITA, São Paulo, Brazil

[CENTRA Seminar]

April 3, 2019

Topologically protected quantization of work

Bruno Mera

SQIG - IT, Instituto Superior Técnico

[CeFEMA Seminar]

April 4, 2019

Exploring the inner few gravitational radii

around black holes

Andrew Fabian

Cambridge University, UK

[CENTRA Seminar]

April 9, 2019

Non-equilibrium dynamics in isolated quantum systems

Masud Haque

Maynooth University, Ireland

[CeFEMA Seminar]

April 10, 2019

Axial quasinormal modes of scalarized neutron stars

Zahra Motahar

Oldenburg University, Germany

[CENTRA Seminar]

April 11, 2019

Atomic diffusion and fingering convection

inside stars: the micro-macro connexion

Sylvie Vauclair

Toulouse University, France

[CENTRA Seminar]

April 17, 2019

Diffractive physics with forward proton

tagging at the LHC

Trzebinski Maciej

Polish Academy of Sciences, Poland

[LIP Seminar]

April 30, 2019

Past, present and future on the lattice determinations

of alpha_s

Alberto Ramos

Trinity College Dublin, Ireland

[CFTP Seminar]

May 2, 2019

How stars challenge our view of dark matter

Grigorios Panotopoulos

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

May 3, 2019

Eigenstate thermalization, random matrix theory

and behemoths

Paul A. McClarty

MPI-PKS, Dresden, Germany

[CeFEMA Seminar]

May 9, 2019

Numerical relativity, compact objects,

and fundamentalzfields

Nico Sanchis-Gual

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

May 16, 2019

Weiss variation in general relativity

Justin Feng

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

May 23, 2019

A gauge-invariant symplectic potential

for tetrad general relativity

Elena de Paoli

Université de Marseille, France

[CENTRA Seminar]

May 30, 2019

Electromagnetism and hidden vector fields

in modified gravity theories:

Spontaneous and induced vectorization

Lorenzo Annulli

CENTRA

[CENTRA Seminar]

June 4, 2019

Vacuum instabilities in the N2HDM

Rui Santos

CFTC/FCUL and ISEL, Lisboa

[CFTP Seminar]

June 11, 2019

Echoes from quantum black holes

Qingwen Wang

Perimeter Institute, Canada

[CENTRA Seminar]

Finite family groups for fermionic and leptoquark mixing patterns

Jim Talbert,

DESY, Germany [CFTP Seminar]

June 14, 2019

Infinite derivative gravity

James Edholm

Lancaster University, UK

[CENTRA Seminar]

June 19, 2019

Quarkonium strong decays computed

from lattice QCD and unitarity Pedro Bicudo, Marco Cardoso,

Nuno Cardoso and Marc Wagner

CeFEMA [CeFEMA Seminar]

What are we learning from the biggest explosions

in the Universe?

Ruben Sanchez Ramirez

CSIC Granada, Spain [CENTRA Seminar]

June 27, 2019

Quasinormal modes of black holes:

field propagation and stability Rodrigo Fontana

Universidade Federal da Fronteira do Sul

Chapecó SC, Brazil [CENTRA Seminar]

The shadow of a Black Hole (2019) and

the problematic measurement of light deflection by the sun in 1919

Rui Agostinho

FCUL, Lisboa [LIP Seminar]

July 4, 2019 Radiation challenges and perspectives

for the ESA 7UICE mission

Marco Pinto LIP

[LIP Seminar]

Lepton Flavor Universality tests with semileptonic b-hadron decays
Antonio Romero Vidal
Universidad de Santiago de Compostela, Spain
[LIP Seminar]

July 26, 2019

July 11, 2019

Photonics from the macroscale to the nanoscale:
Full spectrum solar energy conversion, two-dimensional semiconductors, and optical metasurfaces
Matthew Escarra
Dep. Physics and Engineering Physics
Tulane University, New Orleans LA., USA
[CeFEMA Seminar]

A Higgs Boson below 125 GeV?! Sven Heinemeyer IFT/IFCA, Santander and CSIC, Madrid, Spain [CFTP Seminar]

July 30, 2019

Long baseline neutrino oscillations
with T2K and DUNE
Cristovão Vilela
Stony Brook University NY., USA
[LIP Seminar]

August 14, 2019
White holes: Theory
Carlo Rovelli
Centre de Physique Théorique de Luminy
of Aix-Marseille University, France
[CENTRA Seminar]

White holes: Phenomenology
Francesca Vidotto
Applied Mathematics
University of Western Ontario, Canada
[CENTRA Seminar]

August 29, 2019

Equilibrium configurations of charged fluids in strong gravity

Eva Hackmann

ZARM, Bremen University, Germany
[CENTRA Seminar]

September 5, 2019

Zooming out: what a broader view is telling us about stellar and substellar conglomerates

Karla Pena Ramirez

University of Antofagasta, Chile
[CENTRA Seminar]

September 10, 2019

The circular electron positron collider project

João Guimarães da Costa

Institute of High Energy Physics

Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China

[LIP Seminar]

September 11, 2019

Master equations and stability of

Einstein-Maxwell-scalar black holes

Aron Jansen

ICC University of Barcelona, Spain

[CENTRA Seminar]

September 17, 2019
Supernova observations and the interpretation of OGLE-2013-SN-100
Antonia Morales Garoffolo
University of Cádiz, Spain
[CENTRA Seminar]

September 19, 2019
Stellar populations in the densest stellar systems in the Universe
Nikolay Kacharov
Heidelberg
[CENTRA Seminar]

Diverse phenomenological studies for the LHC Grigorios Chachamis LIP [LIP Seminar]

September 26, 2019

Black hole scalarization in scalar-Gauss-Bonnet gravity
Caio Macedo
Universidade Federal do Pará, Belém, Brazil
[CENTRA Seminar]

October 3, 2019
Two-body potential of Vainshtein screened theories
Adrien Kuntz
Aix Marseille Univ. and Université de Toulon,
CNRS, CPT, Marseille, France
[CENTRA Seminar]

An introduction to deep reinforcement-learning
Giles Strong
LIP
[LIP Seminar]

October 10, 2019

Tidal deformability of a superfluid neutron star

Prasanta Char

INFN, Italy

[CENTRA Seminar]

October 15, 2019
Engineering Majorana zero modes
Andrey Antipov
Microsoft Station Q
UC Santa Barbara, USA
[CeFEMA Seminar]

Twenty years of NASA space missions: Perspective of a Portuguese scientist Cristina Oliveira Space Telescope Science Institute, Baltimore MD, USA [CENTRA Seminar]

October 17, 2019

Modelling dissipation and coupling in neutron stars
Brynmor Haskell
Copernicus Astronomical Center
Warsaw, Poland
[CENTRA Seminar]

The light sea quarks asymmetry in proton from the SeaQuest experiment at Fermilab Marcia Quaresma LIP [LIP Seminar]

October 18, 2019
Resurgence, superconductors and renormalons
Tomás Reis
University of Geneva, Switzerland
[CeFEMA Seminar]

October 24, 2019

Black hole initial data within the parabolic-hyperbolic formulation

Anna Nakonieczna

University of Warsaw, Poland

[CENTRA Seminar]

ANTS2 toolkit: interface to Geant4, event analyzer and semi-automatic detector optimization
Andrey Morozov and Vladimir Solovov
LIP
[LIP Seminar]

October 28, 2019
Beyond minimal SUSY:
the r-symmetric supersymmetric SM
Wojciech Kotlarski
TU Dresden, Germany
[CFTP Seminar]

October 29, 2019 Overview on the Flavour anomalies Andreas Crivellin PSI, Villigen, Switzerland [CFTP Seminar]

October 31, 2019
Testing dark energy with gravitational waves
Michele Maggiore
University of Geneva, Switzerland
[CENTRA Seminar]

Meson resonances and S matrix unitarity from lattice QCD potentials Pedro Bicudo CeFEMA and DF, Instituto Superior Técnico [LIP Seminar]

November 7, 2019

Ultraluminous x-ray sources: an expected population of intermediate mass black holes appears to be super-Eddington neutron stars

Guillermo Rodriguez

INAF – Osservatorio Astronomico di Roma, Italy

[CENTRA Seminar]

November 14, 2019 Towards spin qubits with magnetic adatoms Joaquín Fernández Rossier INL, Braga [CeFEMA Seminar]

The properties of the galactic population of cataclysmic variables from Gaia DR2 Anna Francesca Pala ESO, Garching, Germany [CENTRA Seminar]

Cosmology in the era of large galaxy surveys Rogerio Rosenfeld IFT, UNESP, São Paulo, Brazil [CFTP Seminar]

November 15, 2019 Coherence and dimension witnesses from SWAP tests Ernesto F. Galvão INL, Braga and UFF, Niterói RJ, Brazil [CeFEMA Seminar]

November 21, 2019 Generalized hybrid metric-Palatini gravity João Luis Rosa CENTRA [CENTRA Seminar]

November 26, 2019

Computation of the anomalous magnetic moment of the muon (g-2) with lattice QCD

Marina Krstic Marinkovic
GT/CeFEMA visiting scientist
[CeFEMA Seminar]

November 27, 2019

Effective universality and unitarity in quantum gravity, a personal point of view M. Pawlowski
Institut fuer Theoretische Physik
Heidelberg University, Germany
[CeFEMA Seminar]

November 28, 2019
Impact of multiple modes on the black-hole superradiant instability
Giuseppe Ficarra
"La Sapienza" Universita di Roma and INFN, Italy
[CENTRA Seminar]

November 29, 2019
First results of the SNO+ experiment
Valentina Lozza
LIP
[LIP Seminar]

December 2, 2019

Multi-messenger astrophysics for observing the high-energy universe

Teresa Montaruli

Université de Genève, Switzerland [LIP Seminar]

December 5, 2019

Localized nonlinear gravitational waves — geons —
in asymptotically anti de Sitter spacetimes
Péter Forgács
Wigner Research Center for Physics, Hungary

Titans clash: top quark meets lead ions
Pedro Silva
CERN
[LIP Seminar]

[CENTRA Seminar]

December 10, 2019
Quantum simulation of fermionic systems:
towards a QCD-inspired method for existing
and near-term quantum computer devices
Emílio Ribeiro
GT CeFEMA
[CeFEMA Seminar]

Baryons in the effective field theory of cosmological large scale structures Diogo Bragança Stanford University, USA [CENTRA Seminar]

December 12, 2019

Weak cosmic censorship in Einstein-scalar theory
Bogdan Ganchev

DAMTP, University of Cambridge, UK
[CENTRA Seminar]

A new era in exotic nuclear physics: FAIR
Daniel Galaviz
LIP and FCUL, Lisboa
[LIP Seminar]

December 17, 2019

Space-time metamaterials: from graphene plasmon amplification to the Fresnel drag of light

Paloma Arroyo Huidobro

Instituto de Telecomunicações, Lisboa
[CeFEMA Seminar]



CONFERENCES AND WORKSHOPS

January 22–26, 2018 Gravity@Malta La Valleta, Malta [CENTRA]

February 5–6, 2018 José Fest: Black Holes are Forever Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA]

March 3, 2018 CENTRA Meeting Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA]

April 12–13, 2018 Neutron Stars in Lisboa Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA] June 3–9, 2018 Numerical Relativity beyond General Relativity Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA]

August 28–31, 2018
IAU Symposium 348: 21st Century Astrometry:
Crossing the Dark and Habitable Frontiers
Vienna, Austria
[CENTRA]

September 1–14, 2018 Dynamics in Strong Gravity Universe YITP, Kyoto, Japan [CENTRA]

September 4–7, 2018 Fifth Workshop on Multi-Higgs Models IST, Lisboa, Portugal [CFTP]

80 DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS



Fourth Lisbon mini-school on Particle and Astroparticle Physics in Costa da Caparica.

December 11–12, 2018 International Workshop on Dark Matter and Stars (IWDMS 2018) IST, Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA]

December 17–18, 2018 XI Black Holes Workshop: The Black Hole: 50 Years After IST, Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA]

January 14–17, 2019 Workshop on Higgs and Flavour Physics, Present and Future IST, Lisboa, Portugal [CFTP]

January 16–18, 2019 Tests of Gravity University of Athens, Greece [CENTRA]

February 22–23, 2019 Ferrari Fest (a Symposium honouring Valeria Ferrari) University of Roma "La Sapienza", Italy [CENTRA] March 16, 2019 CENTRA Meeting Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA]

March 26–27, 2019 5th Workshop on Microfluidics Standards Lisboa, Portugal [INESC–MN]

June 24–27, 2019 Magnetic Frontiers: Magnetic Sensors Lisboa, Portugal [INESC–MN]

September 4–6, 2019 1st MPFL Research Symposium Lisboa, Portugal [INESC–MN]

September 16–17, 2019 Jornadas CeFEMA, Lisboa, Portugal [CeFEMA]

October 15, 2019 Higgs and Flavour Today: GUIFEST IFIC, Valencia, Spain [CFTP and IFIC]

SCHOOLS

February 5–7, 2018 3rd Lisbon mini-school on particle and astroparticle Physics Caparica, Portugal [CFTP and LIP]

March 6–May 9, 2018 Course on Physics at the LHC LIP, Lisboa, Portugal [LIP]

July 9–14, 2018 2018 VLTI Summer School FCUL, Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA]

September 3–7, 2018 9th CENTRA Astrophysics and Gravitation School IST, Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA] September 10–13, 2018 European Einstein Toolkit Workshop 2018 IST, Lisboa, Portugal [CENTRA]

February 11–13, 2019 4th Lisbon mini-school on Particle and Astroparticle Physics Caparica, Portugal [CFTP and LIP]

September 23–27, 2019 1st COST–MAGNETOFON Summer School, dedicated to the emerging field of ultrafast opto-magneto-eletronics Lisboa, Portugal [INESC-MN]

SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATIONS

2018

Aab, A. et al. (2018). Erratum: Combined fit of spectrum and composition data as measured by the Pierre Auger Observatory. Journal of Cosmology and Astroparticle Physics, 2018 (03), E02–E02. doi:10.1088/1475-7516/2018/03/e02

Aab, A., Abreu, P., Aglietta, M. et al. (2018). Large-scale cosmic-ray anisotropies above 4 EeV measured by the Pierre Auger Observatory. The Astrophysical Journal, 868(1), 4. doi:10.3847/1538-4357/aae689

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). A search for pair-produced resonances in four-jet final states at \$\$\ $sqrt{s}=13$$ s = 13 \$ text {TeV}\$ TeV with the ATLAS detector. The European Physical Journal C, 78(3). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5693-4

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Angular analysis of B d $0 \rightarrow K*\mu+\mu-$ decays in pp collisions at s = 8 \$\$ sqrt{s}=8 \$\$ TeV with the ATLAS detector. *Jour*nal of High Energy Physics, 2018(10). doi:10.1007/ jhep10(2018)047

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Combination of searches for heavy resonances decaying into bosonic and leptonic final states using 36 fb-1 of proton-proton collision data at s=13 TeV with the ATLAS detector. Physical Review D, 98(5). doi:10.1103/ physrevd.98.052008

ment of differential and total cross sections in the $H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ and the $H \rightarrow ZZ_* \rightarrow 4l$ decay channels at s=13 TeV with the ATLAS detector. Physics Letters B, 786, 114-133. doi:10.1016/j.physletb. s10052-018-6219-9 2018.09.019

simulated and observed LHC beam backgrounds in the ATLAS experiment at Ebeam=4 TeV. Journal of Instrumentation, 13(12), P12006–P12006. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/13/12/p12006

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Constraints on off-shell Higgs boson production and the Higgs boson total width in $ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ and $ZZ \rightarrow 2l2v$ final states with the ATLAS detector. Physics Letters B, 786, 223-244. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.09.048

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Direct top-quark decay width measurement in the t(t)over-bar lepton plus jets channel at root s=8 TeV with the ATLAS experiment. The European Physical Journal C, 78(2). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5595-5

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Observation of centrality-dependent acoplanarity for muon pairs produced via two-photon scattering in Pb+Pb collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV with the ATLAS detector. Physical Review Letters, 121(21). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.212301

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Observation of H→bb decays and VH production with the ATLAS detector. Physics Letters B, 786, 59–86. doi:10.1016/j. physletb.2018.09.013

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Probing the quantum interference between singly and doubly resonant top-quark production in pp collisions at s=13 TeV with the ATLAS detector. Physical Review Letters, 121(15). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.152002

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Prompt and non-Aaboud, M. et al. (2018), Combined measure- prompt J/psi and psi(2S) suppression at high transverse momentum in 5.02 TeV Pb+Pb collisions with the ATLAS experiment. The European Physical Journal C, 78(9). doi:10.1140/epjc/

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Prompt and non-prompt Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Comparison between J/psi elliptic flow in Pb plus Pb collisions at root S-NN=5.02 TeV with the ATLAS detector. The European Physical Journal C, 78(9). doi:10.1140/ epic/s10052-018-6243-9

sive and differential t t - \$\$ \mathrm{t}\over- doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.03.044 line{\mathrm{t}} \$\$ charge asymmetry measurements using ATLAS and CMS data at s = 7\$\$ \sqrt{s}=7 \$\$ and 8 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(4). doi:10.1007/jhep04(2018)033.

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Search for a heavy Higgs boson decaying into a Z boson and another heavy Higgs boson in the llbb final state in pp collisions at s=13 TeV with the ATLAS detector. Physics Letters B, 783, 392–414. doi:10.1016/j. physletb.2018.07.006

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Search for new physics in Agostinho, N. R., Branco, G. C., Pereira, P. M. events with a leptonically decaying Z boson and a large transverse momentum imbalance in protonproton collisions at $\$\sqrt{s} \$ s = 13 $\$\.\$ text {TeV}\$\$ TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(4). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-018-5740-1

Abreu, P. et al. (2018). MARTA: a high-energy cosmic-ray detector concept for high-accuracy muon measurement. The European Physical Journal C, 78(4). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-018-5820-2

Adamczewski-Musch, J. et al. (2018). Centrality determination of Au + Au collisions at 1.23A GeV with HADES. The European Physical Journal A, 54(5). doi:10.1140/epja/i2018-12513-7

Adamczewski-Musch, J. et al. (2018). Deep subthreshold φ production in Au+Au collisions. Physics Letters B, 778, 403-407. doi:10.1016/j.phys letb.2018.01.048

Adamczewski-Musch, J. et al. (2018). Σ0 production in proton nucleus collisions near threshold. Physics Letters B, 781, 735-740. doi:10.1016/j. physletb.2018.02.043

Adolph, C. et al. (2018). Azimuthal asymmetries of charged hadrons produced in high-energy muon scattering off longitudinally polarised deuterons. The European Physical Journal C, 78(11). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6379-7

Aghasyan, M. et al. (2018). Light isovector resonances in π -p \rightarrow π - π - π +p at 190 GeV/c. *Physical* Review D, 98(9). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.092003

Aghasyan, M. et al. (2018). Longitudinal doublespin asymmetry Alp and spin-dependent structure function glp of the proton at small values

Aaboud, M. et al. (2018). Combination of inclu- of x and Q2. Physics Letters B, 781, 464-472.

Aghasyan, M. et al. (2018). Search for muoproduction of X(3872) at COMPASS and indication of a new state X^{*}(3872). Physics Letters B, 783, 334-340. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.07.008

Aghasyan, M. et al. (2018). Transverse-momentum-dependent multiplicities of charged hadrons in muon-deuteron deep inelastic scattering. Physical Review D, 97(3). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.032006

F., Rebelo, M. N., & Silva-Marcos, J. I. (2018). Can one have significant deviations from leptonic 3 \$\times \$ 3 unitarity in the framework of type I seesaw mechanism? The European Physical Journal C, 78(11). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-018-6347-2

Aguiam, D. E. et al. (2018). Estimation of x-mode reflectometry first fringe frequency using neural networks. IEEE Transactions on Plasma Science, 46(5), 1323-1330. doi:10.1109/tps.2018.2789684

Aguilar, M. et al. (2018). Observation of new properties of secondary cosmic rays lithium, beryllium, and boron by the alpha magnetic spectrometer on the international space station. Physical Review Letters, 120(2). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.021101

Aguilar, M. et al. (2018). Precision measurement of cosmic-ray nitrogen and its primary and secondary components with the alpha magnetic spectrometer on the international space station. Physical Review Letters, 121(5). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.051103

Akhunzyanov, R. et al. (2018). K- over K+ multiplicity ratio for kaons produced in DIS with a large fraction of the virtual-photon energy. Physics Letters B, 786, 390-398. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.09.052

Alonso, M. P., Pinheiro, M. J., Lobo, R. F. M., & Spodek, J. (2018, June). Improving the unreasonable university. 2018 3rd International Conference of the Portuguese Society for Engineering Education (CIS-PEE). doi:10.1109/cispee.2018.8593474

Alves, L. L., Belmonte, T., & Minea, T. (2018). Topical issue "Plasma Sources and Plasma Processes

(PSPP)." The European Physical Journal Applied Phys-

Alves, L. L., Bogaerts, A., Guerra, V., & Turner, M. M. (2018). Foundations of modelling of nonequilibrium low-temperature plasmas. Plasma Sources Science and Technology, 27(2), 023002. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/aaa86d

Amaral, A., Lavareda, G., Nunes de Carvalho, C., André, V., Vygranenko, Y., Fernandes, M., & Brogueira, P. (2018). Etchability dependence of InOx and ITO thin films by plasma enhanced reactive thermal evaporation on structural properties and deposition conditions. MRS Advances, 3(4), 207–212. doi:10.1557/adv.2018.113

Amin, S. T., Mera, B., Vlachou, C., Paunković, N., & Vieira, V. R. (2018). Fidelity and Uhlmann connection analysis of topological phase transitions in two dimensions. *Physical Review B*, 98(24). doi:10.1103/physrevb.98.245141

Annulli, L., Bernard, L., Blas, D., & Cardoso, V. (2018). Scattering of scalar, electromagnetic, and gravitational waves from binary systems. Physical *Review D*, 98(8). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.084001

Annušová, A., Marinov, D., Booth, J.-P., Sirse, N., Assumpção, T., Cardoso, V., Ishibashi, A., Richda Silva, M. L., Lopez, B., & Guerra, V. (2018). Kinetics of highly vibrationally excited O2(X) molecules in inductively-coupled oxygen plasmas. Plasma Sources Science and Technology, 27(4), 045006. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/aab47d

Apolinario, L. (2018). Overview of jet quenching and energy loss in heavy-ion collisions. Proceedings of Sixth Annual Conference on Large Hadron Collider Physics – PoS(LHCP2018). Sixth Annual Conference on Large Hadron Collider Physics. doi:10.22323/1.321.0219

Apolinário, L., Milhano, J. G., Ploskon, M., & Zhang, X. (2018). Novel subjet observables for jet quenching in heavy-ion collisions. The European Physical Journal C, 78(6). doi:10.1140/epjc/ s10052-018-5999-2

Apolinário, L., Milhano, J. G., Salam, G. P., & Salgado, C. A. (2018). Probing the time structure of the guark-gluon plasma with top guarks. Physical Review Letters, 120(23). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.232301

Arruda, L., Goncalves, P., Carvalho, F., Marques, ics, 82(1), 10801. doi:10.1051/epjap/2018180117 A., Costa Pinto, J., Aguilar, A., Marinho, P., Sousa, T., Evans, H., & Nieminen, P. (2018). Electrons in GEO measured with the ESA multifunctional spectrometer during the January 2014 SEP. IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science, 65(8), 1540–1545. doi:10.1109/tns.2018.2854161

> Assis, P., Barres de Almeida, U., Blanco, A. et al. (2018). Design and expected performance of a novel hybrid detector for very-high-energy gamma-ray astrophysics. Astroparticle Physics, 99, 34-42. doi:10.1016/j.astropartphys.2018.02.004

> Assis, P., Barres de Almeida, U., Blanco, A. et al. (2018). Erratum to "Design and expected performance of a novel hybrid detector for very-high-energy gamma-ray astrophysics" [Astropart. Phys. 99 (2018) 34-42]. Astroparticle Physics, 101, 36. doi:10.1016/j.astropartphys.2018.03.003

Assis, P., Blanco, A., Brogueira, P., Ferreira, M., & Luz, R. (2018). The MARTA (Muon Array With RPCs for Tagging Air Showers) front-end acquisition system. IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science, 65(12), 2920-2928. doi:10.1109/ tns.2018.2879089

artz, M., & Zilhão, M. (2018). Black hole binaries: Ergoregions, photon surfaces, wave scattering, and quasinormal modes. Physical Review D, 98(6). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.064036

Atar, L. et al. (2018). Quasifree (p, 2p) reactions on oxygen isotopes: observation of isospin independence of the reduced single-particle strength. Physical Review Letters, 120(5). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.052501

Baibhay, V., Berti, E., Cardoso, V., & Khanna, G. (2018). Black hole spectroscopy: Systematic errors and ringdown energy estimates. Physical Review D, 97(4). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.044048

Balland, C. et al. (2018). The ESO's VLT type Ia supernova spectral set of the final two years of SNLS. Astronomy & Astrophysics, 614, A134. doi:10.1051/0004-6361/201731924

Barata, J., Apolinario, L., & Milhano, J. G. (2018). Quark and gluon jet energy loss. Proceedings of international conference on hard and electromagnetic probes of high-energy nuclear colli-

sions - PoS(HardProbes2018). International Conference on Hard and Electromagnetic Probes of High-Energy Nuclear Collisions. doi:10.22323/1.345.0082

Barausse, E., Brito, R., Cardoso, V., Dvorkin, I., & Pani, P. (2018). The stochastic gravitational-wave background in the absence of horizons. Classical and Quantum Gravity, 35(20), 20LT01. doi:10.1088/1361-6382/aae1de

Batista, A. J. N., Naylor, G., Capellà, L., et al. (2018). Testing results of chopper based integrator prototypes for the ITER magnetics. Fusion Engineering and Design, 128, 193-197. doi:10.1016/j. fusengdes.2018.01.065

Batistoni, P., Popovichev, S., Cufar, A. et al. (2018). 14 MeV calibration of JET neutron detectors. Phase 1: calibration and characterization of the neutron source. Nuclear Fusion, 58(2), 026012. doi:10.1088/1741-4326/aa98f6

Beira, M. J., Silva, M. P., Condesso, M., Cosme, Boella, E., Fiúza, F., Novo, A. S., Fonseca, R., & J., Figueirinhas, J. L., & de Pinho, M. N. (2018). Molecular order and dynamics of water in hybrid cellulose acetate-silica asymmetric membranes. Molecular Physics, 117(7-8), 975-982. doi:10.108 0/00268976.2018.1537526

lation in 2HDM and EFT: the ZZZ vertex. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(4). doi:10.1007/ jhep04(2018)002.

Silva, J. P. (2018). Multi-Higgs doublet models: the Higgs-fermion couplings and their sum rules. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(10). doi:10.1007/jhep10(2018)143

Bernal, N., Cárcamo Hernández, A. E., de Medeiros Varzielas, I., & Kovalenko, S. (2018). Fermion masses and mixings and dark matter constraints in a model with radiative seesaw mechanism. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(5). doi:10.1007/jhep05(2018)053.

Bhattacharva, S., de Medeiros Varzielas, I., Karmakar, B., King, S. F., & Sil, A. (2018). Dark side of the seesaw. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(12). doi:10.1007/jhep12(2018)007

Bicudo, P., Cardoso, N., & Cardoso, M. (2018). Color field densities of the quark-antiquark excited flux tubes in SU(3) lattice QCD. Physical Review D, 98(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.114507

Biernat, E. P., Gross, F., Peña, M. T., Stadler, A., & Leitão, S. (2018). Quark mass function from a one-gluon-exchange-type interaction in Minkowski space. Physical Review D, 98(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.114033

Biernat, E. P., Gross, F., Peña, T., Stadler, A., & Leitão, S. (2018). Quark mass functions and pion structure in the covariant spectator theory. Few-Body Systems, 59(5). doi:10.1007/s00601-018-1401-z

Bizarro, J. P. S., Hugon, H., & Jorge, R. (2018). Quasilinear approach to ray tracing in weakly turbulent, randomly fluctuating media. Physical Review A, 98(2). doi:10.1103/physreva.98.023847

P., Almeida, P. L., Corvo, M. C., Sebastião, P. Silva, L. O. (2018). Ion acceleration in electrostatic collisionless shock: on the optimal density profile for quasi-monoenergetic beams. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 60(3), 035010. doi:10.1088/1361-6587/aaa556

Bošković, M., Duque, F., Ferreira, M. C., Miguel, Bélusca-Maïto, H., Falkowski, A., Fontes, D., F. S., & Cardoso, V. (2018). Motion in time-peri-Romão, Jorge. C., & Silva, J. P. (2018). CP vio- odic backgrounds with applications to ultralight dark matter halos at galactic centers. Physical Review D, 98(2). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.024037

Brito, A., & Lopes, I. (2018). FromcCool to hot Bento, M. P., Haber, H. E., Romão, J. C., & F-stars: The influence of two ionization regions in the acoustic oscillations. The Astrophysical Journal, 853(2), 183. doi:10.3847/1538-4357/aaa430

> Cao, J., Chen, Y., Jin, T., Gan, W., Wang, Y., Zheng, Y., Lv, H., Cardoso, S., Wei, D., & Lew, W. S. (2018). Spin orbit torques induced magnetization reversal through asymmetric domain wall propagation in Ta/CoFeB/MgO structures. Scientific Reports, 8(1). doi:10.1038/s41598-018-19927 - 5

> Cardoso, V., Castro, G., & Maselli, A. (2018). Gravitational waves in massive gravity theories: waveforms, fluxes, and constraints from extreme-mass-ratio mergers. Physical Review Letters, 121(25). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.251103

P., & Jansen, A. (2018). Quasinormal modes and strong cosmic censorship. Physical Review Letters, 120(3). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.031103

Cardoso, V., Costa, J. L., Destounis, K., Hintz, P., & Jansen, A. (2018). Strong cosmic censorship in charged black-hole spacetimes: Still subtle. Physical Review D, 98(10). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.104007

- dleton, M., Pani, P., & Santos, J. E. (2018). Constraining the mass of dark photons and axionlike particles through black-hole superradiance. Journal of Cosmology and Astroparticle Physics, 2018(03), 043-043. doi:10.1088/1475-7516/2018/03/043
- Cardoso, V., Houri, T., & Kimura, M. (2017). General first-order mass ladder operators for Klein-Gordon fields. Classical and Quantum Gravity, 35(1), 015011, doi:10.1088/1361-6382/aa9a04
- Cardoso, V., Ikeda, T., Moore, C. J., & Yoo, C.-M. (2018). Remarks on the maximum luminosity. Physical Review D, 97(8). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.084013
- Cardoso, V., Kimura, M., Maselli, A., & Senatore, L. (2018). Black holes in an effective field theory extension of general relativity. Physical Review Letters, 121(25). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.
- Carmelo, J. M. P., & Sacramento, P. D. (2018). Pseudoparticle approach to 1D integrable quantum models. Physics Reports, 749, 1–90. doi:10. 1016/j.physrep.2018.06.004
- Carvalho, H., Vale, A., Marques, R., Ventura, R., Brouwer, Y., & Gonçalves, B. (2018). Remote inspection with multi-copters, radiological sensors and SLAM techniques. EPT Web of Conferences, 170, 07014. doi:10.1051/epjconf/20181 7007014
- Carvalho, P. F. et al. (2018). Monitoring and hardware management for critical fusion plasma instrumentation. EPJ Web of Conferences, 170, 02002. doi:10.1051/epiconf/201817002002
- Castro, A., Cardoso, J. P., Mendes, L. F., Azevedo, P., & Mendes, J. F. (2018). Pre-heating boiler feedwater for expanded cork agglomerate

Cardoso, V., Costa, J. L., Destounis, K., Hintz, production using a parabolic trough system. SolarPACES 2017: International Conference on Concentrating Solar Power and Chemical Energy Systems. doi:10.1063/1.5067155

> Castro, E. V., Flachi, A., Ribeiro, P., & Vitagliano, V. (2018). Symmetry Breaking and Lattice Kirigami. Physical Review Letters, 121(22). doi:10.1103/ physrevlett.121.221601

- Cazon, L., Conceição, R., & Riehn, F. (2018). Cardoso, V., Dias, Ó. J. C., Hartnett, G. S., Mid-Probing the energy spectrum of hadrons in proton air interactions at ultrahigh energies through the fluctuations of the muon content of extensive air showers. Physics Letters B, 784, 68-76. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.07.026
 - Cerquido, M., Proenca, M. P., Dias, C., Leitao, D. C., Cardoso, S., Freitas, P. P., Aguiar, P., & Ventura, J. (2018). Tailoring the cap's morphology of electrodeposited gold micro-mushrooms. Applied Surface Science, 445, 512-518. doi:10.1016/j.apsusc.2018.03.158
 - Chicharo, A., Barnsley, L. C., Martins, M., Cardoso, S., Dieguez, L., Espina, B., & Freitas, P. P. (2018). Custom magnet design for a multi-channel magnetic microcytometer. IEEE Transactions on Magnetics, 54(11), 1-5. doi:10.1109/ tmag.2018.2835369
 - Chícharo, A., Martins, M., Barnsley, L. C., Taouallah, A., Fernandes, J., Silva, B. F. B., Cardoso, S., Diéguez, L., Espiña, B., & Freitas, P. P. (2018). Enhanced magnetic microcytometer with 3D flow focusing for cell enumeration. Lab on a Chip, 18(17), 2593-2603. doi:10.1039/c8lc00486b
 - Correia, M. R., & Cardoso, V. (2018). Characterization of echoes: A Dyson-series representation of individual pulses. Physical Review D, 97(8). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.084030
 - Costa, L. F. O., Franco, R., & Cardoso, V. (2018). Gravitational Magnus effect. Physical Review D, 98(2). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.024026
 - Crespo, R., Cravo, E., Arriaga, A., Wiringa, R., Deltuva, A., & Diego, R. (2018). Merging first principle structure studies and few-body reaction formalism. Journal of Physics: Conference Series, 966, 012056. doi:10.1088/1742-6596/966/1/012056

Crespo, R., & Cravo, E. (2018). Critical Phe- Dias, M., Ruza, A., Guerreiro, F., da Silva, R. C., nomena: Coexistence of Valence Single Particleand Core-Excitations in the \$\$^\mathbf{11}\$\$ 11 Be Halo Nucleus. Few-Body Systems, 59(2). doi:10.1007/s00601-018-1330-x

Cruz, N., Martin, Y., Moret, J.-M. et al. (2018). On the control system preparation for ELM pacing with vertical kicks experiments at TCV. Fusion Engineering and Design, 129, 247–252. doi:10.1016/j. fusengdes.2018.02.078

- Dainese, A., Apolinario, L., Armesto, N. et al. Dinklage, A., Beidler, C. D., Helander, P. et al. (2018). Future heavy-ion facilities: FCC-AA. Proceedings of International Conference on Hard and electromagnetic probes of high-energy nuclear collisions - PoS (HardProbes2018). International Conference on Hard and Electromagnetic Probes of High-Energy Nuclear Collisions. doi:10.22323/1.345.0005
- de Medeiros Varzielas, I. (2018). Minima of multi-Higgs potentials with triplets of $\Delta(3n2)$ and $\Delta(6n2)$. Proceedings. Corfu Summer Institute 2017 "Schools and Workshops on Elementary Particle Physics and Gravity.". doi:10.22323/1.318.0083
- violation in the MSSM from a unified $\Delta(27)$ flavor symmetry. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(9). doi:10.1007/jhep09(2018)047
- de Medeiros Varzielas, I., Neder, T., & Zhou, Y.-L. (2018). Effective alignments as building blocks of flavor models. Physical Review D, 97(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.115033
- de Medeiros Varzielas, I., Ross, G. G., & Talbert, J. (2018). A unified model of quarks and leptons with a universal texture zero. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2018)007.
- de Medeiros Varzielas, I., & King, S. F. (2018). $R K * \$\$ \{R\}_{K^{\circ}(\text{ight})}\} \$\$ \text{ with }$ leptoquarks and the origin of Yukawa couplings. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2018)100
- Dias, M., Guerreiro, F., Tejado, E., Correia, J. B., Mardolcar, U. V., Coelho, M., Palacios, T., Pastor, J. Y., Carvalho, P. A., & Alves, E. (2018). WC-Cu thermal barriers for fusion applications. Surface and Coatings Technology, 355, 222-226. doi:10.1016/j.surfcoat.2018.02.086

Gonçalves, A. P., Mardolcar, U. V., & Alves, E. (2018). CuxCrFeMoTi (x = 0.21, 0.44, 1) high entropy alloys as novel materials for fusion applications. Materials Science and Engineering: B, 238-239, 18-25. doi:10.1016/j.mseb.2018.11.026

Díaz Fernández, P. et al. (2018). Quasifree (p,pN) scattering of light neutron-rich nuclei near N=14. *Physical Review C*, 97(2). doi:10.1103/physrevc.97.024311

(2018). Magnetic configuration effects on the Wendelstein 7-X stellarator. Nature Physics, 14(8), 855-860. doi:10.1038/s41567-018-0141-9

- Faccioli, P., Lourenço, C., Araújo, M., Seixas, J., Krätschmer, I., & Knünz, V. (2018). From identical S- and P-wave \$\$p \mathrm{T}\$\$ p T spectra to maximally distinct polarizations: probing NROCD with \$\$\chi \$\$ \gamma states. The European Physical Journal C, 78(3). doi:10.1140/epic/ s10052-018-5755-7
- Faccioli, P., Lourenço, C., Araújo, M., & Seixas, de Medeiros Varzielas, I., López-Ibáñez, M. L., J. (2018). Universal kinematic scaling as a probe Melis, A., & Vives, O. (2018). Controlled flavor of factorized long-distance effects in high-energy quarkonium production. The European Physical Journal C, 78(2). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5610-x
 - Fajardo, M., & Dendy, R. (2017). 44th European physical society conference on plasma physics. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 60(1), 010101. doi:10.1088/1361-6587/aa9775
 - Faria, M., Moreira, C., Mendonça Eusébio, T., de Pinho, M. N., Brogueira, P., & Semião, V. (2018). Oxygen mass transfer in a gas/membrane/liquid system surrogate of membrane blood oxygenators. AIChE Journal, 64(10), 3756-3763. doi:10.1002/aic.16328.
 - Ferreira, D. R., Carvalho, P. J., Fernandes, H., & JET Contributors. (2018). Full-Pulse Tomographic Reconstruction with Deep Neural Networks. Fusion Science and Technology, 74(1-2), 47-56. doi:1 0.1080/15361055.2017.1390386
 - Fischer, C., & Eichmann, G. (2018). Overview of multiquark states. Proceedings of xvii international conference on hadron spectroscopy and structure - PoS (Hadron2017). XVII International

Conference on Hadron Spectroscopy and Structure. doi:10. 22323/1.310.0007

tos, R., Silva, J. P., & Wittbrodt, J. (2018). The C2HDM revisited. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(2). doi:10.1007/jhep02(2018)073.

Galbany, L. et al. (2018). PISCO: The PMAS/PPak Iulianelli, G. C. V., David, G. dos S., dos San-Integral-field Supernova Hosts Compilation. The Astrophysical Journal, 855(2), 107. doi:10.3847/ 1538-4357/aaaf20

Gonçalves, M., Ribeiro, P., & Castro, E. V. (2019). Dirac points merging and wandering in a model Chern insulator. EPL (Europhysics Letters), 124(6), Jackura, A. et al (2018). New analysis of $\eta\pi$ ten-67003. doi:10.1209/0295-5075/124/67003

Grofulović, M., Silva, T., Klarenaar, B. L. M., Morillo-Candas, A. S., Guaitella, O., Engeln, R., Pintassilgo, C. D., & Guerra, V. (2018). Kinetic study of CO2 plasmas under non-equilibrium conditions. II. Input of vibrational energy. Plasma Sources Science and Technology, 27(11), 115009. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/aadb60

Guedes, A., Macedo, R., Jaramillo, G., Cardo-Lopes, A., Luís, R., Klinkby, E. et al. (2018). Neuso, S., Freitas, P., & Horsley, D. (2018). Hybrid GMR sensor detecting 950 pT/sqrt(Hz) at 1 Hz and room temperature. Sensors, 18(3), 790. doi:10. 22-28. doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2018.06.008 3390/s18030790

M., Terraz, L., Silva, M. L. da, Pintassilgo, C. D., Alves, L. L., & Guaitella, O. (2018). Reply to Comment on "The case forin situresource utilisation for oxygen production on Mars by non-equilibrium plasmas." Plasma Sources Science and Technology, 27(2), 028002. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/aaa570

Hopper, S., & Cardoso, V. (2018). Scattering of point particles by black holes: Gravitational radiation. Physical Review D, 97(4). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.044031

Hu, L.-X., Yu, T.-P., Sheng, Z.-M., Vieira, J., Zou, D.-B., Yin, Y., McKenna, P., & Shao, F.-Q. (2018). Attosecond electron bunches from a nanofiber driven by Laguerre-Gaussian laser pulses. Scientific Reports, 8(1). doi:10.1038/s41598-018-25421-9

Iannone, F., Bracco, G., Cavazzoni, C. et al (2018). MARCONI-FUSION: The new high performance computing facility for European nuclear fusion jconf/201817110001

modelling. Fusion Engineering and Design, 129, 354-358. doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2017.11.004

Fontes, D., Mühlleitner, M., Romão, J. C., San- Ikeda, T., Yoo, C.-M., & Cardoso, V. (2018). Oscillon in Einstein-scalar system with double well potential and its properties. EPT Web of Conferences, 168, 03005. doi:10.1051/epjconf/201816803005

> tos, T. N., Sebastião, P. J. O., & Tavares, M. I. B. (2018). Influence of TiO2 nanoparticle on the thermal, morphological and molecular characteristics of PHB matrix. Polymer Testing, 65, 156-162. doi:10.1016/j.polymertesting.2017.11.018

> sor resonances measured at the COMPASS experiment. Physics Letters B, 779, 464-472. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.01.017

> Lemos, N., Cardoso, L., Geada, J., Figueira, G., Albert, F., & Dias, J. M. (2018). Guiding of laser pulses in plasma waveguides created by linearly-polarized femtosecond laser pulses. Scientific Reports, 8(1). doi:10.1038/s41598-018-21392-z

> tronics analysis of the ITER coollective Thomson scattering system. Fusion Engineering and Design, 134,

Malaquias, A., Silva, A., Moutinho, R. et al. Guerra, V., Silva, T., Ogloblina, P., Grofulović, (2018). Integration concept of the reflectometry diagnostic for the main plasma in DEMO. IEEE Transactions on Plasma Science, 46(2), 451-457. doi:10.1109/tps.2017.2784785

> Martinho, E., Mendes, M., & Dionísio, A. (2017). 3D imaging of P-waves velocity as a tool for evaluation of heat induced limestone decay. Construction and Building Materials, 135, 119–128. doi:10.1016/j.conbuildmat.2016.12.192

> Maselli, A., Pani, P., Cardoso, V., Abdelsalhin, T., Gualtieri, L., & Ferrari, V. (2018). Probing Planckian Corrections at the horizon scale with LISA binaries. Physical Review Letters, 120(8). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.081101

Massacrier, L., Anselmino, M., Arnaldi, R. et al. (2018). Physics perspectives with AFTER@ LHC (A Fixed Target ExpeRiment at LHC). EP7 Web of Conferences, 171, 10001. doi:10.1051/ep-

Mendonça, J. T., Serbeto, A., & Vieira, J. (2018). Plasmon excitations with a semi-integer angular 018-30095-4 momentum. Scientific Reports, 8(1). doi:10.1038/ s41598-018-26196-9

Mendonça, J. T., Terças, H., & Gammal, A. (2018). Quantum Landau damping in dipolar Bose-Einstein condensates. Physical Review A, 97(6). doi:10.1103/physreva.97.063610

Mera, B., Vlachou, C., Paunković, N., Vieira, V. R., & Viyuela, O. (2018). Dynamical phase transitions at finite temperature from fidelity and interferometric Loschmidt echo induced metrics. Physical Review B, 97(9). doi:10.1103/physrevb.97.094110

Milhano, G., Wiedemann, U. A., & Zapp, K. C. (2018). Sensitivity of jet substructure to jet-induced medium response. Physics Letters B, 779, 409-413. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.01.029

Modak, T., Romão, J. C., Srivastava, R., Silva, J. P., & Sadhukhan, S. (2018). Probing wrongsign hbb couplings in \$\$h \rightarrow \Upsilon \gamma \$\$. In XXII DAE High Energy Physics Symposium (pp. 873–875). Springer International Publishing. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-73171-1_213

Musha, T., & Pinheiro, M. J. (2018). General relativistic gravity machine using electromagneto-torsion field. International Journal of Sciences, 4(03), 15-23. doi:10.18483/ijsci.1562

Nabais, F., Aslanyan, V., Borba, D. et al. (2018). TAE stability calculations compared to TAE antenna results in IET. Nuclear Fusion, 58(8), 082007. doi:10.1088/1741-4326/aabdbd

Nikolaeva, V., Guimarais, L., Manz, P. et al. (2018). Characterization of edge turbulence in different states of divertor detachment using reflectometry in the ASDEX Upgrade tokamak. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 60(5), 055009. doi:10.1088/1361-6587/aab4c5

Ordikhani Seyedlar, A., Martins, J. P. de A., Sebastião. (2017). Dynamics of binary mixtures of an ionic liquid and ethanol by NMR. Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry, 56(2), 108-112. doi:10.1002/

Pathak, V. B., Kim, H. T., Vieira, J., Silva, L. O., & Nam, C. H. (2018). All optical dual stage laser wakefield acceleration driven by two-color laser

pulses. Scientific Reports, 8(1). doi:10.1038/s41598-

Pereira, R. C., Fernandes, A., Cruz, N. et al. (2018). Neutron/Gamma discrimination code based on trapezoidal filter. Fusion Engineering and Design, 134, 118–122. doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2018.07.002

Pires, B. J., Silva, A. V., Moskaltsova, A., Deepak, F. L., Brogueira, P., Leitao, D. C., & Cardoso, S. (2018). Multilevel process on large area wafers for nanoscale devices. Journal of Manufacturing Processes, 32, 222–229. doi:10.1016/j.jmapro. 2018.01.024

Revel, A. et al. (2018). Strong Neutron Pairing in core+4n Nuclei. Physical Review Letters, 120(15). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.152504

Ribeiro, G. et al. (2018). Structure of Be13 studied in proton knockout from B14. Physical Review C, 98(2). doi:10.1103/physrevc.98.024603

Ribeiro, P., Neto, M., & Cardoso, S. (2018). Strategy for Determining a Magnet Position in a 2-D Space Using 1-D Sensors. IEEE Transactions on Magnetics, 54(11), 1-5. doi:10.1109tmag.2018. 2851928

Richheimer, F., Costa, M., Leitao, D., Gaspar, J., Cardoso, S., & Freitas, P. (2018). 3D magnetic field reconstruction methodology based on a scanning magnetoresistive probe. Sensors, 18(7), 2049. doi:10.3390/s18072049

Rodrigues, A. P., Santos, B., Carvalho, P. F., Correia, M., Sousa, J., Correia, C. M. B., & Gonçalves, B. (2018). Taking advantage of the intercommunication features of IPMCs in ATCA CDAO systems. Fusion Engineering and Design, 128, 138–142. doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2018.01.069

Rodrigues, J. D., Gonçalves, L. F., Terças, H., Marcassa, L. G., & Mendonça, J. T. (2018). Roton-induced trapping in strongly correlated Rydberg gases. Physical Review A, 98(6). doi:10.1103/ physreva.98.062713

Rodrigues, J. D., Terças, H., Gonçalves, L. F., Marcassa, L. G., & Mendonca, J. T. (2018). Emergence of spatial order in highly interacting Rydberg gases. Physical Review A, 97(2). doi:10.1103/ physreva.97.022708

Roman, M. et al. (2018). Dependence of Type Ia supernova luminosities on their local envi- j.physletb.2018.02.050 ronment. Astronomy and Astrophysics, 615, A68. doi:10.1051/0004-6361/201731425

Sacramento, P. D., & Vieira, V. R. (2018). Duality and topology. Annals of Physics, 391, 216-239. doi:10.1016/j.aop.2018.02.017

Santos, B., Fernandes, A., Pereira, R. C. et al. (2018). Control and data acquisition software upgrade for JET gamma-ray diagnostics. Fusion Engineering and Design, 128, 117–121. doi:10.1016/j. fusengdes.2018.01.064

Entanglement sudden death and revival in quantum dark-soliton qubits. Physical Review A, 98(2). doi:10.1103/physreva.98.022319

Meneses, L., & Rimini, F. (2018). Scaling of the geodesic acoustic mode amplitude on JET. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 60(8), 085006. doi:10.1088/1361-6587/aac980

Silva, M., Leitao, D. C., Cardoso, S., & Freitas, P. (2018). MnNi-based spin valve sensors combining high thermal stability, small footprint and pTesla detectivities. AIP Advances, 8(5), 056644. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.05.074 doi:10.1063/1.5007668

et al. (2018). Kinetic study of low-temperature CO2plasmas under non-equilibrium conditions. I. Relaxation of vibrational energy. Plasma Sources Science and Technology, 27(1), 015019. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/aaa56a

Silva, T., Grofulović, M., Terraz, L., Pintassilgo, C. D., & Guerra, V. (2018). Modelling the input and relaxation of vibrational energy in CO2 plasmas. Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics, 51(46), 464001. doi:10.1088/1361-6463/aadbd7

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Azimuthal anisotropy of charged particles with transverse momentum up to 100 GeV/c in PbPb collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV. Physics Letters B, 776, 195-216. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2017.11.041

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Evidence for the Higgs boson decay to a bottom quark-antiquark pair. Physics Letters B, 780, 501-532. doi:10.1016/

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of angular parameters from the decay $B0 \rightarrow$ $K_*0\mu^+\mu^-$ in proton–proton collisions at s=8TeV. Physics Letters B, 781, 517–541. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.04.030

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of quarkonium production cross sections in pp collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 780, 251-272. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.02.033

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of Shaukat, M. I., Castro, E. V., & Terças, H. (2018). the associated production of a single top quark and a Z boson in pp collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 779, 358-384. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.02.025

Silva, C., Hillesheim, J. C., Gil, L., Hidalgo, C., Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Measurements of tt cross sections in association with b jets and inclusive jets and their ratio using dilepton final states in pp collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 776, 355-378. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2017.11.043

> Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Nuclear modification factor of D0 mesons in PbPb collisions at sNN=5.02TeV. Physics Letters B, 782, 474-496.

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of the Silva, T., Grofulović, M., Klarenaar, B. L. M. Higgs boson decay to a pair of τ leptons with the CMS detector. Physics Letters B, 779, 283-316. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.02.004

> Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for a massive resonance decaying to a pair of Higgs bosons in the four b quark final state in proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 781, 244–269. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.03.084

> Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for an exotic decay of the Higgs boson to a pair of light pseudoscalars in the final state with two b quarks and two τ leptons in proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 785, 462-488. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.08.057

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for excited quarks of light and heavy flavor in γ + jet final states in proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 781, 390-411. doi:10.1016/j. physletb.2018.04.007

diated supersymmetry in events with at least one photon and missing transverse momentum in pp collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 780, 118-143. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.02.045

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for heavy resonances decaying to a top quark and a bottom quark in the lepton + jets final state in Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for superproton-proton collisions at 13 TeV. Physics Let-12.006

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for Higgs boson pair production in events with two bottom quarks and two tau leptons in proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. *Physics Letters B*, 778, 101–127. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.01.001

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for new longlived particles at s=13 TeV. Physics Letters B, 780, 432–454. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.03.019

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for new physics in events with two soft oppositely charged leptons and missing transverse momentum in proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 782, 440–467. doi:10.1016/j.physletb. 2018.05.062

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for pair production of excited top quarks in the lepton + jets final state. Physics Letters B, 778, 349-370. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.01.049

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for pair production of vector-like quarks in the bWbW channel from proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Charged-particle Physics Letters B, 779, 82–106. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.01.077

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for R-parity violating supersymmetry in pp collisions at s=13TeV using b jets in a final state with a single lepton, many jets, and high sum of large-radius jet masses. Physics Letters B, 783, 114-139. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.06.028

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for single production of a vector-like T quark decaying to a Z boson and a top quark in proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. *Physics Letters B*, 781, 574–600. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.04.036

Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for gauge-me-Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for supersymmetry in events with one lepton and multiple jets exploiting the angular correlation between the lepton and the missing transverse momentum in proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 780, 384-409. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.03.028

symmetry with Higgs boson to diphoton deters B, 777, 39–63. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2017. cays using the razor variables at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 779, 166-190. doi:10.1016/j.phys letb.2017.12.069

> Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Search for the pair production of third-generation squarks with two-body decays to a bottom or charm quark and a neutralino in proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 778, 263–291. doi:10. 1016/j.physletb.2018.01.012

> Sirunyan A. M. et al. (2018). Study of jet quenching with isolated-photon+jet correlations in PbPb and pp collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV. Physics Letters B, 785, 14–39. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.07.061

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Angular analysis of the decay $B+\rightarrow K+\mu+\mu-$ in proton-proton collisions at s=8 TeV. Physical Review D, 98(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.112011

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Azimuthal correlations for inclusive 2-jet, 3-jet, and 4-jet events in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(7). doi:10.1140/epjc/ s10052-018-6033-4

> nuclear modification factors in XeXe collisions at s N N = 5.44\$\$ \sqrt{s {\mathrm{NN}}} = 5.44 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(10). doi:10.1007/jhep10(2018)138

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Combined search for electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2018)160.

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Comparing transverse momentum balance of b jet pairs in pp and PbPb collisions at s N N = 5.02\$\$ $sqrt{s_{NN}}=5.02$ \$\$ TeV. Jour-

nal of High Energy Physics, 2018(3). doi:10.1007/ {ZZ}\$\$ pp → ZZ production cross section and jhep03(2018)181.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Constraining Gluon Distributions in Nuclei Using Dijets in Protonproton and Proton-Lead Collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 121(6). doi:10.1103/ physrevlett.121.062002

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Constraints on models of scalar and vector leptoquarks decaying to a quark and a neutrino at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 98(3). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.032005

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Constraints on the chiral magnetic effect using charge dependent azimuthal correlations in pPb and PbPb collisions at the CERN Large Hadron Collider. Physical Review C, 97(4). doi:10.1103/physrevc.97.044912

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Constraints on the double-parton scattering cross section from samesign W boson pair production in proton-proton collisions at s = 8\$\$ \sqrt{s}=8 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(2). doi:10.1007/ jhep02(2018)032.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for leptoquarks coupled to third-generation quarks in proton–proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 121(24). doi:10.1103/physrevlett. 121.241802

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Electroweak production of two jets in association with a Z boson in proton-proton collisions at \$ sqrt $\{s\}$ = \$ s = 13 \$\$\,\text {TeV}\$\$ TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(7). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6049-9

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Elliptic flow of charm and strange hadrons in high-multiplicity p+Pb collisions at sNN=8.16 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 121(8). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.082301

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Erratum to: Measurement of b hadron lifetimes in pp collisions at $\$ \sqrt{s} = 8\$ s = 8 \$ \$, \text {Te}\text {V}\$\$ Te. The European Physical Journal C, 78(7). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6014-7

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Erratum to: Measurements of the \$\$\hbox {pp}\rightarrow\hbox

the $\$ \hbox {Z} \rightarrow 4\ell \$\$ Z \rightarrow 4 l branching fraction, and constraints on anomalous triple gauge couplings at $\$\$ = 13\,\hbox ${TeV}$ \$\$ s = 13 TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(6). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5769-1

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Event shape variables measured using multijet final states in proton-proton collisions at s=13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Fournal of High Energy Physics, 2018(12). doi:10.1007/jhep12(2018)117

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Evidence for associated production of a Higgs boson with a top quark pair in final states with electrons, muons, and hadronically decaying τ leptons at s = 13 \$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(8). doi:10.1007/jhep08(2018)066

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Evidence for the associated production of a single top quark and a photon in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 121(22). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.221802

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Identification of heavy-flavour jets with the CMS detector in pp collisions at 13 TeV. Journal of Instrumentation, 13(05), P05011. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/13/05p05011

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Inclusive search for a highly boosted Higgs boson decaying to a bottom quark-antiquark pair. Physical Review Letters, 120(7). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.071802

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Jet properties in PbPb and pp collisions at s N N = 5.02 \$\$ \ $sqrt{s_{\mathrm{N}}}=5.02$ \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(5). doi:10.1007/jhep05(2018)006.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of associated Z + charm production in proton-proton collisions at $\$ \sqrt{s} = 8$ s = 8 ,\ text {TeV}\$\$ TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(4). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5752-x

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of b hadron lifetimes in pp collisions at $\$\$ \setminus \{s\} =$ 8\$\$ s = 8 \$\$\,\text {Te}\\text {V}\$\$\$ TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(6). doi:10.1140/ epjc/s10052-018-59293

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of collisions at s = 13 \$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Jourfrom proton–proton collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$, text {TeV} \$. The European Physical Journal C, 78(9). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6144-y

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of differential cross sections for the production of top quark pairs and of additional jets in lepton+jets events from pp collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 97(11). doi:10.1103/phys-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of the revd.97.112003

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of differential cross sections for Z boson production in association with jets in proton- proton collisions at v s=13TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(11). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6373-0

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of differential cross sections in the kinematic angular variable φ* for inclusive Z boson production in pp collisions at s = 8\$\$ \sqrt{s}=8 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(3). doi:10.1007/ jhep03(2018)172.

substructure observables in tt events from pro- jhep10(2018)117 ton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 98(9). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.092014

malized differential t t - \$\ \mathrm{t}\\ overline {\mathrm{t}} \$\$ cross sections in the dilepton channel from pp collisions at s = 13 \$\$ \ Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(4). doi:10.1007/jhep04(2018)060.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of prompt and nonprompt charmonium suppression in \$\$\text {PbPb}\$\$ PbPb collisions at 5.02 \$\$\,\text {Te}\text {V}\$\$ TeV. The Euro-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of pean Physical Journal C, 78(6). doi:10.1140/epjc/ the underlying event activity in inclusive Z bos10052-018-5950-6

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of prompt D0 meson azimuthal anisotropy in Pb-Pb collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV. Physical Review Letters, Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of 120(20). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.202301

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of the cross section for top quark pair production in 78(9), doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6148-7 association with a W or Z boson in proton-proton

charged particle spectra in minimum-bias events nal of High Energy Physics, 2018(8). doi:10.1007/ jhep08(2018)011

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of the groomed jet mass in PbPb and pp collisions at s N N = 5.02 \sqrt{s {\mathrm{NN}}}=5.02 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(10). doi:10.1007/jhep10(2018)161

> inclusive t t - \$\$ \mathrm{t}\overline{\math $rm\{t\}$ \$\$ cross section in pp collisions at s = 5.02 \$ \sqrt{s}=5.02 \\$ TeV using final states with at least one charged lepton. *Journal of High Energy* Physics, 2018(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2018)115.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of the inelastic proton-proton cross section at s = 13 \$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(7). doi:10.1007/jhep07(2018)161

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of the production cross section for single top quarks in association with W bosons in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Four-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of jet nal of High Energy Physics, 2018(10). doi:10.1007/

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of the Splitting Function in pp and Pb-Pb collisions Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of nor- at sNN=5.02 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 120(14). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.142302

> the top quark mass with lepton+jets final states using \$\mathrm {p}\$ \$\mathrm {p}\$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13\$, TeV\$. The European Physical Journal C, 78(11). doi:10.1140/epjc/ s10052-018-6332-9

son production in proton–proton collisions at s = 13 \$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(7). doi:10.1007/jhep07(2018)032

the weak mixing angle using the forward-backward asymmetry of Drell-Yan events in pp collisions at 8 TeV. The European Physical Journal C.

Z/gamma* -> tau tau cross section in pp collisions at root s=13 TeV and validation of tau lepton analysis techniques. The European Physical Journal C, 78(9). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6146-9

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of the Ab polarization and angular parameters in Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of revd.97.072010

differential cross sections of top quark pair production as a function of kinematic event variables in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 121(24). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.242301 2018(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2018)002

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurements of Higgs boson properties in the diphoton decay channel in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, trometer. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(7). 2018(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2018)185

the differential jet cross section as a function of the jet mass in dijet events from proton-proton Physical Review Letters, 121(14). doi:10.1103/physcollisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/ jhep11(2018)113

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurements of the \$\$\mathrm {p}\mathrm {p}\rightarrow \ $mathrm\{Z\}\mathrm\{Z\}$ \$\$ p p \rightarrow Z Z production cross section and the \$\mathrm{Z}\rightar-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of row 4\ell \$\$ Z → 4 l branching fraction, and tt H Production. Physical Review Letters, 120(23). constraints on anomalous triple gauge couplings doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.231801 at $\$ \sqrt{s} = 13$, TeV \$\$ s = 13 TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(2). doi:10.1140/ Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Performance of reepic/s10052-018-5567-9

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of complex time structures in the cosmic-ray electron and positron fluxes with the alpha magnetic spectrometer on the International Space Station. Physical Review Letters, 121(5). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.051102

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of correlated azimuthal anisotropy fourier harmonics in pp and p+Pb collisions at the LHC. Phys-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Precision measuical Review Letters, 120(9). doi:10.1103/physrev- rement of the structure of the CMS inner lett.120.092301

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurement of the Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of electroweak production of same-sign w boson pairs in the two jet and two same-sign lepton final state in proton–proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 120(8). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.081801

 $\Lambda b \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda$ decays from pp collisions at s=7 and Higgs boson decay to bottom quarks. Physical Re-8 TeV. Physical Review D, 97(7). doi:10.1103/phys-view Letters, 121(12). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurements of Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of medium-induced modifications of jet fragmentation in Pb-Pb collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV using isolated photon-tagged jets. Physical Review Letters,

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of proton-tagged, central (semi)exclusive production of high-mass lepton pairs in pp collisions at 13 TeV with the CMS-TOTEM precision proton specdoi:10.1007/jhep07(2018)153

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Measurements of Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of the Z→\psil+l- Decay in pp Collisions at s=13 TeV. revlett.121.141801

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Observation of the $\gamma b1(3P)$ and $\gamma b2(3P)$ and Measurement of their Masses. Physical Review Letters, 121(9). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.092002

construction and identification of τ leptons decaying to hadrons and vt in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Journal of Instrumentation, 13(10), P10005-P10005. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/13/10/p10005

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Performance of the CMS muon detector and muon reconstruction with proton–proton collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Journal of Instrumentation, 13(06), P06015-P06015. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/13/06/p06015

tracking system using nuclear interactions. Jour-

nal of Instrumentation, 13(10), P10034–P10034. state in proton–proton collisions at s = 13 \$\$ doi:10.1088/1748-0221/13/10/p10034

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Pseudorapidity and transverse momentum dependence of flow harmonics in pPb and PbPb collisions. Physical Review C, 98(4). doi:10.1103/physrevc.98.044902

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for a charged Higgs boson decaying to charm and bottom quarks in proton–proton collisions at s = 8\$\$ \sqrt{s}=8 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2018)115

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for a heavy resonance decaying into a Z boson and a vector boson in the v v q q\$\ \nu \overline{\ nu\mathrm{q}\overline{\mathrm{q}} \$\$ final state. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(7). doi:10.1007/jhep07(2018)075

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for a heavy resonance decaying into a Z boson and a Z or W boson in 212g final states at s = 13\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(9). doi:10.1007/jhep09(2018)101

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for a heavy resonance decaying to a pair of vector bosons in the lepton plus merged jet final state at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(5). doi:10.1007/jhep05(2018)088.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for a heavy right-handed W boson and a heavy neutrino in events with two same-flavor leptons and two jets at s = 13 \$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(5). doi:10.1007/jhep05(2018)148

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for a new scalar resonance decaying to a pair of Z bosons in proton-proton collisions at \$\$ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2018)127

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for a singly produced third-generation scalar leptoquark decaying to a τ lepton and a bottom quark in proton-proton collisions at s = 13 s=13\$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(7). doi:10.1007/jhep07(2018)115

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for additional neutral MSSM Higgs bosons in the τ τ final

sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(9). doi:10.1007/jhep09(2018)007

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for an exotic decay of the Higgs boson to a pair of light pseudoscalars in the final state of two muons and two τ leptons in proton–proton collisions at s = 13 \$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2018)018

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for beyond the standard model Higgs bosons decaying into a b b - \$\$ \mathrm{b}\overline{\mathrm{b}} \$\$ pair in pp collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(8). doi:10.1007/jhep08(2018)113

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for black holes and sphalerons in high-multiplicity final states in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2018)042

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for dark matter in events with energetic, hadronically decaying top quarks and missing transverse momentum at s = 13 s=13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(6). doi:10.1007/ jhep06(2018)027

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for dark matter produced in association with a Higgs boson decaying to $\gamma\gamma$ or $\tau + \tau - \text{at s} = 13 \$\$ \setminus$ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(9). doi:10.1007/jhep09(2018)046

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for decays of stopped exotic long-lived particles produced in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$\sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(5). doi:10.1007/jhep05(2018)127.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for disappearing tracks as a signature of new long-lived particles in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ $\sqrt{s}=13$ \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(8). doi:10.1007/jhep08(2018)016

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos in multilepton final states in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$\sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. *\four-*

nal of High Energy Physics, 2018(3). doi:10.1007/ Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for low mass jhep03(2018)166.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for heavy neutral leptons in events with three charged leptons in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 120(22). doi:10.1103/phys-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for massive revlett.120.221801

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for heavy resonances decaying into a vector boson and a Higgs boson in final states with charged leptons, neutrinos and b quarks at s = 13 s = 13\$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2018)172

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for Higgsino pair production in pp collisions at s=13 TeV in final states with large missing transverse momentum and two Higgs bosons decaying via H→bb. Physical Review D, 97(3). doi:10.1103/ physrevd.97.032007

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for highmass resonances in dilepton final states in pro-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for natuton-proton collisions at s = 13 $s \cdot sqrt(s) = 13$ \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2018)120

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for highmass resonances in final states with a lepton and missing transverse momentum at s = 13\$\$ 2018(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2018)128

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for lepton flavour violating decays of the Higgs boson to ut and et in proton–proton collisions at s = 13 \$\$ \ 2018(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2018)001

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for lep-sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, ton-flavor violating decays of heavy resonances and quantum black holes to eu final states in proton-proton collisions at s = 13 $s \cdot sqrt(s) = 13$ \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(4). doi:10.1007/jhep04(2018)073.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for longlived particles with displaced vertices in multijet events in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 98(9). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.092011

vector resonances decaying into quark-antiquark pairs in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(1). doi:10.1007/jhep01(2018)097.

resonances decaying into WW, WZ, ZZ, qW, and qZ with dijet final states at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 97(7). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.072006

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for narrow and broad dijet resonances in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV and constraints on dark matter mediators and other new particles. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(8). doi:10.1007/jhep08(2018)130

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for narrow resonances in the b-tagged dijet mass spectrum in proton-proton collisions at s=8 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 120(20). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.

ral and split supersymmetry in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV in final states with jets and missing transverse momentum. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(5). doi:10.1007/jhep05(2018)025

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for natusqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, ral supersymmetry in events with top quark pairs and photons in pp collisions at s = 8\$\$ sqrt(s)=8 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2018)167.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for new phesqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, nomena in final states with two opposite-charge, same-flavor leptons, jets, and missing transverse momentum in pp collisions at s = 13\$\$ 2018(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2018)076

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for new physics in dijet angular distributions using proton-proton collisions at root s=13 TeV and constraints on dark matter and other models. The European Physical Journal C, 78(9). doi:10.1140/epjc/ s10052-018-6242-x

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for new physics in final states with an energetic jet or a hadronically decaying W or Z boson and trans

verse momentum imbalance at s=13 TeV. *Physical* missing transverse momentum in proton–proton Review D, 97(9). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.092005

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for pair-pro-jhep11(2018)151 duced resonances decaying to quark pairs in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for super-D, 98(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.112014

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for pair-produced resonances each decaying into at least four quarks in proton–proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 121(14). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.121.141802

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for physics beyond the standard model in events with high-momentum Higgs bosons and missing transverse momentum in proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 120(24). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.241801

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for physics beyond the standard model in high-mass diphoton events from proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 98(9). doi:10.1103/phys-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for the derevd.98.092001

nances in the mass spectrum of muon pairs produced in association with b quark jets in proton-13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2018)161

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for resonant pair production of Higgs bosons decaying to bottom quark-antiquark pairs in proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(8). doi:10.1007/jhep08(2018)152

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for single production of vector-like quarks decaying to a b quark and a Higgs boson. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2018)031

model production of four top quarks with samesign and multilepton final states in proton-proton collisions at $\$ \cdot \{s\} = 13 \cdot \{TeV\}$ \$\$ s = 13 TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(2). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5607-5

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for supersymmetry in events with a τ lepton pair and

collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. *Tour*nal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/

symmetry in events with at least three electrons or muons, jets, and missing transverse momentum in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(2). doi:10.1007/jhep02(2018)067

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for supersymmetry in proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV using identified top quarks. Physical Review D, 97(1). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.012007

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for t t H \$\$ \mathrm{t}\overline{\mathrm{t}}\mathrm{H} \$\$ production in the all-jet final state in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2018)101

cay of a Higgs boson in the lly channel in proton-proton collisions at s = 13 s = 13Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for reso- \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2018)152

proton collisions at s = 8 \$\$ \sqrt{s}=8 \$\$ and Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for the flavor-changing neutral current interactions of the top quark and the Higgs boson which decays into a pair of b quarks at s = 13 s = 13\$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2018)102

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for the X(5568) state decaying into Bs0π± in protonproton collisions at s=8 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 120(20). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.202005

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for third-generation scalar leptoquarks decaying to a top quark and a tau lepton at root s=13 TeV. The Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for standard European Physical Journal C, 78(9). doi:10.1140/ epic/s10052-018-6143-z

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for top squarks and dark matter particles in opposite-charge dilepton final states at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 97(3). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.032009

\$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(9). 120.142301 doi:10.1007/jhep09(2018)065

doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.072008

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for vector-like T and B quark pairs in final states with Sirunyan, A. M., et al. (2018). Pseudorapidity leptons at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(8). doi:10.1007/ jhep08(2018)177

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for ZZ resonances in the 212v final state in proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV. *Journal of High Energy Physics*, 2018(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2018)003.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for Zγ reso- 59(3). doi:10.1007/s00601-018-1355-1 nances using leptonic and hadronic final states in proton-proton collisions at s = 13 \$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 Sternbeck, A., Leutnant, M., & Eichmann, G. \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(9). doi:10.1007/jhep09(2018)148

production of charginos and top squarks in final ton-proton collisions at s = 13 $s \cdot sqrt(s) = 13$ \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2018)079

rm {s}}1}(5830)^0 \$\$ B s 1 (5830) 0 mesons in- 68976.2018.1540803 cluding the observation of the $\S\{\mathrm \{B\}\}\$ ^{*}_{{\mathrm {s}}}2}(5840)^0 \rightarrow {\ $\{S\}\}$ \$\$ B s 2 * (5840) 0 \rightarrow B 0 K S 0 decay in proton-proton collisions at \$\$\sqrt{s}=8\,\text ${TeV}$ \$\$ s = 8 TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 78(11). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6390-z

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Study of dijet events with a large rapidity gap between the two leading heliosphere with proton and helium data from jets in pp collisions at \$\$\sqrt{s}=7\$\$ \$\$\,\text AMS. Physical Review Letters, 121(25). doi:10.1103/ {TeV}\$\$. The European Physical Journal C, 78(3). physrevlett.121.251104 doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5691-6

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for top Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Suppression of squarks decaying via four-body or chargino-me- excited Y states relative to the ground state in diated modes in single-lepton final states in pro- Pb-Pb collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV. Physical Reton-proton collisions at s = 13 \$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 view Letters, 120(14). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). (2019). Search for Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Search for vector-supersymmetry in events with a photon, a leplike light-flavor quark partners in proton-proton ton, and missing transverse momentum in procollisions at s=8 TeV. Physical Review D, 97(7). ton-proton collisions at s = 13 $\$ \sqrt{s} = 13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(1). doi:10.1007/jhep01(2019)154.

> distributions of charged hadrons in proton-lead collisions at s N N = 5.02 \sqrt{s_{\math-} rm{NN}}}=5.02 \$\$ and 8.16 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2018(1). doi:10.1007/ jhep01(2018)045.

> Stadler, A., Leitão, S., Peña, M. T., & Biernat, E. P. (2018). Heavy and heavy-light mesons in the covariant spectator theory. Few-Body Systems,

(2019, May 29). Towards lattice-assisted hadron physics calculations based on QCD n-point functions. Proceedings of The 36th Annu-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Searches for pair al International Symposium on Lattice Field Theory - PoS(LATTICE2018). The 36th Annustates with two oppositely charged leptons in pro- al International Symposium on Lattice Field Theory. doi:10.22323/1.334.0068

Tavares, M. I. B., da Silva, E. O., Silva, P. S. R. C., & Sebastião, P.J. (2018). The use of fast field Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2018). Studies of \$\${\math-cycling to evaluate the time domain relaxation rm $\{B\}\} ^{*}_{\{\text{mathrm } \{s\}} 2\} (5840)^0 \$ B s$ of starches from tropical fruit seeds. Molecular 2 * (5840) 0 and \$\${\mathrm {B}}} {{\mathrm {B}}} {{\mathrm {B}}}

Terças, H., Rodrigues, J. D., & Mendonça, J. mathrm {B}} ^0 \mathrm {K} ^0 \mathrm T. (2018). Axion-plasmon polaritons in strongly magnetized plasmas. Physical Review Letters, 120(18). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.120.181803

> Tomassetti, N., Barão, F., Bertucci, B., Fiandrini, E., Figueiredo, J. L., Lousada, J. B., & Orcinha, M. (2018). Testing diffusion of cosmic rays in the

Torres Alonso, E. et al. (2018). Graphene elec- 2019 tronic fibres with touch-sensing and light-emitting functionalities for smart textiles. Npj Flexible Electronics, 2(1). doi:10.1038/s41528-018-0040-2 Aab, A. et al. (2018). Observation of inclined

Tsang, K. W., Rollier, M., Ghosh, A., Samajdoso, V., Khanna, G., & Van Den Broeck, C. doi:10.1088/1475-7516/2018/10/026 (2018). A morphology-independent data analysis method for detecting and characterizing gra- Aab, A. et al. (2019). Data-driven estimation of vitational wave echoes. Physical Review D, 98(2). doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.024023

Uguz, S. S., Ozvural, E. B., Beira, M. J., Oztop, M. H., & Sebastião, P. J. (2018). Use of NMR Aab, A. et al. (2019). Limits on point-like sourc-Relaxometry to identify frankfurters of different es of ultra-high-energy neutrinos with the meat sources. Molecular Physics, 117(7–8), 1015– 1019. doi:10.1080/00268976.2018.1542162

Vargas, J. F., Lopez, B., Panesi, M., & Lino Da Silva, M. (2018). Refitting of detailed CO2IR Aab, A. et al. (2019). Measurement of the average databases to vibrationally specific databases shape of longitudinal profiles of cosmic-ray air tailored for aerothermodynamic flows. 2018 Joint Thermophysics and Heat Transfer Conference. of Cosmology and Astroparticle Physics, 2019(03), 018doi:10.2514/6.2018-4177

D., Silva, C., & Ribeiro, T. (2018). Turbulence tra-high-energy cosmic rays with neutrinos in level effects on conventional reflectometry using the EeV energy range using the Pierre Auger 2D full-wave simulations. Review of Scientific Instru- Observatory. Journal of Cosmology and Astroparticle ments, 89(10), 10H110. doi:10.1063/1.5038756

Vicente, R., Cardoso, V., & Lopes, J. C. (2018). Penrose process, superradiance, and ergoregion instabilities. Physical Review D, 97(8). doi:10.1103/ physrevd.97.084032

Vranic, M., Fonseca, R. A., & Silva, L. O. (2018). Extremely intense laser-based electron accelera- doi:10.3847/2041-8213/aaa66d tion in a plasma channel. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 60(3), 034002. doi:10.1088/1361- Aaboud, M. et al. (2019). Combinations of sin-6587/aaa36c

Strain manipulation of Majorana fermions in CMS experiments. Journal of High Energy Physics, graphene armchair nanoribbons. Physical Review 2019(5). doi:10.1007/jhep05(2019)088 B, 97(4). doi:10.1103/physrevb.97.041414

fast XUV optical properties of x-ray free-electices in pp collisions at s=13 TeV with the ATLAS tron-laser heated matter with high-order har- detector. Physical Review D, 99(1). doi:10.1103/ monics. Physical Review A, 97(2). doi:10.1103/ physrevd.99.012001 physreva.97.023414

EeV air showers with the radio detector of the Pierre Auger Observatory. *Journal of Cosmolo*dar, A., Agathos, M., Chatziioannou, K., Car- gy and Astroparticle Physics, 2018(10), 026-026.

> the invisible energy of cosmic ray showers with the Pierre Auger Observatory. Physical Review D, 100(8). doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.082003

Pierre Auger Observatory. Journal of Cosmology and Astroparticle Physics, 2019(11), 004-004. doi:10.1088/1475-7516/2019/11/004

showers at the Pierre Auger Observatory. Journal 018. doi:10.1088/1475-7516/2019/03/018

Vicente, J., da Silva, F., Heuraux, S., Conway, G. Aab, A. et al. (2019). Probing the origin of ul-Physics, 2019(10), 022-022. doi:10.1088/1475-7516/2019/10/022

> Aab, A., Abreu, P., Aglietta, M. et al. (2018). An Indication of anisotropy in arrival directions of ultra-high-energy cosmic rays through comparison to the flux pattern of extragalactic gamma-ray sources. The Astrophysical Journal, 853(2), L29.

gle-top-quark production cross-section measurements and |fLVVtb| determinations at \$\$ \ Wang, Z.-H., Castro, E. V., & Lin, H.-Q. (2018). sqrt{s} \$\$ = 7 and 8 TeV with the ATLAS and

Aaboud, M. et al. (2019). Search for long-lived Williams, G. O. et al. (2018). Tracking the ultra-particles in final states with displaced dimuon ver-

tunities. The European Physical Journal C, 79(6). physletb.2019.04.038 doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-019-6904-3

lider. The European Physical Journal Special Topics, 228(2), 261-623. doi:10.1140/epjst/e2019-900045-4

Abada, A. et al. (2019). FCC-hh: The Hadron Alexeev, M. G. et al. (2019). Measurement of Collider. The European Physical Journal Special To-P-weighted Sivers asymmetries in leptoproducpics, 228(4), 755-1107. doi:10.1140/epjst/e2019- tion of hadrons. Nuclear Physics B, 940, 34-53. 900087-0

gy Large Hadron Collider. The European Phydoi:10.1140/epjst/e2019-900088-6

Acciari, V. A. et al. (2019). Deep observations of the globular cluster M15 with the MAGIC telescopes. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 484(2), 2876–2885. doi:10.1093/mnras/stz179 Amin, S. T., Mera, B., Paunković, N., & Vieira,

and Fermi-LAT gamma-ray observations of blazars up to z = 1. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 486(3), 4233-4251. doi:10.1093/ Anderson, M. et al. (2019). Search for invisible mnras/stz943

Adamczewski-Musch, J. et al. (2019). Identical pion intensity interferometry in central Au + Au collisions at 1.23A GeV. Physics Letters B, 795, 446-451. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.06.047

the origin of cosmic-ray electrons. Physical Review Letters, 122(10). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122. Annulli, L., Cardoso, V., & Gualtieri, L. (2019). 101101

Aguilar, M. et al. (2019). Towards understanding the origin of cosmic-ray positrons. Physical review letters, 122(4). Doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.041102

in temporal association with radio giant pulses *Physics A*, 982, 795–798. doi:10.1016/j.nuclphyfrom the Crab pulsar. Astronomy & Astrophysics, sa.2018.11.014 634, A25. doi:10.1051/0004-6361/201833555

sion of partons in the proton probed in the sea- Machado, P. (2019). Automatic design of artifiquark range by measuring the DVCS cross sec- cial neural networks for gamma-ray detection.

Abada, A. et al. (2019). FCC Physics Opportion. Physics Letters B, 793, 188–194. doi:10.1016/j.

Albuquerque, D. C., Martins, V. C., & Cardoso, Abada, A. et al. (2019). FCC-ee: The Lepton Col-S. (2019). Magnetoresistive detection of clinical biomarker for monitoring of colorectal cancer. IEEE Magnetics Letters, 10, 1-5. doi:10.1109/ lmag.2019.2951339

doi:10.1016/j.nuclphysb.2018.12.024

Abada, A. et al. (2019). HE-LHC: The High-Ener- Aluculesei, A., Cachitas, H., Carvalho, J., Vaca Chavez, F., Figueirinhas, J. L., Sebastião, P. J., sical Journal Special Topics, 228(5), 1109-1382. Cruz, C., Tamba, M. G., Kohlmeier, A., & Mehl, G. H. (2019). 1H NMR study of molecular order and dynamics in the liquid crystal CB-C9-CB. Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics, 21(8), 4523-4537. doi:10.1039/c8cp06868b

V. R. (2019). Information geometric analysis of Acciari, V. A. et al. (2019). Measurement of the long range topological superconductors. Journal extragalactic background light using MAGIC of Physics: Condensed Matter, 31(48), 485402. doi:10.1088/1361-648x/ab3c70

> modes of nucleon decay in water with the SNO+ detector. Physical Review D, 99(3). doi:10.1103/ physrevd.99.032008

Anderson, M., Andringa, S., Asahi, S. et al. (2019). Measurement of the B8 solar neutrino flux in SNO+ with very low backgrounds. Physical Aguilar, M. et al. (2019). Towards understanding Review D, 99(1). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.012012

> Electromagnetism and hidden vector fields in modified gravity theories: Spontaneous and induced vectorization. Physical Review D, 99(4). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.044038

Apolinário, L., Milhano, G., Salgado, C. A., & Salam, G. (2019). Unveiling the voctosecond Ahnen, M. L. et al. (2020). Statistics of VHE γ-rays structure of the QGP with top quarks. *Nuclear*

Assunção, F., Correia, J., Conceição, R., Pi-Akhunzyanov, R. et al. (2019). Transverse extenmenta, M. J. M., Tomé, B., Lourenço, N., & IEEE Access, 7, 110531-110540. doi:10.1109/ new black hole solutions. Physical Review D, 99(3). access.2019.2933947

Ayllon, R., Terças, H., & Mendonça, J. T. (2019). Cadež, T., Mondaini, R., Castro, E. V., & Sacra-Electron trapping in freely expanding ultracold neutral plasmas. Physics of Plasmas, 26(3), 033501. der in topological systems: localized, critical and doi:10.1063/1.5064445

Barack, L., Cardoso, V., Nissanke, S. et al. (2019). Black holes, gravitational waves and fundamental physics: a roadmap. Classical and Quantum Gravity, 36(14), 143001. doi:10.1088/1361-6382/ab0587

Barreiros, D. M., Felipe, R. G., & Joaquim, F. R. (2018). Minimal type-I seesaw model with max- Caetano, D. M. et al. (2019). High-resolution nonimally restricted texture zeros. Physical Review D, 97(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.97.115016

Barreiros, D. M., Felipe, R. G., & Joaquim, F. R. (2019). Combining texture zeros with a remnant Cardoso, J. P., Mendes, L. F., & Mendes, J. F. CP symmetry in the minimal type-I seesaw. Fournal of High Energy Physics, 2019(1). doi:10.1007/ jhep01(2019)223

Barrocas, B., Monteiro, O. C., Nunes, M. R., & Silvestre, A. J. (2019). Influence of Re and Ru doping on the structural, optical and photocataly- Cardoso, V., del Río, A., & Kimura, M. (2019). tic properties of nanocrystalline TiO2. SN Applied Distinguishing black holes from horizonless ob-Sciences, 1(6). doi:10.1007/s42452-019-0567-4

Bernard, L., Cardoso, V., Ikeda, T., & Zilhão, physrevd.100.084046 M. (2019). Physics of black hole binaries: Geodesics, relaxation modes, and energy extraction. Cardoso, V., Gualtieri, L., & Moore, C. J. (2019). Physical Review D, 100(4). doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.044002

Bicudo, P., Cardoso, M., Cardoso, N., & Wag-revd.100.124037 ner, M. (2020). Bottomonium resonances with I=0 from lattice OCD correlation functions with Cardoso, V., Kimura, M., Maselli, A., Berti, E., doi:10.1103/physrevd.101.034503

Bicudo, P., Cardoso, N., & Cardoso, M. (2019). Pure gauge flux tubes and their widths at finite temperature. Nuclear Physics B, 940, 88-112. doi:10.1016/j.nuclphysb.2019.01.012

Biel, W., Albanese, R., Ambrosino, R. et al. (2019). Diagnostics for plasma control - From ITER to DEMO. Fusion Engineering and Design, 146, 465-472. doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2018.12.092

Bošković, M., Brito, R., Cardoso, V., Ikeda, T., tion, and the ring of fire. *Physical Review D*, 100(8). & Witek, H. (2019). Axionic instabilities and doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.084001

doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.035006

mento, P. D. (2019). Static and dynamic disorextended states. Acta Physica Polonica A, 135(6), 1180–1190. doi:10.12693/aphyspola.135.1180

Čadež, T., Mondaini, R., & Sacramento, P. D. (2019). Edge and bulk localization of Floquet topological superconductors. Physical Review B, 99(1). doi:10.1103/physrevb.99.014301

destructive test probes based on magnetoresistive sensors. IEEE Transactions on Industrial Electronics, 66(9), 7326-7337. doi:10.1109/tie.2018.2879306

(2019). HeatTracer - A novel Monte Carlo radiative heat transfer tool for cavity receivers simulation. SOLARPACES 2018: International Conference on Concentrating Solar Power and Chemical Energy Systems. doi:10.1063/1.5117673

jects through the excitation of resonances during inspiral. Physical Review D, 100(8). doi:10.1103/

Gravitational waves and higher dimensions: Love numbers and Kaluza-Klein excitations. Physical Review D, 100(12). doi:10.1103/phys-

static and light quarks. Physical Review D, 101(3). Macedo, C. F. B., & McManus, R. (2019). Parametrized black hole quasinormal ringdown: Decoupled equations for nonrotating black holes. Physical Review D, 99(10). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.104077

> Cardoso, V., & Pani, P. (2019). Testing the nature of dark compact objects: a status report. Living Reviews in Relativity, 22(1). doi:10.1007/s41114-019-0020-4

Cardoso, V., & Vicente, R. (2019). Moving black holes: Energy extraction, absorption cross sec-

Proton and deuterium NMR study of the CBC9 CB dimer system. The Journal of Physical Chemistry B, 123(6), 1442–1451. doi:10.1021/acs.jpcb. d'Enterria, D. for the CMS Collaboration (2019). 8b11526

va, M. Computational fluid radiative dynamics sa.2018.10.018 of the Galileo Jupiter entry a *Physics of Fluids* 31. 106104 (2019) 10.1063/1.5115264

port standardization challenges in ATCA. IEEE doi:10.1016/j.polymer.2019.121675 Transactions on Nuclear Science, 66(10), 2282–2285. doi:10.1109/tns.2019.2937367

Correia, S. S., Felipe, R. G., & Joaquim, F. R. (2019). Dirac neutrinos in the 2HDM with restrictive Abelian symmetries. Physical Review D, 100(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.115008

Three-body calculations for (p,pN) reactions: Kinematically inclusive, semi-inclusive, and fully exclusive cross sections. Physical Review C, 99(5). doi:10.1103/physrevc.99.054622

s=5.02TeV. Nuclear Physics A, 982, 186–188. doi:10.1016/j.nuclphysa.2018.09.049

Dilão, R., & Mota, B. (2019). The transcripdoi:10.1016/j.jtbi.2019.02.022

Dominguez, F., Milhano, J. G., Salgado, C. A., Tywoniuk, K., & Vila, V. (2019). Coherence effects Fonseca, J., & Dilão, R. (2018). Dynamic guidanin multiple medium-iduced radiation. Proceedings, Hot Quarks 2018 - Workshop for Young Scientists on the Physics of Ultrarelativistic Nucleus-Nucleus Collisions 10(1), 11. doi:10.3390/proceedings2019010011

M. (2019). Analysis of the outer divertor hot spot jhep10(2019)245 activity in the protection video camera recordings at IET. Fusion Engineering and Design, 139, 115-123. Franco, F., Cardoso, S., & Freitas, P. P. (2019). doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2018.12.079

Carvalho, J., Cruz, C., Figueirinhas, J. L., Tamba, Duarte, J. et al. (2019). Computed stereo lensless M. G., Kohlmeier, A., & Mehl, G. H. (2019). X-ray imaging. *Nature Photonics*, 13(7), 449–453. doi:10.1038/s41566-019-0419-1

Evidence for light-by-light scattering in ultraperipheral PbPb collisions at sNN=5.02TeV. Nuclear Santos Fernandes, L., Lopez, B., and Lino da Sil- *Physics A*, 982, 791–794. doi:10.1016/j.nuclphy-

Echeverria, C., Almeida, P. L., Figueirinhas, J. L., & Godinho, M. H. (2019). Understanding Correia, M., Sousa, J., Rodrigues, A. P., Carval- the influence of carbon nanotubes on the flow ho, P. F., Santos, B., Combo, A., Correia, C. M. behavior of liquid crystalline hydroxypropylcel-B. A., & Goncalves, B. (2019). PCIe hot-plug suplulose: A Rheo-NMR study. Polymer, 180, 121675.

> Eichmann, G., Duarte, P., Peña, M. T., & Stadler, A. (2019). Scattering amplitudes and contour deformations. Physical Review D, 100(9). doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.094001

Fernandes, A., Cruz, N., Santos, B. et al. (2019). FPGA code for the data acquisition and real-time Crespo, R., Cravo, E., & Deltuva, A. (2019). processing prototype of the ITER radial neutron Camera. IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science, 66(7), 1318-1323. doi:10.1109/tns.2019.2903646

Ferreira, J. S., & Ribeiro, P. (2019). Lipkin-Meshkov-Glick model with Markovian dissipation: Diab, B. for the CMS collaboration (2019). Frag- A description of a collective spin on a metallic mentation of I/\psi in jets in pp collisions at surface. Physical Review B, 100(18), doi:10.1103/ physrevb.100.184422

Figueira, G., Braga, L., Ahmed, S., Boyle, A., Galimberti, M., Galletti, M., & Oliveira, P. (2019). tional regulation of PER protein in drosophi- Simultaneous measurement of pulse front tilt and la. Journal of Theoretical Biology, 469, 12–17. pulse duration with a double trace autocorrelator. Fournal of the Optical Society of America B, 36(2), 366. doi:10.1364/josab.36.000366

> ce of orbiter gliders: alignment, final approach, and landing. CEAS Space Journal, 11(2), 123-145. doi:10.1007/s12567-018-0219-3

Fontes, D., Romão, J. C., & Valle, J. W. F. (2019). Electroweak breaking and Higgs boson pro-Drenik, A., Brezinsek, S., Carvalho, P., Huber, file in the simplest linear seesaw model. Journal V., Osterman, N., Matthews, G. F., & Nemec, of High Energy Physics, 2019(10). doi:10.1007/

Reconfigurable spintronics wheatstone bridge

sensors with offset voltage compensation at wafer K., Hayashi, T., Ikonen, J., & Widdowson, A. doi:10.1109/tmag.2019.2896379

Franco, F., Dias, R. A., Gaspar, J., de Freitas, S. C., & Freitas, P. P. (2019). Hybrid rigid-flexible magnetoresistive device based on a wafer level Ikeda, T., Brito, R., & Cardoso, V. (2019). Blasts packaging technology for micrometric proxi- of Light from Axions. Physical Review Letters, mity measurements. IEEE Sensors Journal, 19(24), 12363-12368. doi:10.1109/jsen.2019.2938368

Künzel, S., Galimberti, M., & Figueira, G. (2019). High efficiency second harmonic generation of nanojoule-level femtosecond pulses in the visible based on BiBO. High Power Laser Science and Engineering, 7. doi:10.1017/hpl.2018.72

Gonçalves, M., Ribeiro, P., Mondaini, R., & Castro, E. V. (2019). Temperature-driven gapless topological insulator. Physical Review Letters, Jorge, R., Ricci, P., Brunner, S., Gamba, S., 122(12). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.126601

Gonçalves, P. M., Lino da Silva, M., dos Reis, R. J. N., & da Silva, C. R. I. (2019). Hypersonic transatmospheric and exoatmospheric vehicle design using the SUAVE tool. CEAS Space Journal, 12(2), 171-190. doi:10.1007/s12567-019-00283-7

Gottardo, A. et al. (2019). New spectroscopic information on Tl211,213: A changing structure beyond the N=126 shell closure. Physical Review C, 99(5). doi:10.1103/physrevc.99.054326

Guerra, V., Tejero-del-Caz, A., Pintassilgo, C. D., & Alves, L. L. (2019). Modelling N2–O2 plasmas: volume and surface kinetics. Plasma Sources Science doi:10.1088/1361-6587/ab2fac and Technology, 28(7), 073001. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/ab252c

Guimarais, L., Silva, C., Bernert, M. et al. (2019). Link between divertor conditions and high-fieldside/low-field-side midplane density profiles in H-mode plasmas at ASDEX Upgrade. Nuclear Fusion, 59(12), 126041. doi:10.1088/1741-4326/ ab431b

Harada, T., Cardoso, V., & Miyata, D. (2019). Particle creation in gravitational collapse to a horizonless compact object. Physical Review D, 99(4). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.044039

Hatano, Y., Lee, S. E., Likonen, J., Koivuranta, S., Hara, M., Masuzaki, S., Asakura, N., Isobe,

level. IEEE Transactions on Magnetics, 55(7), 1-5. (2019). Tritium distributions on W-coated divertor tiles used in the third JET ITER-like wall campaign. Nuclear Materials and Energy, 18, 258-261. doi:10.1016/j.nme.2019.01.001

122(8). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.081101

Ivanov, I. P., Nishi, C. C., Silva, J. P., & Traut-Galletti, M., Pires, H., Hariton, V., João, C. P., ner, A. (2019). Basis-invariant conditions for CP symmetry of order four. *Physical Review D*, 99(1). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.015039

> Joffrin, E. et al. (2019). Overview of the JET preparation for deuterium-tritium operation with the ITER like-wall. Nuclear Fusion, 59(11), 112021. doi:10.1088/1741-4326/ab2276

> Konovets, V., Loureiro, N. F., Perrone, L. M., & Teixeira, N. (2019). Linear theory of electron-plasma waves at arbitrary collisionality. Tournal of Plasma Physics, 85(2). doi:10.1017/s00223 77819000266

> Kampert, K.-H., Alejandro Mostafa, M., & Zas, E. (2019). Multi-messenger physics with the Pierre Auger Observatory. Frontiers in Astronomy and Space Sciences, 6. doi:10.3389/fspas.2019.00024

> Kaufmann, H. T. C., Silva, C., & Benilov, M. S. (2019). Numerical simulation of the initial stage of unipolar arcing in fusion-relevant conditions. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 61(9), 095001.

> Khokle, R. P., Franco, F., de Freitas, S. C., Esselle, K. P., Heimlich, M. C., & Bokor, D. J. (2019). Eddy Current-tunneling magneto-resistive sensor for micromotion detection of a tibial orthopaedic implant. IEEE Sensors Journal, 19(4), 1285-1292. doi:10.1109/jsen.2018.2881957

> Kikoła, D., Brodsky, S. J., Cavoto, G. et al. (2019). A fixed-target programme at the LHC for heavyion, hadron, spin and astroparticle physics: AF-TER@LHC. Nuclear Physics A, 982, 971-974. doi:10.1016/j.nuclphysa.2018.09.063

> Klinger, T. et al. (2019). Overview of first Wendelstein 7-X high-performance operation. Nuclear

ab03a7

nostics. IEEE Transactions on Plasma Science, 47(1), 858-863. doi:10.1109/tps.2018.2869413

biased waveguide. Journal of Instrumentation, 14 doi:10.1038/s41598-019-45474-8 (11), C11009-C11009. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/ 14/11/c11009

Keenan, F. P., & O'Mullane, M. G. (2019). Popudoi:10.1103/physrevd.99.064014 lation modelling of the He II energy levels in tokamak plasmas: I. Collisional excitation model. Lv, H., Fidalgo, J., Leitão, D. C., Silva, A. V., Journal of Physics B: Atomic, Molecular and Optical Physics, 52(4), 045001. doi:10.1088/1361-6455/aaf703

ho, J., Cruz, C., Sebastião, P. J., & Dong, R. Y. (2019). From molecular biaxiality of real boardshaped mesogens to phase biaxiality? On the doi:10.1016/j.jmmm.2019.01.050 hunt for the holy grail of liquid crystal science. Soft Matter, 15(42), 8496–8511. doi:10.1039/c9sm Lv, H., Fidalgo, J., Silva, A. V. et al. (2019). Assess-01007f

Lopes, I. (2018). The sterile-active neutrino flavor model: the imprint of dark matter on the electron Letters, 114(10), 102402. doi:10.1063/1.5087952 neutrino spectra. The Astrophysical Journal, 869(2), 112. doi:10.3847/1538-4357/aaeb2f

the dark matter content of the galaxy central region. The Astrophysical Journal, 880(2), L25. 477, 68–73. doi:10.1016/j.jmmm.2019.01.007 doi:10.3847/2041-8213/ab2fdd

matter imprint on low-mass main-sequence stars pact objects: Electromagnetic and gravitational in the milky way nuclear star cluster. The Astrophysical Journal, 879(1), 50. doi:10.3847/1538- Review D, 99(6). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.064007 4357/ab2392

term experience in Autonomous Stations and & Carbonell, R. (2019). 3-D seismic travel-time production quality control. Journal of Instrumenta-

Fusion, 59(11), 112004. doi:10.1088/1741-4326/ tion, 14(07), C07002-C07002. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/14/07/c07002

Kudlacek, O., Marchiori, G., Finotto, C., Bet-Loureiro, J. P. S., Iafrati, M., Fernandes, H., tini, P., Henriques, R., Carvalho, B. B., Figue-Mazzitelli, G., Silva, C., Gomes, R., Pereira, T., iredo, H., & Fernandes, H. (2019). Cleaning of Figueiredo, H., & Alves, H. (2019). Liquid tin the Eddy Current Effects From Magnetic Diag- interactions with ISTTOK plasmas. Fusion Engineering and Design, 148, 111268. doi:10.1016/j. fusengdes.2019.111268

Larsen, A. W., Korsholm, S. B., Gonçalves, B. Martins, J. L., Vieira, J., Ferri, J., & Fülöp, T. et al. (2019). Mitigation of EC breakdown in (2019). Radiation emission in laser-wakefields the gyrotron transmission line of the ITER col- driven by structured laser pulses with orbital lective thomson scattering diagnostic via a split angular momentum. Scientific Reports, 9(1).

Luna, R., Zilhão, M., Cardoso, V., Costa, J. L., & Natário, J. (2019). Strong cosmic censorship: Lawson, K. D., Aggarwal, K. M., Coffey, I. H., The nonlinear story. Physical Review D, 99(6).

Kämpfe, T., Riedel, S., Langer, J., Wrona, J., Ocker, B., Freitas, P. P., & Cardoso, S. (2019). The annealing effect on memory state stability and in-Lehmann, M., Maisch, S., Scheuring, N., Carvalterlayer coupling in perpendicular magnetic tunnel junctions with ultrathin MgO barrier. Journal of Magnetism and Magnetic Materials, 477, 142-146.

> ment of conduction mechanisms through MgO ultrathin barriers in CoFeB/MgO/CoFeB perpendicular magnetic tunnel junctions. Applied Physics

Lv, H., Leitao, D. C., Pruegl, K., Raberg, W., Freitas, P. P., & Cardoso, S. (2019). Impact of Lopes, J., Lopes, I., & Silk, J. (2019). Asteroblocking temperature distribution on the thermal seismology of red clump stars as a probe of behavior of MnIr and MnPt magnetoresistive stacks. Journal of Magnetism and Magnetic Materials,

Maggio, E., Cardoso, V., Dolan, S. R., & Pani, Lopes, J., & Lopes, I. (2019). Asymmetric dark P. (2019). Ergoregion instability of exotic comperturbations and the role of absorption. Physical

Marti, D., Marzan, I., Sachsenhausen, J., Alva-Lopes, L., Alves, A. B., Assis, P. et al. (2019). Long rez-Marrón, J., Ruiz, M., Torne, M., Mendes, M., tomography validation of a detailed subsurface model: a case study of the Záncara river basin

(Cuenca, Spain). Solid Earth, 10(1), 177-192. Olyaei, H. Z., Ribeiro, P., & Castro, E. V. (2019). doi:10.5194/se-10-177-2019

Mateus, J. C., Lopes, C. D. F., Cerquido, M., Leitão, L., Leitão, D., Cardoso, S., Ventura, J., & Aguiar, P. (2019). Improved in vitro electrophysiology using 3D-structured microelectrode arrays with a micro-mushrooms islets architecture crosystem for spectroscopic detection of gastroincapable of promoting topotaxis. Journal of Neural Engineering, 16(3), 036012. doi:10.1088/1741- 281, 751-756. doi:10.1016/j.snb.2018.10.142 2552/ab0b86

Cowley, A. A., Arriaga, A., Wiringa, R. B., & Noro, T. (2019). Interplay of dynamical and structure effects in the observables for 12C(p,2p) near 400 MeV with polarized and unpolarized beams. Physics Letters B, 798, 134989. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.134989

Mera, B., Sacha, K., & Omar, Y. (2019). Topologically protected quantization of work. Physical Review Letters, 123(2). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.123. 020601

Mouquinho, A., Figueirinhas, J., & Sotomayor, J. (2019). Digital optical memory devices based on polymer-dispersed liquid crystals films: appropriate polymer matrix morphology. Liquid Crystals, 47(5), 636–649, doi:10.1080/02678292.201 9.1667444

M., Centioli, C., Marocco, D., Esposito, B., Correia, C. M. B., & Pereira, R. C. (2019). The Design and Performance of the real-time software architecture for the ITER radial neutron camera. IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science, 66(7), 1310-1317. doi:10.1109/tns.2019.2907056

Nabais, F., Bizarro, J. P. S., Borba, D. et al. (2019). Energetic ion losses 'channeling' mechanism and strategy for mitigation. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 61(8), 084008. doi:10.1088/1361-6587/ab27fd

Oh, G. for CMS Collaboration(2019). Beyond Reis, C. L., & Martins, J. L. (2019). Practical band nPDFs effects: Prompt J/ ψ and ψ (2S) production in pPb and pp collisions. Nuclear Physics A, 982, 743-746. doi:10.1016/j.nuclphysa.2018.10.028

Oliveira, M. M., Ribeiro, P., & Kirchner, S. by quantum fluctuations. Physical Review Letters, 122(19). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.197601

Transmission across a bilayer graphene region. Physical Review B, 99(20). doi:10.1103/physrevb. 99.205436

Pimenta, S., Cardoso, S., Castanheira, E. M. S., & Minas, G. (2019). Towards an on-chip optical mitestinal dysplasia. Sensors and Actuators B: Chemical,

Pinto, M., Goncalves, P., Marques, A., Pinto, J. Mecca, A., Cravo, E., Deltuva, A., Crespo, R., C., & Hajdas, W. (2019). Development of a Directionality Detector for RADEM, the Radiation Hard Electron Monitor Aboard the JUICE Mission. IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science, 66(7), 1770-1777. doi:10.1109/tns.2019.2900398

> Pinto, M., & Gonçalves, P. (2019). GUIMesh: A tool to import STEP geometries into Geant4 via GDML. Computer Physics Communications, 239, 150-156. doi:10.1016/j.cpc.2019.01.024

> Puel, T. O., Chesi, S., Kirchner, S., & Ribeiro, P. (2019). Mixed-order symmetry-breaking quantum phase transition far from equilibrium. Physical Review Letters, 122(23). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.235701

> Ramstein, B. et al. (2019). Time-like baryon transitions studies with HADES. EPT Web of Conferences, 199, 01008. doi:10.1051/epjconf/ 201919901008

> Raposo, G., Pani, P., Bezares, M., Palenzuela, C., & Cardoso, V. (2019). Anisotropic stars as ultracompact objects in general relativity. Physical Review D, 99(10). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.104072

> Rebelo, M. N. (2019, June). Neutrino physics and leptonic weak basis invariants. Particle Physics at the Silver Jubilee of Lomonosov Conferences. Eighteenth Lomonosov Conference on Elementary Particle Physics. doi:10.1142/9789811202339 0024

> interpolation with a modified tight-binding method. Journal of Physics: Condensed Matter, 31(21), 215501. doi:10.1088/1361-648x/ab0932

Ribeiro, A., João, C., Künzel, S., Koliyadu, J., (2019). Classical and quantum liquids induced André, P., & Fajardo, M. (2019). Development of a compact and portable SHG FROG. In M. F. P. Martins Costa (Ed.), Fourth International Con-

doi:10.1117/12.2530804

Ribeiro, P., & Prosen, T. (2019). Integrable quantum dynamics of open collective spin models. Physical Review Letters, 122(1). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.010401

D., Esposito, B., Correia, C. M. B., Cardoso, J. M. R., & Pereira, R. C. (2019). Linux device driver for radial neutron camera in view of ITER long pulses with variable data throughput. Fusion Engineering and Design, 146, 1698–1702. doi:10.1016/j. fusengdes.2019.03.019

Roque, A., Sousa, D. M., Sebastião, P., Margato, E., & Marques, G. (2019). FFC NMR relaxometer with magnetic flux density control. Journal of Low Power Electronics and Applications, 9(3), 22. doi:10.3390/jlpea9030022

Roytershteyn, V., Boldyrev, S., Delzanno, G. L., Chen, C. H. K., Grošelj, D., & Loureiro, N. F. (2019). Numerical study of inertial Kinetic-Alfvén turbulence. The Astrophysical Journal, 870(2), 103. doi:10.3847/1538-4357/aaf288

Sagun, V. V., Lopes, I., & Ivanytskyi, A. I. (2019). The induced surface tension contribution for the equation of state of neutron stars. The Astrophysical Journal, 871(2), 157. doi:10.3847/1538-4357/

Santos Fernandes, L., Lopez, B., & Lino da Silva, M. (2019). Computational fluid radiative dynamics of the Galileo Jupiter entry. Physics of Fluids, 31(10), 106104. doi:10.1063/1.5115264

Santos, B., Cruz, N., Fernandes, A. et al. (2019). Real-Time data compression for data acquisition systems applied to the ITER radial neutron camera. IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science, 66(7), 1324-1329. doi:10.1109/tns.2019.2899319

Sebastião, P. J. (n.d.). NMR relaxometry in liquid crystals: Molecular organization and molecular dynamics interrelation. New Developments in NMR (pp. 255–302). Royal Society of Chemistry. doi:10.1039/9781788012966-00255

Validation of the edge density profiles from the nuclear modification factors of $\Upsilon(1S)$, $\Upsilon(2S)$, and

ference on Applications of Optics and Photonics. SPIE. grade. Journal of Instrumentation, 14(10), C10014. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/14/10/c10014

> Shakirov, A. M., Rubtsov, A. N., & Ribeiro, P. (2019). Spin transfer torque induced paramagnetic resonance. Physical Review B, 99(5). doi:10.1103/ physrevb.99.054434

Riva, M., Pollastrone, F., Centioli, C., Marocco, Shaukat, M. I., Castro, E. V., & Terças, H. (2019). Spontaneous generation of phononic entanglement in quantum dark-soliton qubits. Physical Review A, 99(4). doi:10.1103/physreva.99.042326

> Shi, Z. et al. (2019). D0-Meson R in PbPb collisions at sNN=5.02TeV and elliptic flow in pPb collisions at sNN=8.16TeV with CMS. Nuclear Physics A, 982, 647-650. doi:10.1016/j.nuclphysa.2018.08.029

> Sias, G., Cannas, B., Fanni, A., Murari, A., & Pau, A. (2019). A locked mode indicator for disruption prediction on JET and ASDEX upgrade. Fusion Engineering and Design, 138, 254-266. doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2018.11.021

> Silva, M., Silva, J. F., Leitao, D. C., Cardoso, S., & Freitas, P. P. (2019). Optimization of the gap size of flux concentrators: pushing further on low noise levels and high sensitivities in spin-valve sensors. *IEEE Transactions on Magnetics*, 55(7), 1–5. doi:10.1109/tmag.2019.2899808

> Silverio, V., Amaral, M., Gaspar, J., Cardoso, S., & Freitas, P. P. (2019). Manipulation of magnetic beads with thin film microelectromagnet traps. Micromachines, 10(9), 607. doi:10.3390/ mi10090607

> Silverio, V., Silva, A. V., Przykaza, K., Santos, L. F., Melo, L. V., & Cardoso, S. (2019). Dark matters: black-PDMS nanocomposite for opaque microfluidic systems. Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics, 21(5), 2719-2726. doi:10.1039/c8cp06828c

Sirunyan, A. M. et al (2019). Measurement of differential cross sections for Z boson pair production in association with jets at s=8 and 13 TeV. Physics Letters B, 789, 19-44. doi:10.1016/j. physletb.2018.11.007

Seliunin, E., Silva, C., Manz, P. et al. (2019). Sirunyan, A. M. et al (2019). Measurement of ICRF antenna reflectometer on ASDEX Up- Y(3S) mesons in PbPb collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV. Physics Letters B, 790, 270-293. doi:10.1016/j. Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Centrality and physletb.2019.01.006

Sirunyan, A. M. et al (2019). Measurement of prompt $\psi(2S)$ production cross sections in proton-lead and proton-proton collisions at sN-N=5.02TeV. Physics Letters B, 790, 509-532. Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Charged-pardoi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.01.058

Sirunyan, A. M. et al (2019). Measurements of properties of the Higgs boson decaying to a W boson pair in pp collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 791, 96-129. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.12.073

Sirunyan, A. M. et al (2019). Non-Gaussian elliptic-flow fluctuations in PbPb collisions at sN-N=5.02TeV. Physics Letters B, 789, 643–665. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.11.063

Sirunyan, A. M. et al (2019). Search for a W'boson decaying to a τ lepton and a neutrino in protonproton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 792, 107-131. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.01.069

Sirunyan, A. M. et al (2019). Search for Higgs boson pair production in the γγbb⁻ final state in pp collisions at s=13TeV. *Physics Letters B*, 788, 7–36. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.10.056

Sirunyan, A. M. et al (2019). Search for supersymmetric partners of electrons and muons in protonproton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 790, 140-166. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.01.005

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). A search for pair production of new light bosons decaying into muons in proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV. Physics Letters B, 796, 131–154. doi:10.1016/j. physletb.2019.07.013

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). An embedding technique to determine ττ backgrounds in proton-proton collision data. Journal of Instrumentation, 14(06), P06032-P06032. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/14/06/p06032

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Azimuthal separation in nearly back-to-back jet topologies in inclusive 2- and 3-jet events in \$\${\text {p}}} {\text $\{p\}\}$ \$\$ collisions at \$\$\sqrt{s}=13\,\text{Te}\ text {V} \$\$. The European Physical Journal C, 79(9). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-7276-4

pseudorapidity dependence of the transverse energy density inpPbcollisions atsNN=5.02TeV. Physical Review C, 100(2). doi:10.1103/physrevc.100.024902

ticle angular correlations in XeXe collisions at sNN=5.44 TeV. Physical Review C, 100(4). doi:10.1103/physrevc.100.044902

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Combination of CMS searches for heavy resonances decaying to pairs of bosons or leptons. Physics Letters B, 798, 134952. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.134952

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Combination of searches for Higgs boson pair production in protonproton collisions at s=13 TeV. *Physical Review Letters*, 122(12). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.121803

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Combined measurements of Higgs boson couplings in protonproton collisions at $\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13\,\text {Te}\ text {V} \$\$. The European Physical Journal C, 79(5). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-6909-y

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Constraints on anomalous HVV couplings from the production of Higgs bosons decaying to τ lepton pairs. Physical Review D, 100(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd. 100.112002

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Erratum to: Search for a new scalar resonance decaying to a pair of Z bosons in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2019)128

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Evidence for lightby-light scattering and searches for axion-like particles in ultraperipheral PbPb collisions at sNN=5.02TeV. Physics Letters B, 797, 134826. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.134826

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Inclusive search for supersymmetry in pp collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV using razor variables and boosted object identification in zero and one lepton final states. Fournal of High Energy Physics, 2019(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2019)031

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Jet shapes of isolated photon-tagged jets in Pb-Pb and pp collisions

doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.152001

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement and interpretation of differential cross sections for Higgs boson production at s=13TeV. *Physics Letters B*, 792, 369-396. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.03.059

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of associated production of a \$\$\mathrm {W}\$\$ W boson and a charm quark in proton-proton collisions at $\$ \sqrt{s} = 13 \$, \text {Te}\text $\{V\}$ \$\$ s = 13 Te. The European Physical Journal C, 79(3). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-019-6752-1

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of Bs0 meson production in pp and PbPb collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV. *Physics Letters B*, 796, 168–190. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.07.014

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of differential cross sections for inclusive isolated-photon and photon+jet production in proton-proton collisions at $\$\$ = 13\,\text ${TeV}$ \$\$ s = 13 TeV. The European Physical Fournal C, 79(1). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-6482-9

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of electroweak WZ boson production and search for new physics in WZ + two jets events in pp collisions at s=13TeV. *Physics Letters B*, 795, 281–307. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.05.042

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of exclusive \$\$\mathrm {\Upsilon }\$\$ Υ photoproduction from protons in \$\$\mathrm {p}\$\$\$ p Pb collisions at \$\$\sqrt{\smash [b]{s_{_{\}}} mathrm $\{NN\}\}\}\}\} = 5.02 \, \text{TeV} \$ s NN = 5.02 TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 79(3). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-019-6774-8

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of exclusive \$\rho(770)^0\$ photoproduction in ultraperipheral pPb collisions at \$\sqrt{s_\mathrm{NN}} = \$ 5.02 TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 79(8). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-7202-9

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of inclusive and differential Higgs boson production cross sections in the diphoton decay channel in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 6863-8 2019(1). doi:10.1007/jhep01(2019)183

at sNN=5.02 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 122(15). Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of inclusive very forward jet cross sections in proton-lead collisions at \$\$ \sqrt{s {\math $rm{NN}}$ \$\$ = 5.02 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(5). doi:10.1007/jhep05(2019)043

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of the average very forward energy as a function of the track multiplicity at central pseudorapidities in proton-proton collisions at \$\$\sqrt{s}=13\,\ text {TeV} \$\$. The European Physical Fournal C. 79(11). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-7402-3

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of the differential Drell-Yan cross section in protonproton collisions at \$\$ \sqrt{\mathrm{s}} \$\$ = 13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(12). doi:10.1007/jhep12(2019)059

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of the energy density as a function of pseudorapidity in proton–proton collisions at $\$ \sqrt{s} = 13$ text {TeV} \$\$. The European Physical Journal C, 79(5). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-6861-x

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of the top quark mass in the all-jets final state at $\$ \sqrt{s} = 13$, \text {TeV} \\$ s = 13 TeV and combination with the lepton+jets channel. The European Physical Journal C, 79(4). doi:10.1140/ epic/s10052-019-6788-2

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of the top quark polarization and tt spin correlations using dilepton final states in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 100(7). doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.072002

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of the top quark Yukawa coupling from tt kinematic distributions in the lepton+jets final state in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 100(7), doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.072007

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurement of the \$\${\mathrm {t}}\overline{\mathrm {t}}}\$\$ tt production cross section, the top quark mass, and the strong coupling constant using dilepton events in pp collisions at \$\$\sqrt{s}=13\,\text ${Te} \text{ } V} $$ s = 13 Te. The European Physical$ Journal C, 79(5). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-019

differential Z boson production cross sections lett.122.132001 in proton–proton collisions at \$ \sqrt{s} \$13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(12). Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Performance of doi:10.1007/jhep12(2019)061

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurements of the Higgs boson width and anomalous HVV couplings from on-shell and off-shell production in the four-lepton final state. Physical Review D, 99(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.112003

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurements of the pp → WZ inclusive and differential production cross sections and constraints on charged anomalous triple gauge couplings at s \$\$ \ $sqrt{s}$ \$\$ = 13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(4). doi:10.1007/jhep04(2019)122

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurements of triple-differential cross sections for inclusive isolated-photon+jet events in \$\$\mathrm{p}\ $\operatorname{mathrm}\{p\}$ \$\$ collisions at \$\$\sqrt{s} = 8\,\text heavy pseudoscalar boson decaying to a Z and {TeV} \$\$. The European Physical Journal C, 79(11). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-7451-7

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurements of \$\mathrm{t\overline{t}}\$ differential cross sections in proton-proton collisions at \$\sqrt{s}=\$ 13 TeV using events containing two leptons. Fournal of High Energy Physics, 2019(2). doi:10.1007/ jhep02(2019)149

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Nuclear dependcollisions at 400 GeV with NA60. The European Physical Journal C, 79(5). doi:10.1140/epjc/ s10052-019-6848-7

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Observation of prompt J/ψ meson elliptic flow in high-multiplicity pPb collisions at sNN=8.16 TeV. Physics Letters B, 791, 172–194. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.02.018

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Observation of single top quark production in association with a Z Boson in proton–proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 122(13). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.132003

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Observation of two excited Bc+ states and measurement of the Bc+(2S) mass in pp collisions at s=13 TeV. Phys-

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Measurements of ical Review Letters, 122(13). doi:10.1103/physrev-

missing transverse momentum reconstruction in proton–proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV using the CMS detector. Journal of Instrumentation, 14(07), P07004. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/14/07/ p07004

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Probing the chiral magnetic wave in pPb and PbPb collisions at sNN=5.02TeV using charge-dependent azimuthal anisotropies. Physical Review C, 100(6). doi:10.1103/physrevc.100.064908

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Pseudorapidity distributions of charged hadrons in xenon-xenon collisions at sNN=5.44 TeV. *Physics Letters B*, 799, 135049. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.135049

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for a a Higgs boson at $\$\$ =13\,\text {Te}\ text {V} \$\$. The European Physical Journal C, 79(7). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-7058-z

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for a heavy resonance decaying to a top quark and a vector-like top quark in the lepton + jets final state in pp collisions at $\$ \sqrt{s} = 13 \$ {TeV} \$\$ s = 13 TeV. The European Physical Fournal C, 79(3). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-019-6688-5

ence of light neutral meson production in p-A Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for a light charged Higgs boson decaying to a w boson and a cp -odd higgs boson in final states with euu or µµµ in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 123(13). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.123.131802

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for a lowmass $\tau - \tau +$ resonance in association with a bottom quark in proton-proton collisions at \$\$ \ $sqrt{s}$ \$\$ = 13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(5). doi:10.1007/jhep05(2019)210

> Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for a standard model-like Higgs boson in the mass range between 70 and 110 GeV in the diphoton final state in proton-proton collisions at s=8 and 13 TeV. Physics Letters B, 793, 320–347. doi:10.1016/j. physletb.2019.03.064

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for a W' boson decaying to a vector-like quark and a top or bottom quark in the all-jets final state. Tournal of High Energy Physics, 2019(3). doi:10.1007/ jhep03(2019)127

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for an exotic decay of the Higgs boson to a pair of light pseudoscalars in the final state with two muons and two b quarks in pp collisions at 13 TeV. Physics Letters B, 795, 398-423. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.06.021

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for anomalous electroweak production of vector boson pairs in association with two jets in proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV. Physics Letters B, 798, 134985. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.134985

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for anomalous triple gauge couplings in WW and WZ production in lepton + jet events in proton-proton collisions at \$ \sqrt{s} \$ = 13 TeV. *Journal* of High Energy Physics, 2019(12). doi:10.1007/ jhep12(2019)062

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a single top quark in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 99(9). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.092005

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for charged Higgs bosons in the H $\pm \rightarrow \tau \pm v\tau$ decay channel in proton–proton collisions at \$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(7). doi:10.1007/jhep07(2019)142

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for contact interactions and large extra dimensions in the dilepton mass spectra from proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(4). doi:10.1007/ jhep04(2019)114

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for dark matter in events with a leptoquark and missing transverse momentum in proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV. Physics Letters B, 795, 76-99. doi:10.10 16/j.physletb.2019.05.046

matter particles produced in association with a doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.04.025

top quark pair at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 122(1). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.011803

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for dark matter produced in association with a Higgs boson decaying to a pair of bottom quarks in protonproton collisions at $\$\$ \left\{s\right\}=13\, \ \{T_e\}\$ text $\{V\}$ \$\$ s = 13 Te. The European Physical Journal C, 79(3). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-019-6730-7

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for dark matter produced in association with a single top quark or a top quark pair in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Fournal of High Energy Physics, 2019(3). doi:10.1007/ jhep03(2019)141

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for dark photons in decays of Higgs bosons produced in association with Z bosons in proton-proton collisions at \$\$ \sqrt{s} \$\$ = 13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(10). doi:10.1007/jhep10(2019)139

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for heavy Majorana neutrinos in same-sign dilepton channels in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(1). doi:10.1007/jhep01(2019)122

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for heavy neutrinos and third-generation leptoquarks in hadronic states of two τ leptons and two jets in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2019)170

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for heavy resonances decaying into two Higgs bosons or into a Higgs boson and a W or Z boson in protonproton collisions at 13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(1). doi:10.1007/jhep01(2019)051

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for Higgs and Z boson decays to J/ψ or Y pairs in the four-muon final state in proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 797, 134811. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.134811

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for invisible decays of a Higgs boson produced through vector boson fusion in proton-proton collisions Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for dark at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 793, 520-551.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for long-Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for new lived particles decaying into displaced jets in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 99(3). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.032011

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for longlived particles using delayed photons in protonproton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 100(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.112003

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for longlived particles using nonprompt jets and missing transverse momentum with proton-proton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 797, 134876. Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for pair prodoi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.134876

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for low mass vector resonances decaying into quark-antiquark pairs in proton–proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 100(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.112007

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for lowmass quark-antiquark resonances produced in Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for pair proassociation with a photon at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 123(23). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.123.231803

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for lowmass resonances decaying into bottom quark-antiquark pairs in proton–proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 99(1). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.012005

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for MSSM Higgs bosons decaying to $\mu + \mu - in proton-pro$ ton collisions at s=13TeV. Physics Letters B, 798, 134992. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.134992

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for narrow Hy resonances in proton–proton collisions at s=13TeV. Physical Review Letters, 122(8). doi:10.1103/ physrevlett.122.081804

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for new particles decaying to a jet and an emerging jet. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(2). doi:10.1007/ jhep02(2019)179

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for new physics in final states with a single photon and missing transverse momentum in proton-proton collisions at s=13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(2). doi:10.1007/jhep02(2019)074

physics in top quark production in dilepton final states in proton-proton collisions at \$\$\ $sgrt{s} = 13 \land TeV{ $\$}$. The European Physical Journal C, 79(11). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-7387-y

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for nonresonant Higgs boson pair production in the b(b)over-barb(b)over-bar final state at root s=13 TeV. Fournal of High Energy Physics, 2019(4). doi:10.1007/jhep04(2019)112

duction of first-generation scalar leptoquarks at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 99(5). doi:10.1103/ physrevd.99.052002

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for pair production of second-generation leptoquarks at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 99(3). doi:10.1103/ physrevd.99.032014

duction of vectorlike quarks in the fully hadronic final state. Physical Review D, 100(7). doi:10.1103/ physrevd.100.072001

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for pair-produced three-jet resonances in proton-proton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 99(1). doi:10.1103/physrevd.99.012010

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for physics beyond the standard model in events with overlapping photons and jets. Physical Review Letters, 123(24). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.123.241801

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for production of Higgs boson pairs in the four b quark final state using large-area jets in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. *Jour*nal of High Energy Physics, 2019(1). doi:10.1007/ jhep01(2019)040

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for rare decays of $\$\$ mathrm $\{Z\}$ and Higgs bosons to $\$ \mathrm {J}/\psi \ \\$ J / \psi and a photon in proton-proton collisions at $\$\$ \cdot \$ = 13 \$$, \text {TeV}\$\$ TeV. The European Physical Journal C. 79(2). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-019-6562-5

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for resonances decaying to a pair of Higgs bosons in the

mathrm{q}} \$\$'lv final state in proton-proton *Physics*, 2019(11). doi:10.1007/jhep11(2019)109 collisions at \$ \sqrt{s} \$ = 13 TeV. *Journal* of High Energy Physics, 2019(10). doi:10.1007/ jhep10(2019)125

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for resonant production of second-generation sleptons with same-sign dimuon events in proton-proton of High Energy Physics, 2019(8). doi:10.1007/ collisions at $\$ \sqrt{s} = 13 \$ text {TeV} \$ s jhep08(2019)150 = 13 TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 79(4). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-6800-x

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for resonant t t - \$\$ \mathrm{t}\overline{\mathrm{t}} \$\$ production in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(4). doi:10.1007/jhep04(2019)031

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for single production of vector-like quarks decaying to a top quark and a \$\$\mathrm {W} \$\$ W boson in proton-proton collisions at $\$\$ \setminus \{s\} = 13 \setminus \text{text}$ ${TeV}$ \$\$ s = 13 TeV. The European Physical Journal C, 79(2). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-019-6556-3

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for supersymmetry in events with a photon, a lepton, and missing transverse momentum in proton-proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ \sqrt{s} = 13 \$\$ TeV. *Tour*nal of High Energy Physics, 2019(1). doi:10.1007/ jhep01(2019)154

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for supersymmetry in events with a photon, jets, \$\$\ mathrm {b}\$\$-jets, and missing transverse momentum in proton–proton collisions at 13\$\$\,\ text{Te}\text {V}\$\$. The European Physical Journal C, 79(5). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-6926-x

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for supersymmetry in final states with photons and missing transverse momentum in proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2019)143

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for supersymmetry in proton-proton collisions at 13 TeV in final states with jets and missing transverse momentum. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(10). doi:10.1007/jhep10(2019)244

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for supersymmetry using Higgs boson to diphoton decays

b\$\$ \overline{\mathrm{b}} \$\$q\$\$ \overline{\} at \$\$ \sqrt{s} \$\$ = 13 TeV. Journal of High Energy

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for supersymmetry with a compressed mass spectrum in the vector boson fusion topology with 1-lepton and 0-lepton final states in proton-proton collisions at $\$\$ \setminus \{s\} \$ = 13 \text{ TeV}$. Fournal

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for the associated production of the Higgs boson and a vector boson in proton-proton collisions at \$\$ \ $sqrt{s}$ \$\$ = 13 TeV via Higgs boson decays to τ leptons. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2019)093

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for the Higgs boson decaying to two muons in protonproton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 122(2). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.021801

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for the pair production of light top squarks in the e±µ∓ final state in proton–proton collisions at s = 13\$\$ sqrt{s}=13 \$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2019)101

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for the production of four top quarks in the single-lepton and opposite-sign dilepton final states in protonproton collisions at \$ \sqrt{s} \$ = 13 TeV. *Your*nal of High Energy Physics, 2019(11). doi:10.1007/ jhep11(2019)082

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for the production of W±W±W∓ events at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D, 100(1). doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for top guark partners with charge 5/3 in the same-sign dilepton and single-lepton final states in proton-proton collisions at s = 13 s = 13\$\$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2019)082

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for vectorlike leptons in multilepton final states in protonproton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physical Review D. 100(5). doi:10.1103/physrevd.100.052003 Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for vector-like quarks in events with two oppositely

charged leptons and jets in proton-proton collisions at $\$ \right\{ = 13 \setminus \{Te\} \setminus \{V\}$ s = 13 Te. The European Physical Journal C, 79(4). doi:10.1140/epic/s10052-019-6855-8

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for w boson decays to three charged pions. Physical Review Letters, 122(15). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.122.151802

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Search for \$\mathrm {t}\overline{\mathrm{t}}\mathrm{H} \$ production in the \$ \mathrm{H}\to \mathrm{b}\ overline{\mathrm{b}}} \$ decay channel with leptonic \$ \mathrm{t}\overline{\mathrm{t}} \$ decays in proton–proton collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ \$ TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(3). doi:10.1007/jhep03(2019)026

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Studies of beauty suppression via nonprompt D0 mesons in Pb-Pb collisions at sNN=5.02 TeV. Physical Review Letters, 123(2). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.123.022001

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Study of the underlying event in top quark pair production in \$\$\ mathrm {p}\mathrm {p}\$\$ p p collisions at 13 $\$ \text {Te}\text {V}\$\$ Te. The European Physical Journal C, 79(2). doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052- Tuccori, N., Pinheiro, T., Peña, T., Alves, L. C., 019-6620-z

Sirunyan, A. M. et al. (2019). Study of the \$\$ {\ma $thrm\{B\}\^{+}\to \mathbf{I}/\operatorname{psi} \operatorname{overline}$ {\Lambda}\mathrm{p} \$\$ decay in proton-proton collisions at \$ \sqrt{s} \$ = 8 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2019(12). doi:10.1007/jhep 12(2019)100

gauge boson using $Z \rightarrow 4\mu$ events in proton–profect at the LHC with the CMS experiment. Nuton collisions at s=13 TeV. Physics Letters B, 792, clear Physics A, 982, 527–530. doi:10.1016/j.nucl-345–368. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2019.01.072

Soares, A. R., Afonso, R., Lampreia, J., Joao, J., Martins, V. C., Piedade, M., & Cardoso, S. (2019). Automatic system to count and classify bacteria based on magnetic cytometry. IEEE Magnetics Letters, 10, 1-5. doi:10.1109/lmag.2019.2953865

Sousa, J., Correia, M., Pereira, R. C. et al. (2019). MTCA control and data acquisition platform for Plasma Diagnostics. Journal of Instrumentation, 14(11), C11025-C11025. doi:10.1088/17 fusengdes.2019.01.002 48-0221/14/11/c11025

Stojanovic, M. for the CMS collaboration (2019). Measurement of anisotropic flow in XeXe collisions at 5.44 TeV with the CMS experiment. Nuclear Physics A, 982, 395–398. doi:10.1016/j. nuclphysa.2018.09.085

Ström, P., Petersson, P., Rubel, M., Fortuna-Zaleśna, E., Widdowson, A., & Sergienko, G. (2019). Analysis of deposited layers with deuterium and impurity elements on samples from the divertor of JET with ITER-like wall. Journal of Nuclear Materials, 516, 202–213. doi:10.1016/j. inucmat.2018.11.027

Tejero-del-Caz, A., Guerra, V., Gonçalves, D., da Silva, M. L., Marques, L., Pinhão, N., Pintassilgo, C. D., & Alves, L. L. (2019). The LisbOn KInetics Boltzmann solver. Plasma Sources Science and Technology, 28(4), 043001. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/ab0537

Tomassetti, N., Barão, F., Bertucci, B., Fiandrini, E., & Orcinha, M. (2019). Numerical modeling of cosmic-ray transport in the heliosphere and interpretation of the proton-to-helium ratio in Solar Cycle 24. Advances in Space Research, 64(12), 2477-2489. doi:10.1016/j.asr.2019.06.025

Botelho, M. J., Raimundo, J., & Vale, C. (2019). Modelling the uptake of suspended materials and salts in nearshore waters by plastics using nuclear microscopy and depth profiling analytical tools. Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section B: Beam Interactions with Materials and Atoms, 451, 127–134. doi:10.1016/j. nimb.2019.05.036

Sirunyan, A. M. et a. (2019). Search for an L - L Tu, Z. (2019). Search for the chiral magnetic efphysa.2018.08.032

> Vargas, J. F., Lopez, B., Panesi, M., & Lino Da Silva, M. (2019). Refitting of ro-vibrational specific CO2 radiation database to vibrationally specific. AIAA Scitech 2019 Forum. doi:10.2514/6.2019-1779

> Vasilopoulou, T. et al. (2019). Improved neutron activation dosimetry for fusion. Fusion Engineering and Design, 139, 109-114. doi:10.1016/j.

Vicente, J., Silva, F. D., Ribeiro, T. et al. (2019). Synthetic conventional reflectometry probing of edge and scrape-off layer plasma turbulence. *Tour*nal of Instrumentation, 14(10), C10043-C10043. doi:10.1088/1748-0221/14/10/c10043

Vidal, C., Luís, R., Pereira, B., Ferreira. et al. (2019). Thermo-structural analyses of the in-vessel components of the ITER collective Thomson scattering system. Fusion Engineering and Design, 140, 123–132. doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2019.02.048

Vygranenko, Y., Fernandes, M., Vieira, M., Lavareda, G., Nunes de Carvalho, C., Brogueira, P., & Amaral, A. (2019). Conducting indium oxide films on plastic substrates by plasma enhanced reactive thermal evaporation. Thin Solid Films, 691, 137604. doi:10.1016/j.tsf.2019.137604

Vygranenko, Y., Vieira, M., Lavareda, G., Nunes de Carvalho, C., Brogueira, P., Amaral, A., Barradas, N. P., & Alves, E. (2019). Optical and photoconductive properties of indium sulfide fluoride thin films. Thin Solid Films, 671, 49-52. view B, 99(11). doi:10.1103/physrevb.99.115113 doi:10.1016/j.tsf.2018.12.019

Wang, Q. (2019). Multiparticle correlations and higher order harmonics in pPb collisions at sNN=8.16TeV. Nuclear Physics A, 982, 375–378. doi:10.1016/j.nuclphysa. 2018.09.064

Weikum, M. K. et al. (2019). EuPRAXIA: A compact, cost-efficient particle and radiation source.

25Th international conference on the application of accelerators in research and industry. doi:10.1063/1.51

Weikum, M. K. et al. (2019). Status of the Horizon 2020 EuPRAXIA conceptual design study. Journal of Physics: Conference Series, 1350, 012059. doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1350/1/012059

Williams, G. O., Chung, H.-K., Künzel, S. et al. (2019). Impact of free electron degeneracy on collisional rates in plasmas. Physical Review Research, 1(3). doi:10.1103/physrevresearch.1.033216

Williams, G. O., & Fajardo, M. (2019). Densityfunctional-theory calculations of the optical properties of Al2O3: From solid-state to warm dense matter conditions. High Energy Density Physics, 33, 100718. doi:10.1016/j.hedp.2019.100718

Yu, W. C., Sacramento, P. D., Li, Y. C., Angelakis, D. G., & Lin, H.-Q. (2019). Detection of topological phases by quasilocal operators. Physical Re-

Zheng, C. et al. (2019). Magnetoresistive sensor development roadmap (non-recording applications). IEEE Transactions on Magnetics, 55(4), 1-30. doi:10.1109/tmag.2019.2896036

BOOKS

Martínez, J. A., & Rocha Vieira, V. J. (2019). Uma Introdução (Third edition). Gradiva. ISBN: Semiconductor Fundamentals. Semiconductors, 1-35. 9789896168858 doi:10.1007/978-3-030-02171-9_1

Horley, P., Gonçalves Ribeiro, P. J., Aguilar Silvestre, A. J. & Cortez, P. I. (2019). Mecânica -





SCIENCE AND SOCIETY



A concert at the 49th International Physics Olympiad which took place in Lisbon, in July 2018.

The Department of Physics (DF) is strongly committed to promote scientific literacy in the society and or in printed media. to engage the young in pursuing careers in science, technology, engineering, arts and mathematics, particularly in physics and engineering physics related subjects. Many faculty have an important role in the dissemination of knowledge to society, either scientifically or in outreach activities; scientifically, by publishing in peer reviewed journals and by serving as members of editorial boards, of conference/ with selected membership; in outreach activities, as active organizers and participants of widespread events, as speakers in talks for high-school students and for the general public, as coordinators/members of communication bodies and educational projects, as authors of books and press articles for the general public, and as authors/participants in programmes

and interviews broadcasted via TV, Radio, internet

The DF is also increasing its links to industry and companies, with the help of the network of Alumni and of those Research Units more oriented towards technologies and physics applications. With these links, we reinforce the possibilities for placing our students in temporary internships and we bridge the gap between research and society.

The following is a selection of regular outreach workshop committees, and of professional societies activities involving the DF, presented per chronological order of the events along the year, that ends with the statistics of visits to secondary schools during the period reported. This period was particularly special for the DF, because in 2018 and in 2019 the MEFT has reached the top of the choices of the students applying for higher education studies in portuguese universities.

PART 5 SCIENCE AND SOCIETY







Top: An INESC-MN event at the 2018 edition of Keep in Touch. Bottom (left and right): NFIST's "XXI Semana da Física".

SUPPORT TO NFIST ACTIVITIES

The DF supports NFIST – Núcleo de Física do IST - the association of physics' students at IST, and both institutions are involved in several joint activities.

The DF supported the organization of the NFIST's 21st and 22nd "Semana da Física", from the 19th to the 23rd of February, 2018 and from the 18th to the 23rd of February 2019, respectively,

which attracted more than 2500 students from basic and secondary schools each year, and the organization of NFIST's 5th and 6th "Jornadas de Engenharia Física" (JEF) on the 26th and 27th of February, 2018 and on February, 28th and 1st of march, 2019, respectively.

PHYSICS OLYMPIADS

Since 2010 and until 2018, the regional phase of the B-level. This was a record of participation, the southern Physics Olympiads took place at IST/ Taguspark, in a co-organization by the Portuguese Physics Society and the DF. In these Olympiads, students from schools can compete at two levels to solve theoretical problems and an experimental problem: the A-level (9th grade; groups of up to three students) and the B-level (11th grade, individual competition). In 2018 the regional Physics Olympics happened Freitas (IST, INESC-MN), who spoke about "Naon May 5th and had the participation of 43 teams noengineering and societal challenges" and "Make (125 students) at the A-level and 127 students at

motivated by the realization in Portugal of the 49th International Physics Olympiad.

In addition to the students, we have also welcomed nearly 80 accompanying teachers, who have followed an outreach seminar while the students were doing the exams. In 2018 we acknowledge Paulo Freitas (INL, INESC-MN) and Susana Engineering in a chip" respectively.

IST DAY: **KEEP IN TOUCH**

In 2018 and 2019, the DF joined the celebrations of IST's Day, and the corresponding "Keep In Touch" activities proposed by IST.

In 2018, the DF setup a laboratory room with the pendulum experiment, in an old and in a modern form, in which the visitors could operate the equipment to measure the acceleration of gravity, as some of them did decades ago. Five posters were also room closest to the entrance. The posters of the sciprepared and presented on the day (one poster per entific areas were used again in the entrance to talk scientific area of the DF). NFIST has also setup part of the Physics Circus activities in the laboratory room.

In 2019, the DF featured a LIP Spark Chamber for the detection and visualization of cosmic rays, a virtual reality system (from IPFN), showed how to make engineering on a chip (INESC-MN), among other activities carried out in the main entrance hall of the Pavillion of Mathematics/Physics. NFIST has also setup part of the Physics Circus activities in about the scientific activities associated to the DF.

PART 5 SCIENCE AND SOCIETY



A meeting of the international board of the Physics Olympiad in Lisbon.

IPHO 2018/ **49TH INTERNATIONAL** PHYSICS OLYMPIAD

the organization of the 49th International Physics and with the Academic Committee, setting up the Olympiad, in Lisboa from 21st to the 28th of July. It teams of correctors, and managing the moderation was a very complex operation involving about 1000 people. The organizing committee comprised people Local Organizing Committee, and IST was home to the operational secretariat, all exams preparations, meetings of the International Board (about 250 dele- which the preparations started in 2016.

The Portuguese Physics Society was responsible for gation leaders), with the IPhO Executive Committee sessions and finalization of diplomas and certificates.

The DF/IST and IST/Taguspark were also key from several Portuguese universities, coordinated by to the support of the preparations of the exams Chairperson José António Paixão from the Univer-rooms, as IST/Taguspark provided 250 tables and sity of Coimbra. The DF/IST was in charge of the chairs needed to the exams of the 400 international

It was a very successful international event for

MEFT: CHALLENGING THE LIMITS OF SCIENCE **AND TECHNOLOGY**

out by MEFT alumni. The workshop includes also and 34 men) in 2019.

The 7th and 8th Workshops to promote the MEFT to visits to the laboratories of the DF and its associated high-school students, especially those in the twelfth- research units. During the workshop the students grade, took place at IST on June 2018 and June 2019, pose questions of both scientific and practical nature, respectively, right after the last national exams. Since related with physics and the physics course at IST. 2012, the DF and the MEFT Coordination co-orga- This key activity has helped shaping the profile of nize this two-days' workshop (meft-desafiarlimites. the candidates to MEFT and has greatly contributweebly.com) that brings to the audience many hot ed to the increase in the minimum grade to access topics in very short talks (10 minutes), showcasing the the course. The number of participants was 79 (39 best of the DF and of the different activities carried women and 40 men) in 2018, and 56 (22 women

MEFT: EXTENDING THE LIMITS OF SCIENCE **AND TECHNOLOGY**

The DF and the MEFT Coordination launched in several excellent research facilities around the world, 2017 the Workshop MEFT – Extending the limits of and promoted a debate about future challenges for Science and Technology, as part of the celebration of the MEFT. This workshop should continue to be the 30th anniversary of MEFT, aiming to promote organized every year, on the first Saturday of the first the 2nd cycle of the MEFT to the students of its 1st term, taking profit of the students newly arrived to cycle. The event presented the numerous opportuni- MEFT. The number of participants of the second ties for research and innovation available in the five edition in 2018 was 85 (23 women and 62 men) and scientific areas of the DF and its associated research in 2019 did not occurred due to budget restrictions. units, maintaining cooperation programmes with

PART 5 SCIENCE AND SOCIETY



Prof. Luís Lemos Alves speaks at the Newtonmas closing session in 2018.

NEWTONMAS

In 2016, the DF launched this very innovative event, tions towards a greener electronics". The celebrato celebrate the 30th anniversary of the MEFT and tion was closed with the announcement of several the birthday of Isaac Newton (25 December 1642, in distinctions granted to the students by the DF and the Julian calendar). The Newtonmas was organized the Coordination of the MEFT: the Awards for Acain 2018 on the afternoon and evening of Saturday, demic Excellence in the MEFT and the Distinctions December 15th, serving also to gather the students, for the Best Master Theses per scientific area, which the faculty and the staff of the DF, in a special end-of- included a brief presentation of the results achieved the-year celebration. For this celebration in 2018, the by the awardees. A total of 172 people (51 women DF invited Prof. Bernard Dieny (SPINTEC, Univ. and 121 men) participated in the event. Grenoble Alpes/CEA /CNRS, France), to deliver a "IST Distinguished Lecture" on his work about in 2019 due to severe budget restrictions. "Spin electronics: From basic concepts to applica-

Unhappily, the Newtonmas could not be celebrated



High-school students attend a demonstration during a visit to the VOXEL laboratory. Image: IPFN

VISITS FROM SCHOOLS

There are regular requests of high-schools to visit IST, schools and 194 students visited the DF in 2018 and

which are normally handled by NAPE, the student 2019). Additionally, several schools visit IST after support unit of IST. The groups requesting visits direct contact with the Research Units or as part of to the facilities located at the DF or its associated the programme of NFIST's Physics Week - "Semana Research Units are handled directly by the DF (5 da Física", which receives about 2500 students/year.

OUTREACH SEMINARS AT SCHOOLS AND **OTHER INSTITUTIONS**

the IST and the MEFT.

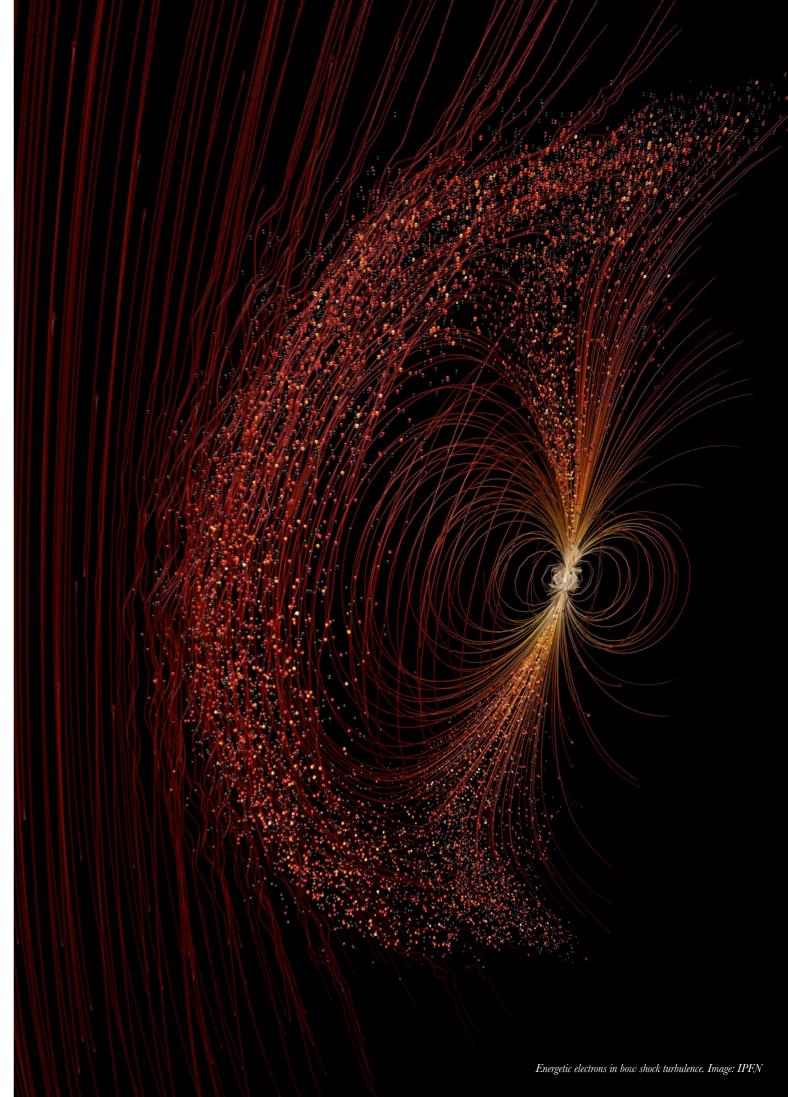
"Espaço vai à escola" from ESERO-Portugal.

physics experiments and experimental protocols for their maintenance.

The DF faculty are well engaged with the Society the project "Lab in a Box", an initiative of the Instiand try hard to answer all the requests from schools tuto Gulbenkian de Ciência. "Lab in a Box" is, as the and other institutions across the country, to receive name implies, a box containing about 30 materials a scientist/teacher. These visits normally include a or very common objects and the protocols for perpresentation by the members of the DF on a fea- forming about 100 experiments in areas of biology, ture hot topic, properly adapted to the group's age physics, chemistry and ecology. All protocols were (between 5–18 years old), after which the students designed to facilitate the understanding not only of have the possibility to ask questions about physics, the fundamental laws of physics or genetic principles, but also the scientific method, stimulating curiosity In 2018 and 2019, more than 160 outreach/dis- and critical thinking of students of different educasemination talks were delivered by members of the tional levels and ages. The boxes were delivered to DF at high-schools and other institutions. Of these, 50 schools in Cape Verde. Two training actions was about 50 talks were made in the scope of the project also provided to the teachers in Cape Verde (Cidade da Praia and Mindelo) in order to prepare them to Filipe Mendes and Pedro Brogueira designed 14 receive the boxes, perform the experiments and do

Pedro Abreu at Escola Secundária Eça de Queirós, in Lisbon, on 18 October 2018.







FACULTY AND STAFF

ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO COLLABORATORS

The heart of the DF is composed by its faculty (with both permanent and invited members), collaborators, and administrative and technical staff. These are people that give live to the department, contributing to its success.

IN 2018/2019 THE FOLLOWING FACULTY WERE RECRUITED AND/OR PROMOTED:

Guilherme Milhano, Associate Professor João Pedro Bizarro, Associate Professor Patrícia Gonçalves, Associate Professor Patrícia Conde Muiño, Assistant Professor Pedro Ribeiro, Assistant Professor Jorge Vieira, Assistant Professor

THE FOLLOWING FACULTY LEFT THE DF:

Carlos Herdeiro, Associate Professor (Moved to UAveiro) Maria Manuela de Sousa Mendes, Assistant Professor (Retired in 2019)

We thank their dedication and ongoing commitment to the success of the DF, during the years of service.

THE DF ALSO THANKS ITS COLLABORATORS IN 2018/2019:

Amílcar José Ferros Praxedes André Lopes Angela Mecca Antonio Tejero-Del-Caz António Samuel Ávila Balula Carlos Augusto Santos Silva Daniele Vernieri David Mathew Hilditch Diogo Bragança Diogo da Silva Duarte Cruz Domenica Corona Eduardo Jorge Da Costa Alves Elena Stefanova Tatarova Fábio Cruz Gareth Oisin Williams Gonçalo Quinta Henrique Leal João Carlos Nogueira de Brito Fortunato João Daniel Marques Rodrigues João Luis de Figueiredo Rosa

José Manuel das Neves Rodrigues

José Maria Vargas Lopes

João Vargas

Jorge Lopes

Katharina Lorenz Kevin Michael Schoeffler Manuel Peres Alonso Maria Teresa Ferreira Marques Pinheiro Miguel Alexandre Ribeiro Correia Miguel Reis Orcinha Miguel Rodrigues Zilhão Nogueira Myriam Arnal Rodrigues Nelson Manuel Carreira Lopes Nuno Rombert Pinhão Paulo Jorge Rodrigues Pedro Lourenço Pedro Manuel Peixoto Teles Pedro Ricardo C. R. da Cunha Sanguino Raul de Diego Martinez Ricardo Parreira de Azambuja Fonseca Rodrigo Clemente Velez Mateus Rodrigo Vicente Sofia Freitas Sofia Isabel Cardoso de Almeida Leitão Thomas Emmanuel Aurelien Grismayer Vânia Cristina Henriques Silvério Victoria Corregidor Berdasco

PART 6 FACULTY AND STAFF

LIST OF FACULTY AND STAFF

TENURE-TRACK/TENURED PROFESSORS AND INVITED PROFESSORS

Alessandro de Angelis Alfred Stadler

Amaro José Rica da Silva

Ana Maria Guerreiro Martins

Ana Maria Heleno Branquinho de Amaral

Ana Maria O. de Noronha e Menezes da Costa Ana Maria Vergueiro Monteiro Cidade Mourão

Ana Neves Vieira da Silva

André David Tinoco Mendes

António Jorge Duarte de Castro Silvestre

António Mário Pereira Ferraz

Artur Jorge Louzeiro Malaquias

Bernardo António Neto Gomes Baptista Tomé

Bernardo Brotas de Carvalho

Bruno Miguel Santos Mera

Carlos Manuel dos Santos Rodrigues da Cruz

David Hilditch

David Pacheco Resendes

Diana Cristina Pinto Leitão

Elmar Peter Biernat

Fernando José de Carvalho Barão

Filipe Rafael Joaquim

Gernot Eichmann

Gonçalo Nuno Marmelo Foito Figueira

Helena Cristina Ramos Jerónimo Dias Alves

Horácio João Matos Fernandes

Hugo Fernando Santos Terças

Ilídio Pereira Lopes

Ivo Medeiros Varzielas

João Alberto dos Santos Mendanha Dias

João Carlos Carvalho de Sá Seixas

João Carlos Ferreira Fernandes

João Filipe de Barros Duarte Fonseca

João Luís Maia Figueirinhas

João Manuel Coelho dos Santos Varela

João Paulo Ferreira da Silva

João Pedro Saraiva Bizarro

Joaquim Inácio da Silva Marcos

Jorge Manuel Rodrigues Crispim Romão

Jorge Miguel Ramos Domingues Ferreira Vieira

José Guilherme Teixeira de Almeida Milhano

José Luís Rodrigues Júlio Martins

José Pizarro de Sande e Lemos

Liliana Marisa Cunha Apolinário

Luís Filipe Moreira Mendes

Luís Humberto Viseu Melo

Luís Manuel Balio Lavoura

Luís Miguel de Oliveira e Silva

Luís Paulo da Mota Capitão Lemos Alves Maria Margarida Nesbitt Rebelo da Silva

Maria Raquel Nunes Pereira Crespo

Maria Teresa Haderer de La Peña Stadler

Mário António Prazeres Lino da Silva

Mário João Martins Pimenta

Mário José Gonçalves Pinheiro

Marta Leitão Mota Fajardo

Michele Gallinaro

Miguel Rubén Nebot Gómez

Mustafa Erkovan

Nuno Miguel Ribeiro Cardoso

Nuno Teotónio Viegas Guerreiro Leonardo

Patrícia Carla Serrano Gonçalves

Patrícia Conde Muíño

Pedro Domingos Santos do Sacramento

Pedro Jorge dos Santos Assis

Pedro José de Almeida Bicudo

Pedro José Gonçalves Ribeiro

Pedro José Oliveira Sebastião

Pedro Miguel Félix Brogueira

Pedro Morais Salgueiro Teixeira de Abreu

Reinhard Horst Schwarz

Ricardo Jorge Gonzalez Felipe

Ruben Maurício da Silva Conceição

Rui Manuel Agostinho Dilão

Samuel Rodrigues Martins Eleutério

Santiago González Gaitán

Sérgio Eduardo de Campos Costa Ramos

Susana Isabel Pinheiro Cardoso de Freitas

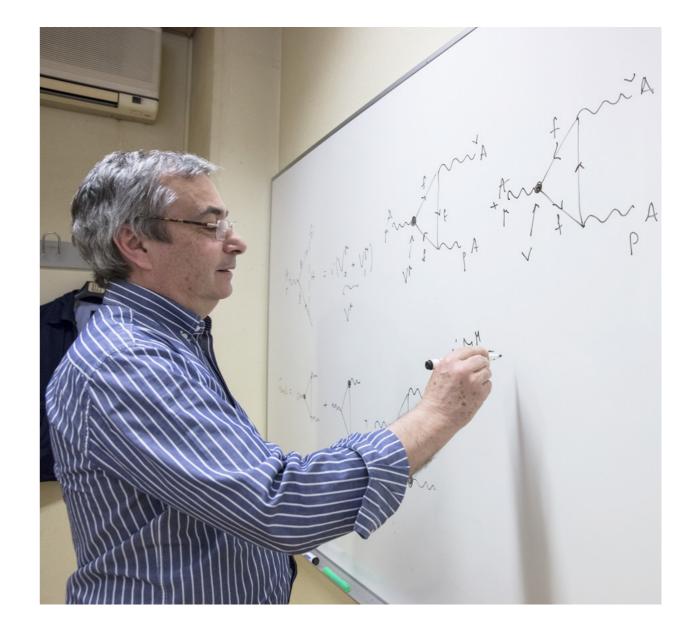
Umesh Vinaica Mardolcar

Vânia Cristina Henriques Silvério

Vasco António Dinis Leitão Guerra

Vítor João Rocha Vieira

Vítor Manuel dos Santos Cardoso



TENURE-TRACK/TENURE INVESTIGATORS

Carlos Alberto Nogueira Garcia da Silva Bruno Miguel Soares Gonçalves Rui Miguel Dias Alves Coelho

ADMINISTRATIVE AND TECHNICAL STAFF

Ana Bela Gomes dos Santos Pires Cardoso Daniel de Jesus Mendes Lala Dulce Maria Martins da Conceição Hélder Alexandre Armário Santos Carvalho João Paulo dos Santos Guerreiro Maria de Fátima da Fonseca Sousa Correia Martinha Viegas de Sousa Pedro Nuno da Silva Claro Sandra Cristina Gonçalves de Oliveira dos Santos Sandra Rodrigues José Martins

PART 6 FACULTY AND STAFF

FACULTY



Alfred Stadler Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics PhD: Karl-Franzens Universität Graz, 1989.

ORCID: 0000-0002-9596-0770

Email: alfred.stadler@tecnico.ulisboa.pt **Phone:** +351 218419705 (ext. 3705)

Research area & interests:

Alfred Stadler's research activities are focused on the theory of strongly interacting particles. In particular, he has developed a relativistic model of the interaction between two nucleons (neutrons and protons), and has shown, by solving the corresponding relativistic three-nucleon equations exactly, that they lead to an accurate description of the three-nucleon bound states (the light nuclei tritium and helium-3). Currently he investigates the structure of mesons as relativistic quark-antiquark bound states. He teaches physics at the University of Évora and has supervised 014005. two Masters and two PhD theses.

Selected References:

Leitão, S., Stadler, A., Peña, M., & Biernat, E. P. (2017). Covariant spectator theory of quark-antiquark bound states: Mass spectra and vertex functions of heavy and heavy-light mesons. Physical Review D, 96(7). doi:10.1103/physrevd.96.074007.

Gross, F., & Stadler, A. (2008). Covariant spectator theory of np scattering: Phase shifts obtained from precision fits to data below 350 MeV. Physical *Review C*, 78(1). doi:10.1103/physrevc.78.

Stadler, A., & Gross, F. (1997). Relativistic calculation of the triton binding energy and its implications. Physical Review Letters, 78(1), 26-29. doi:10.1103/ physrevlett.78.26.



Amaro J. Rica da Silva Assistant Professor

Area: Astrophysics & Gravitation **PhD:** University of Florida, 1988. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-6092-3152

Email: ricadasilva@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417619

Research area & interests:

Amaro Rica da Silva works in mathematical methods R. da Silva, A. J., & Lemos, J. P. (2008). Binary collifor the representation of the multi-hierarchical struc- sions and the slingshot effect. Celestial Mechanics ture of physical systems. He is interested in the analy- and Dynamical Astronomy, 100(3), 191–208. doi:10.1007/ sis of data using wavelets instead of the more usual s10569-007-9114-5. harmonic analysis. Lately he has invested in learning and use of Deep Learning Neural Networks for the R. da Silva, A. Galois Groups in the work of Mira solution of complex physical problems in astronomy Fernandes (2010-2011). Boletim da Sociedade Portuguesa and astrophysics and other areas of physics. He is de Matemática, Numero Especial – Aureliano Mira also invested in geometrical modelling of classical Fernandes: 125-145. http://adsabs.harvard.edu/ and relativistic collisions and the general slingshot abs/2011arXiv1101.1618J. processes that can occur. He is also developer of a software package for the use of all faculty to enable Jorge, P., R. da Silva, A., and Lopes, I. (2006). Pulcreation and upload of online content that facilitates sating spectrum of subdwarf star PG 1605+072: the use of IST's remote evaluation platform in Fenix. Comparative time-frequency analysis via wave-

Selected references:

let packet and local sine packet transforms of an interrupted light curve. The Astrophysical Journal, 647(1), 564-572. doi:10.1086/504461.

PART 6 FACULTY AND STAFF



Ana Branquinho de Amaral

Assistant Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology **PhD:** Universidade Nova de Lisboa, 1992.

ORCID: 0000-0001-8837-7547

Email: ana.de.amaral@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 21841920 8

Research area & interests:

The work of Ana Branquinho de Amaral is focused on the optimization of micro-electronics devices and photovoltaic cells. To accomplish this lating and conducting materials are deposited 42, 210-214. doi:10.1016/j.mssp.2015.09.006. and characte- rized. Her research envisage both the fundamental understanding of the materials Fernandes, M., Vygranenko, Y., Vieira, M., Lavarephysical properties and the exploration of their potential for the development of applications with technological impact. Presently she is also interested on the deposition of amorphous silicon 96-101. doi:10.1016/j.egypro.2016.11.323. films on graphene substrates to study the damages caused by plasma during deposition in order to use graphene material as a TCO in amorphous silicon solar cells or in photo-sensors.

Selected references:

Ricardo, L., Amaral, A., Nunes de Carvalho, C., & Lavareda, G. (2016). Dopant transfer from poly-si thin films to c-Si: an alternative technique for device objective several types of semiconducting, insu-processing, Materials Science in Semiconductor Processing,

> da, G., Carvalho, C. N., & Amaral, A. (2016). Automated rf-PERTE system for room temperature deposition of TCO coatings. Energy Procedia, 102,

> Amaral, A., Lavareda, G., Nunes de Carvalho, C., André, V., Vygranenko, Y., Fernandes, M., & Brogueira, P. (2018). Etchability dependence of InOx and ITO thin films by plasma enhanced reactive thermal evaporation on structural properties and deposition conditions. MRS Advances, 3(04), 207-212. doi:10.1557/adv.2018.113.



Ana M. Martins Assistant Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: Universidade de Lisboa, 1987. **ORCID:** 0000-0001-9943-0841

Email: amgm@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Selected references:

Martins, A. M. (2015). Necessary and sufficient conditions for local unitary equivalence of multi-qubit states. *Physical Review A*, 91(4). doi:10.1103/ physreva.91.042308.

Martins, A. M. (2008). Minimization of a quantum automaton: The transducer. *Physical Review A*, 78(6). doi:10.1103/physreva.78.062326.

Mendonça, J. T., Guerreiro, A., & Martins, A. M. (2000). Quantum theory of time refraction. Physical Review A, 62(3). doi:10.1103/physreva.62.033805.

PART 6 FACULTY AND STAFF



Ana Maria Mourão Associate Professor

Area: Astrophysics & Gravitation
PhD: Lomonossov Moscow State
University, 1988.
ORCID: 0000-0002-0855-1849

Email: amourao@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Research area & interests:

A. Mourão has been participating in several international efforts related to the use of supernovae to understand the nature of dark energy and the accelerated expansion of the Universe. The current constrains on the nature of the dark energy from supernovae can only be greatly improved with a much better control of systematics, such as the extinction in host galaxies, evolutionary effects or host galaxy properties. She is now studying supernova host galaxies using wide field integral spectroscopy. She is also using the FORS2 instrument at the ESO Very Large Telescope in Paranal, Chile, to measure the polarization of the light from the galaxies to infer the properties of the dust is supernova host galaxies. AM has been responsible for the DEMO –Demonstrations laboratory. The aim of this Laboratory is to provide experimental support for the lectures courses in physics. She was awarded with the diploma "Excellency in teaching" in 2016 and 2017.

A. Mourão was the responsible at Executive Commission of the Department of Physics for the contacts with media, press releases and outreach. She was the responsible for the publication of the first Report of

the DF (2016), the annual meeting "Newtonmas" (2016). As Vice-President at CENTRA – Center for Astrophysics & Gravitation at the IST, she was responsible for various press-releases and production of videos covering scientific discoveries, namely related to the discovery of gravitational waves (https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w8EIXKL6IGU) and the Nobel prizes in Physics 2017.

Selected references:

Astier, P. et al. (2006). The supernova legacy survey: measurement of $\Omega_{\rm M}$, Ω_{Λ} and w from the first year data set, Astronomy and Astrophysics, Volume 447, Issue 1, pp.31–48; doi:10.1051/0004-6361:20054185

Galbany, L., Stanishev, V., Mourão, A. M. et al. (2016). Nearby supernova host galaxies from the CALIFA survey. *Astronomy and Astrophysics*, 591, A48. doi:10.1051/0004-6361/201528045

Stanishev, V., Rodrigues, M., Mourão, A. M., & Flores, H. (2012). Type Ia supernova host galaxies as seen with IFU spectroscopy. *Astronomy and Astrophysics*, 545, A58. doi:10.1051/0004-6361/201219188



André David Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 2006.

ORCID: 0000-0001-5854-7699

Email: andre.david@cern.ch Phone: +41 754113849

Research area & interests:

André David is a CERN staff physicist presently working on designing and building the high-granularity calorimeter for the upgraded CMS experiment at the high-luminosity LHC. He was convener of the CMS Higgs physics group from 2015 to 2017. He has over 50 papers with direct contributions, including articles from the CMS, NA60, and CLOUD collaborations. André was awarded the CMS Young Researcher prize in 2013 for "sustained and critical contributions to the preparation and commissioning of the electromagnetic calorimeter, to the search of the Higgs boson in its decay to photons, and to the combination of results from its various decay modes".

André David is active in engaging the public and in broadening the reach of high-energy particle physics. He organised the first CERN School Philippines in 2014 and regularly hosts schools, students, and teachers in the CERN-related academic and non-academic programmes.

Selected references:

Chatrchyan, S., Khachatryan, V., Sirunyan, A. M., et al. (2012). Observation of a new boson at a mass of 125 GeV with the CMS experiment at the LHC. *Physics Letters B.* 716. 30–61. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2012.08.021.

Kirkby, J., Curtius, J., Almeida, J., et al. (2011). Role of sulphuric acid, ammonia and galactic cosmic rays in atmospheric aerosol nucleation. *Nature* 476. 429–33. Times cited: 476. doi:10.1038/nature10343

Arnaldi, R., Averbeck, R., Banicz, K., et al. (2006). First measurement of the ρ spectral function in high-energy nuclear collisions. *Physical Review Letters* 96.162302. Times cited: 251. doi:10.1103/Phys-RevLett.96.162302

PART 6 FACULTY AND STAFF



António Ferraz Assistant Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology **PhD:** Instituto Superior Técnico, 1994.

ORCID: 0000-0002-3627-5677

Email: antonio.ferraz@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 214233275

Research area & interests:

António Ferraz studies the molecular dynamics of liquid crystalline materials, using Nuclear Magnetic Resonance techniques. He was awarded the "Excellent Teacher" distinction at IST in 2016 and 2017.

Selected references:

Rogalski, M. S. and Ferraz, A. (2011). *Física para engenheiros*. Escolar Editora, ISBN 978-972-592-314-6.

Ferraz, A., Zhang, J., Sebastião, P. J., Ribeiro, A. C., & Dong, R. Y. (2014). Proton and deuterium nuclear spin relaxation study of the SmA and SmC* phases of BP8Cl-d17: A self-consistent analysis. *Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry*, 52(10), 546–555. doi:10.1002/mrc.4107.

Fernandes, J.C., Sebastião, P.J., Gonçalves, L. and A. Ferraz (2017). Study of large-angle anharmonic oscillations of a physical pendulum using an acceleration sensor. *European Journal of Physics*, 38(4), 045004. doi:10.1088/1361-6404/aa6c52.



António Jorge Silvestre Associate Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: Universidade de Lisboa, 1997. **ORCID:** 0000-0001-6517-6275

Email: antonio.silvestre@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Research area & interests:

António Jorge Silvestre is member of the Center of Physics and Engineering of Advanced Materials (CeFEMA). His current scientific interests include the deposition of functional oxide thin films (e.g. CrO2, Fe3O4, transition metal doped TiO2 and SnO2) by chemical and physical methods, and their structural, optical, electrical and magnetic characterization. He has been also interested on the synthesis of nanostructured materials by chemical routes with potential application on photocatalysis for the degradation of organic pollutants. He co-authored of 1 book on mechanics and has published 40 papers in international journals and several other research papers in proceedings of international conferences and on educational physics subjects. He and was awarded the "Excellent Teacher" distinction at IST in 2018 and 2019.

António Jorge Silvestre has been Secretary of the Fiscal Council of the Portuguese Society of Physics and enrolled in outreach events such as the "European Researchers' Night". He is currently reviewer for numerous leading journals, having received certificates of outstanding contribution in reviewing from several Elsevier journals.

Selected references:

Entradas, T., Cabrita, J., Dalui, S., Nunes, M., Monteiro, O., & Silvestre, A. (2014). Synthesis of sub-5 nm Co-doped SnO2 nanoparticles and their structural, microstructural, optical and photocatalytic properties. *Materials Chemistry and Physics*, 147(3), 563–571. doi:10.1016/j.matchemphys.2014.05.032.

Pereira, L. C., Nunes, M. R., Monteiro, O. C., & Silvestre, A. J. (2008). Magnetic properties of codoped TiO2 anatase nanopowders. *Applied Physics Letters*, 93(22), 222502. doi:10.1063/1.3036534.

Conde, O., Silvestre, A., & Oliveira, J. (2000). Influence of carbon content on the crystallographic structure of boron carbide films. *Surface and Coatings Technology*, 125(1–3), 141–146. doi:10.1016/s0257-8972(99)00594-0.

PART 6 FACULTY AND STAFF



Artur Malaquias Assistant Professor

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion

PhD: 2000

ORCID: 0000-0003-2688-1160

Email: artur.malaquias@ipfn.tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 912128366

Research area & interests:

Artur Malaquias leads the ISTTOK Heavy Ion Beam Sharma, R., Nedzelskiy, I. S., Malaquias, A., Hen-Diagnostic experiment working in collaboration with Senior Researchers and PhD Students. The latest potential together with plasma pressure and poloidal doi:10.1088/1748-0221/12/11/C11018. magnetic field. It is expected that these improvements can provide more precise and closely correlated data W. Biel et al. (2019). Diagnostics for plasma control: to support fusion plasma simulations. In the field of international collaborations he works for the ITER Volume 146, Part A, 2019, Pages 465-472, ISSN project as responsible for projects related to the development of x-ray diagnostic detectors. He is also an ITER Science Fellow. He also was responsible for the Malaquias, A., Henriques, R., Silva, C., Figueiredo,

Artur Malaquias has a cumulative participation in AC operation in ISTTOK under edge electrode biasover 80 international conferences and was Scientific ing. Nuclear Fusion, 57(11), 116002. doi:10.1088/1741-Secretary in circa 20 IAEA Conferences and Tech- 4326/aa7c9c. nical meetings. He gave seminars in the University of Graz (Austria) and at the Liceu Sá da Bandeira (Santarém, Portugal).

Selected references:

riques, R.B. (2017). Design and optimization of the electrostatic input module for the ISTTOK developments implemented were aiming at open Tokamak HIBD cylindrical energy analyzer. Jourthe possibility of measuring the ISTTOK plasma nal of Instrumentation, Volume 12, November 2017

> from ITER to DEMO. Fusion Engineering and Design, 0920-3796. doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2018.12.092.

integration team of microwave diagnostics in DEMO. H., Nedzelskiy, I., Fernandes, H., ... Plyusnin, V. (2017). Investigation of the transition of multicycle



Bernardo Tomé Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics PhD: Universidade de Lisboa, 1998. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-7564-8392

Email: bernardo@lip.pt **Phone:** +351 210493653

Research area & interests:

Bernardo Tomé has been teaching the laboratory component of the course "Radiation Physics", has been co-responsible for the course "Design and Simulation of Radiation Detectors" and responsible for the course "Simulation Methods for Particle Detectors".

Selected references:

Aab, et al., Studies on the response of a water-Cherenkov detector of the Pierre Auger Observatory to atmospheric muons using an RPC hodoscope, accepted for publication in JINST, http://arxiv.org/ abs/2007.04139.

Assis, P., Barres de Almeida, U., Blanco, A., Conceição, R., D'Ettorre Piazzoli, B., De Angelis, A., Doro, M., Fonte, P., Lopes, L., Matthiae, G., Pimenta, M., Shellard, R., Tomé, B. (2018). Design and expected performance of a novel hybrid detector for very-high-energy gamma-ray astrophysics. Astroparticle Physics, vol. 99, pp. 34-42. doi:10.1016/j.astropartphys.2018.02.004.

Abreu, P. et al. (2018). MARTA: A high-energy cosmic-ray detector concept with high-accuracy muon measurement, European Physical Journal C78 333. doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5820-2.



Bruno Mera Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology PhD: I.S.T./Universidade de Lisboa, 2018. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-7214-6506

Email: bruno.mera@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417039

Research area & interests:

matter and the study of the geometrical and topological structures which capture the underlying physics. These mathematical structures also have a quantum information interpretation and this is another point of view within his research. Lately, geometry methods towards the problem of model selection in the context of high dimensional vector data but with small amount of instances. He has is currently supervising 3 MSc students and 1 PhD student that has recently submitted the thesis.

Bruno Mera was involved in the project Academia de Verão 2017 organized by Tree Tree 2, where he has given two lectures on physics for highly motivated young high school students. Bruno Mera has also given an interview for the American Physical Society's online magazine Physics regarding his work on topological quantization of work. He has also given an interview to the IST news regarding this same contribution. Bruno Mera is one of the organizers of the multidisciplinary seminar series Quantum Matter meets Maths.

Selected references:

Bruno Mera's research focuses mostly on quantum Mera, B. (2020). Localization anisotropy and complex geometry in two-dimensional insulators. Physical Review B 101: 11518. doi:10.1103/PhysRevB.

Mera, B., Sacha, K., and Omar, Y. (2019). Topohe has also been applying classical information logically protected quantization of work. *Physical* Review Letters 123.2: 020601. doi:10.1103/physrevlett.123.020601.

published 13 papers in international journals. He Mera, B., Vlachou, C., Paunković, N. and Vieira, V. R. (2017). Uhlmann connection in fermionic systems undergoing phase transitions. Physical Review Letters 119.1: 015702. doi:10.1103/PhysRev-Lett.119.015702.



Bruno Soares Gonçalves Principal Investigator with "Agregação"

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion PhD: Instituto Superior Técnico, 2003. **ORCID:** 0000-0003-0670-1214

Email: bruno@ipfn.tecnico.ulisboa.pt **Phone:** +351 218417934 ext. 1934

Research area & interests:

Bruno Soares Goncalves is the President of Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear (since May 2012) and Head of the Group of Engineering and Systems Integration (since 2013). Bruno Gonçalves was responsible for several international projects (and presently is the responsible for the ITER Plasma Position Reflectometer Project, for the Portuguese contribution to the ITER Collective Thomson Scattering Diagnostics (lead by DTU), responsible for the Portuguese Participation in the Fusion Programme (through the EURATOM co-funded action carried out by the consortium Eurofusion) and is the responsible for the management of the research unit FCT funding. He has particular scientificinterestinplasmaturbulence, in the development of diagnostics and control and data acquisition systems for fusion devices.

Bruno Soares Gonçalves (h-index: 22) is co-inventor of one submitted patent, co-author of one chapter in a book, of 100 articles published in international peer-reviewed journals, 58 (fifty-eight) articles published in conference proceedings. He co-supervised 5 Master students and he is co-supervisor of 3 PhD students.

Bruno Soares Gonçalves has given 15 outreach seminars at high-schools and in public sessions, moderated 1 debates about science and participated in 6 outreach events.

Selected references:

Goncalves, B., Hidalgo, C., Pedrosa, M. A., et al. (2003). Edge localized modes and fluctuations in the JET SOL region. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 45(9), 1627–1635. doi:10.1088/0741-3335/ 45/9/305

Gonçalves, B., Hidalgo, C., Pedrosa, M. A., et al. (2006). Role of turbulence on edge momentum redistribution in the TJ-II stellarator. Physical Review Letters, 96(14). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.96.145001.

Goncalves, B., Sousa, J., Carvalho, B. B., et al. (2012). ITER fast plant system controller prototype based on ATCA platform. Fusion Engineering and Design, 87(12), 2024-2029. doi:10.1016/j. fusengdes.2012.04.005



Carlos Cruz Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology PhD: Instituto Superior Técnico, 1994. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-1415-0929

Email: carlos.cruz@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419209

Research area & interests:

Carlos R. Cruz is the Coordinator of the Complex (Center of Physics and Engineering of Advanced Materials). His research work is mainly focused on Liquid Crystals Experimental Physics with particular emphasis on NMR and X-ray diffraction studies.

In recent years he has been team-leader in two European Projects on Liquid Crystal Dendrimers. He has published 36 papers in international journals and a book on NMR of Liquid Crystal Dendrimers. He was awarded the "Excellent Teacher" distinction at IST in 2014. He was vice-coordinator of the Technological Physical Engineering MSc course and member of the Pedagogical Council of IST from 2009 to 2011.

Selected references:

Cruz, C. R., Figueirinhas, J. L., Sebastião, P. J. (2016). Fluids NMR and Surfaces Group of CeFEMA NMR of liquid crystal dendrimers. Pan Stanford Pu-

> Polineni, S., Figueirinhas, J. L., Cruz, C., Wilson, D. A., & Mehl, G. H. (2013). Capacitance and optical studies of elastic and dielectric properties in an organosiloxane tetrapode exhibiting a NB phase. The Journal of Chemical Physics, 138(12), 124904. doi:10.1063/1.4795582.

> Aluculesei, A., Vaca Chávez, F., Cruz, C., Sebastião, P. J., Nagaveni, N. G., Prasad, V., & Dong, R. Y. (2012). Proton NMR relaxation study on the nematic-nematic phase transition in A131 liquid crystal. The Journal of Physical Chemistry B, 116(31), 9556-9563. doi:10.1021/ jp305064x.



Carlos Garcia Silva Principal Investigator with "Agregação"

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion

PhD: 2000

ORCID: 0000-0001-6348-0505

Email: csilva@ipfn.tecnico.ulisboa.pt **Phone:** +351 218417814 ext. 1814

Research area & interests:

The research activities of Carlos Garcia Silva have been focused on edge physics, multi-scale turbulent transport and diagnostic development in fusion devices. The work is performed in devices such as ISTTOK (Portugal), AUG (Germany) and JET (UK), where he regularly participates in experimental campaigns. His research methodology combines data analysis with diagnostic operation and development. He is co-author of about 160 publications in international scientific journals with referee.

Carlos Garcia Silva gives regular talks on Nuclear 6587/aac980. Fusion and visits to the ISTTOK laboratory for high school and graduate students.

Selected references:

Gil, L., Silva C. et al. (2020) Stationary ELMfree H-mode in ASDEX upgrade. Nucl. Fusion 60 054003. doi:10.1088/1741-4326/ab7d1b.

Silva, C. et al. (2019). Geodesic acoustic mode evolution in L-mode approaching the L-H transition on JET. Plasma Phys. Control. Fusion 61 075007. doi:10.1088/1361-6587/ab1e73.

Silva, C. et al. (2018). Scaling of the geodesic acoustic mode amplitude on JET. Plasma Phys. Control. Fusion 60 085006. doi:10.1088/1361-



David Hilditch *Invited Assistant Professor*

Area: Astrophysics & Gravitation

PhD: The University of Southampton, 2008.

ORCID: 0000-0001-9960-5293

Email: david.hilditch@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417288

Research area & interests:

David Hilditch works on mathematical and numerical relativity. In particular his research is focused on the gauge freedom of general relativity, on the development of formulations suitable for numerical approximation, and on extreme spacetimes at the threshold of black hole formation. He is supervising a number of PhD students at IST (and beyond), and as an invited professor is teaching black holes and gravitational waves.

Selected references:

Baumgarte, T. W., Gundlach, C., and Hilditch, D. (2019). Critical phenomena in the gravitational collapse of electromagnetic waves. *Physical Review Letters*. 123 17, 171103. doi:10.1103/physrevlett.123.171103.

Gasperin, E., Gautam, S., Hilditch, D., and Vañó-Viñuales, A. (2020). The hyperboloidal numerical evolution of a good-bad-ugly wave equation. *Classical and Quantum Gravity* 37 3, 035006. doi:10.1088/1361-6382/ab5f21.

Gasperin, E. and Hilditch, D. (2019). The weak null condition in free-evolution schemes for numerical relativity: Dual foliation GHG with constraint damping. *Classical and Quantum Gravity.* 36 19, 195016. doi:10.1088/1361-6382/ab3f0b.



Diana C. Leitão Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: Universidade do Porto, 2010. **ORCID:** 0000-0001-8419-2967

Email: diana.leitao@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 213100237

Research area & interests:

Diana Leitão an expert in the design, fabrication and applications of magnetic nanostructures and thin-films. She was awarded the PhD in Physics from University of Porto (IFIMUP) in collaboration with Materials Institute of Madrid (ICMM—CSIC). She is currently an FCT Investigator Grantee at INESC Microsystems and Nanotechnologies and an Invited Assistant Professor in Instituto Superior Tecnico . She has published 62 articles in peer-reviewed journals and 3 books chapters.

Diana Leitão has been actively engaged in outreach activities participating regularly in European Researchers Night, Lab tours for undergraduate and high-school students, Materials Engineering and Physics Engineering Marathons at IST.

Selected references:

Dias, C., Leitão, D. C; Freire, C. S. R., Gomes, H., L., Cardoso, S., Ventura, J. (2020). Resistive switching of silicon-silver thin film devices in flexible substrates. *Nanotechnology* 13 (31): 135702. doi:10.1088/1361-6528/ab5eb7.

INESC Microsystems and Nanotechnologies and an Invited Assistant Professor in Instituto Superior Tecnico . She has published 62 articles in peer-reviewed journals and 3 books chapters.

Leitão, D. C., Silva, A. V., Paz, E., Ferreira, R., Cardoso, S., Freitas, P. P. (2016). Magnetoresistive nanosensors: controlling magnetism at the nanoscale.

Nanotechnology 27 (4): 045501. doi: 10.1088/0957-4484/27/4/045501.

Sousa, C. T., Leitão, D. C., Proenca, M. P., Ventura, J., Pereira, A. M., Araujo, J. P. (2014). Nanoporous alumina as templates for multifunctional applications. *Applied Physics Reviews* 1 (3): 031102. doi:10.1063/1.4893546.



Elmar Biernat
Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Karl-Franzens Universität Graz, 2011.

ORCID: 0000-0001-8043-1932

Email: elmar.biernat@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419052

Research area & interests:

Elmar Biernat studies the properties and phenomena of strongly-interacting few-body systems. In point-form relativistic quantum mechanics he has contributed to the development of a general method for calculating hadron form factors. In the Covariant Spectator Theory he has contributed to the formulation of a dynamical quark model for mesons that exhibits both confinement and spontaneous chiral-symmetry breaking. In particular, he is responsible for the first calculation of the dressed quark mass function in Minkowski space.

He has published 40 papers and he gave 40 talks (17 of which as invited speaker). At IST, he has held 7 courses (Física Hadrónica e Cromodinâmica Quântica (3 times), Física Nuclear (2 times), Mecânica Analítica, Mecânica Quântica) and he helped in the supervision of 2 PhD students. Elmar Biernat was a volunteer marker of the 49th International Physics Olympiad held in Lisbon, Portugal from 21–29 July 2018. As "Head of the month" he wrote an article on the website teilchen at of the Austrian Physical Society (ÖPG) in August 2011.

Selected references:

Biernat, E. P., Gross, F., Peña, M. T., Stadler, A., Leitão, S. Quark mass function from a one-gluon-exchange-type interaction in Minkowski space. *Physical Review D* 98 (2018) 11, 114033. doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.98.114033.

Biernat, E. P., Gross, F., Peña, M. T., Stadler, A. Charge-conjugation symmetric complete impulse approximation for the pion electromagnetic form factor in the Covariant Spectator Theory. *Physical Review D* 92 (2015), 076011. doi:10.1103/Phys-RevD.92.076011.

Biernat, E. P., Schweiger, W. Electromagnetic rho-meson form factors in point-form relativistic quantum mechanics. *Physical Review C* 89, 055205 (2014). doi:10.1103/PhysRevC.89.055205.



Filipe R. Joaquim
Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 2004.

ORCID: 0000-0002-6711-4606

Email: filipe.joaquim@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419704

Research area & interests:

Filipe R. Joaquim is interested in studying new physics phenomena at the elementary particle level. His research has been focused on the theoretical construction of new theories to be tested at current particle physics and cosmological experiments, which aim at understanding the origins of our Universe. He has published several papers in international journals and awarded the "Excellent teacher" distinction for the courses of Complements of Quantum Mechanics and Introduction to Research. Closer look at the possible CMS signal of a new gauge boson.

Selected references:

Aguilar-Saavedra, J., & Joaquim, F. (2014). Closer look at the possible CMS signal of a new gauge boson. *Physical Review D*, 90(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.90.115010.

Branco, G., González Felipe, R., & Joaquim, F. (2012). Leptonic CP violation. *Reviews of Modern Physics*. 84. doi:10.1103/RevModPhys.84.515.

Joaquim, F. R., & Rossi, A. (2006). Gauge and Yukawa mediated supersymmetry breaking in the triplet seesaw scenario. *Physical Review Letters*, 97(18). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.97.181801.



Gernot Eichmann Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics

PhD: University of Graz, 2009. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-0546-2533

Email: gernot.eichmann@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419718

Research area & interests:

Gernot Eichmann is an FCT Investigator who works in Quantum Chromodynamics and Hadron Physics, where he investigates bound states such as mesons, baryons, and multiquark systems. In particular, he uses functional methods to develop a description of their spectra, structure properties and reaction mechanisms in terms of the elementary quarks and gluon degrees of freedom. He has published 28 papers in international journals and 21 conference proceedings, which have been cited over 1400 times on Inspire. He has co-supervised 3 master and 3 PhD theses.

Selected references:

Eichmann, G., Sanchis-Alepuz, H., Williams, R., Alkofer, R., Fischer, C. (2016). Baryons as relativistic three-quark bound states. Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 91 1–100. doi:10.1016/j.ppnp.2016.07.001

Eichmann, G. (2011). Nucleon electromagnetic form factors from the covariant Faddeev equation. Phys. Rev. D 84, 014014. doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.84.014014

Eichmann, G., Alkofer, R., Krassnigg, A., Nicmorus, D. (2010). Nucleon mass from a covariant three-quark Faddeev equation. Physics Review Letters 104, 201601 doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.104.201601.



Gonçalo Figueira Assistant Professor

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion **PhD:** Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 2001.

ORCID: 0000-0001-9316-6824

Email: goncalo.figueira@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419375

Research area & interests:

Gonçalo Figueira is interested in exploring and developing the concepts and the technology for next-generation high power lasers and their applications. In particular, he investigates new nonlinear optical materials and amplification techniques at hosting the most powerful laser in the country. He hpl.2017.2. is in charge of the courses "Introduction to Experimental Physics" and "Optics and Lasers". He has supervised 15 MSc and 4 PhD thesis. Apart from research and teaching, Gonçalo is also strongly involved with science communication and outreach activities, targeted at different audiences.

Gonçalo Figueira acted as chief editor of Gazeta de Física, the magazine of the Portuguese Physical Society, from 2013 to 2017. In 2016 he co-edited a book on the history of physics in Portugal in the 20th century. He became strongly involved with the commemorations of the international year of light, giving presentations and training sessions in optics and lasers at schools, workshops and science centres across the country.

Selected references:

Figueira, G., Alves, J., Dias, J. M., Fajardo, M., Gomes, N., Hariton, V., Imran, T., João, C. P., Koliyadu, J., Künzel, S., Lopes, N. C., Pires, H., Ruão F., and Williams, G. (2017). Ultrashort pulse capability at the L2I high intensity laser facility. High the Laboratory for Intense Lasers, a leading facility Power Laser Science and Engineering, 5. doi:10.1017/

> Pires, H., Galimberti, M., & Figueira, G. (2014). Numerical evaluation of ultrabroadband parametric amplification in YCOB. Journal of the Optical Society of America B, 31(11), 2608. doi:10.1364/josab.31.002608.

> João, C. P., Pires, H., Cardoso, L., Imran, T., & Figueira, G. (2014). Dispersion compensation by two-stage stretching in a sub-400 fs, 12 mJ Yb:-CaF_2 amplifier. Optics Express, 22(9), 10097. doi:10.1364/oe.22.010097.



Helena Alves Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: Universidade de Lisboa, 2004. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-2971-9241

Email: halves@inesc-mn.pt **Phone:** +351 919150032

Research area & interests:

Helena Alves develops materials with optoelectronic properties and nanotechnology process for advanced applications (flexible, transparent and wearable). In particular, she correlates solid-state materials structure and design with electronic, magnetic and mechanical properties, and device architecture for molecular and textile electronics applications. She has been responsible for creating and leading the molecular electronics line of research and collaborated with the course "Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics". She has 1 patent and 37 published papers in high quality international journals such as Nature Materials, Nature Communications, Journal of the American Chemical Society, Advanced Functional Materials, and is editor at Scientific Reports. She has given 95 presentations in international conferences (60 oral) and given 28 invited lectures in international conferences and universities abroad. She has supervised 7 MSc and 1 PhD thesis.

Helena Alves has participated in 2 outreach events, and 1 public session with debates about "Innovation sharing". Helena Alves has given a radio interview.

Selected references:

Neves, A. I., Bointon, T. H., Melo, L. V., Russo, S., De Schrijver, I., Craciun, M. F., & Alves, H. (2015). Transparent conductive graphene textile fibers. Scientific Reports, 5(1). doi:10.1038/srep09866.

Alves, H., Pinto, R. M., & Maçôas, E. S. (2013). Photoconductive response in organic charge transfer interfaces with high quantum efficiency. Nature Communications, 4(1). doi:10.1038/ncomms2890.

Alves, H., Molinari, A., Xie, H., Morpurgo, A. F. (2008). Metallic conduction at charge-transfer interfaces. Nature Materials, 7, 574-580. doi:10.1038/ nmat2205.



Horácio Fernandes Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion PhD: Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 1999.

ORCID: 0000-0001-6542-7767

Email: hf@ipfn.tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417691

Research area & interests:

Horácio Fernandes is a researcher at IPFN, where he coordinates the activity on the tokamak IST-TOK and is the Experimental Physics group leader. In 1999 he created the e-lab, the first reworld for education purposes, with free access and summer school) scientific committee. hosting about 20 online experiments. His scientific interests cover fusion devices diagnostics, real-time operation and engineering. He also maintains regular participation in science outreach. He was appointed during six years member of the "Technical Advisor Panel" at F4E (the European Agency for ITER), had been a research coordinator in IAEA and served in several national and international boards of conferences and societies. He has authored more than 200 scientific works either in international journals or conference proceedings. He has supervised 28 MSc and 5 PhD students.

MEDEA programme from the Portuguese Physistanding of low frequency electromagnetic fields). To promote the use of e-lab (remote laboratories) rev.2012.6293102. in secondary schools he gave several workshops

and seminars, populate in some schools a few remote experiments and presently is promoting IoT for doing physics experiments. At a graduate level, he maintains an Athens course (athensprogramme.org) for foreigners every semester at IST. mote laboratory at IST and one of the few in the Horácio Fernandes chairs the PlasmaSurf (IPFN

Selected references:

Hidalgo, C., Silva, C., Pedrosa, M. A., Sánchez, E., Fernandes, H., & Varandas, C. A. (1999). Radial structure of reynolds stress in the plasma boundary of tokamak plasmas. Physical Review Letters, 83(11), 2203-2205. doi:10.1103/physrevlett.83.2203.

Cabral, J., Fernandes, H., Figueiredo, H., & Varandas, C. (1997). Operation of the tokamak IS-TOKK in a multicycle alternating flat-top plasma current regime. Nuclear Fusion, 37(11), 1575–1581. doi:10.1088/0029-5515/37/11/i07.

Horácio Fernandes is the national coordinator of Neto, R., Fernandes, H., Pereira, J., & Duarte, A. (2012). E-lab remote laboratory integrated overcal Society (a national competition for the underview. 9th International Conference on Remote Engineering and Virtual Instrumentation (REV). doi:10.1109/



Ilídio Lopes Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Astrophysics & Gravitation **PhD:** University of Paris, 1993. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-5011-9195

Email: ilidio.lopes@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +44 7764188486

Research area & interests:

Ilídio Lopes works in astrophysics, cosmology and particle physics. In particular, his work focuses on stellar evolution, dark matter and neutrinos. Following his PhD in the University of Paris-Sorbonne (France), he was a postdoctoral fellow in the "Commissariat à l'énergie atomique et aux énergies alternatives" (France), a research associate in the Institute of Astronomy of the University of Cambridge (United Kingdom), and a fellow in the department of Physics of the University of Oxford (United Kingdom). He published more than 100 articles in high impact journals, with a small number of authors (one or two). He supervised four PhD students, two of which won PhD research awards from the Fundação Calouste Gulbenkian.

Ilídio Lopes has given several outreach seminars at High-Schools and in Public Sessions and has articipated in several outreach events. He has also published several articles in newspapers and magazines. Moreover, several articles about his scientific work have appeared in scientific news magazines and websites like New Scientist and Institute Of Physics (IOP) news.

Selected references:

Saltas, I. D. and Lopes, I. Obtaining precision constraints on modified gravity with helioseismology. Physical Review Letters, 2019, 123 (9), id.091103. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.123.091103.

Lopes, I., and Turck-Chièze, S. (2013) Solar neutrino physics oscillations: sensitivity to the electronic density in the sun's core. The Astrophysical Journal, 2013, 765(1), 14. doi:10.1088/0004-637x/765/1/14.

Lopes, I. and Silk, J. (2010). Neutrino spectroscopy can probe the dark matter content in the sun. Science 330. 462. (Article chosen for Science Express Highlights, Science, Volume 329, pp.1251). doi:10.1126/ science.1196564.



Ivo de Medeiros Varzielas

Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics

PhD: Oxford University, 2008. **ORCID:** 0000-0003-4996-3484

Email: ivo.de@udo.edu **Phone:** +351 218419649

Research area & interests:

Ivo Varzielas has been working on beyond Standard Model extensions, including multi-Higgs doublet models, neutrino physics, and models with flavour symmetries to understand the origin of mass and the interface of particles with astrophysics and cosmology, including the nature of dark matter. He has over 60 papers, a total of de Medeiros Varzielas, I. and Hiller, G. (2015). over 2900 citations and h-index 30.

Selected references:

de Medeiros Varzielas, I., King, S. F., Zhou Y. L. (2020). Multiple modular symmetries as the origin of flavor. Physical Review D101 no.5, 055033. arXiv:1906.02208 [hep-ph]. doi:10.1103/Phys-RevD.101.055033.

Clues for flavor from rare lepton and quark decays. JHEP 1506 072. arXiv:1503.01084 [hep-ph]. doi:10.1007/JHEP06(2015)072.

de Medeiros Varzielas, I., King, S. F., Ross, G.G. (2007). Neutrino tri-bi-maximal mixing from a non-Abelian discrete family symmetry. Physics Letters B 648 201-206. hep-ph/0607045. doi:10.1016/j. physletb.2007.03.009.



Joana Gonçalves-Sá Invited Associate Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics PhD: Universidade Nova de Lisboa, 2010.

ORCID: 0000-0001-6654-2126

Email: joana.gsa@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 214464565

Research area & interests:

Joana Goncalves-Sá works on data mining for decision-making. Has taught Introduction to Research and participated in the Energy Transfer classes. Is currently co-supervising one MSc student and has been on the jury of 7 MSc thesis defenses. Joana Gonçalves-Sá is the Director of the PGCD, Graduate Programme Science for Development, a PhD programme directed at Portuguese-speaking African students, based in Cabo Verde. Currently it has 55 enrolled students, working on their thesis in 10 different countries. Joana is the coordinator of the "Lab in a Box" project, a scientific kit with participation of Filipe Mendes (DF-IST), Pedro Brogueira (DF-IST), Catarina Júlio (IGC) and Mónica Bettencourt-Dias (IGC). The kit has been sponsored by the UNESCO, Instituto Camões and the Instituto Gulbenkian de Ciência.

Science Communication:

1) "La Nuit des Idées", co-organized by the French Embassy/Institut Français and the Fundação Calouste Gulbenkian; 2) "Ciência, literacias e in-Amostragem", Invited Speaker, Ciclo Ponto de tific Reports, 7(1). doi:10.1038/s41598-017-18262-5. Gravidade, Teatro Cão Solteiro; 4) Arriaga M, and

Gonçalves-Sá, J. (17th January 2017). "Acordar para a democracia", Jornal Público, National newspaper opinion column; 5) "Replacing the Ivory and Exiting the Tower", Encontros Ciência Aberta, Ministério da Ciência, Tecnologia e Ensino Superior, Portugal; 6) "Digital Parliament – 40 years of Portuguese Parliamentary Debates", Grupo de Trabalho para o Parlamento Digital, Portugal.

Selected references:

Muller, N., Piel, M., Calvez, V., Voituriez, R., Gonçalves-Sá, J., et al. (2016). A predictive model for yeast cell polarization in pheromone gradients. PLOS Computational Biology, 12(4), e1004795. doi:10. 1371/journal.pcbi.1004795.

Won, M., Marques-Pita, M., Louro, C., & Gonçalves-Sá, J. (2017). Early and real-time detection of seasonal influenza onset. PLOS Computational Biology, 13(2), e1005330. doi:10.1371/journal. pcbi.1005330.

Wood, I. B., Varela, P. L., Bollen, J., Rocha, L. M., clusão", Invited Speaker, Centro de Formação de & Gonçalves-Sá, J. (2017). Human sexual cycles are Escolas António Sérgio, Portugal; 3) "Decisões e driven by culture and match collective moods. Scien-



João L. M. Figueirinhas Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology **PhD:** Kent State University, Kent/Ohio/USA, 1987.

ORCID: 0000-0001-9254-1864

Email: joao.figueirinhas@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419359

Research area & interests:

João Figueirinhas uses Nuclear Magnetic Resonance and Electro-Optical methods in the physical characterization of mesomorphic systems with potential technologiacla application including liquid crystals, cellulose based composites and PDLCs. He has published 78 papers in international journals, 1 book and 5 book chapters and was awarded the "Excellent Teacher" distinction at IST in 2016. He has co-supervised 6 PhD and 2 Msc thesis.

João Figueirinhas published 2 articles in general magazines.

Selected references:

Cruz, C. R., Figueirinhas, J. L., Sebastião, P. J., & Pan Stanford Publishing. (2017). NMR of liquid crystal dendrimers. Singapore: Pan Stanford Publishing.

Echeverria, C., Almeida, P. L., Feio, G., Figueirinhas, J. L., Rey, A. D., & Godinho, M. H. (2015). Rheo-NMR study of water-based cellulose liquid crystal system at high shear rates. *Polymer*, 65, 18–25. doi:10.1016/j.polymer.2015.03.050.

Lehmann, M., Köhn, C., Figueirinhas, J., Feio, G., Cruz, C., & Dong, R. (2010). Biaxial nematic mesophases from shape-persistent mesogens with a fluorenone bending unit. Chemistry – A European Journal, 16(28), 8275–8279. doi:10.1002/chem.201001214.



João Mendanha Dias Assistant Professor

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion

PhD: 2001

ORCID: 0000-0003-0167-1466

Email: joao.m.dias@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419337

Research area & interests:

João Mendanha Dias research is focused on secondary radiation sources and optical diagnostics in laser-plasma interaction field. I have also devoted significant work to optical applications in medicine (eye optical modeling) and in industry (spectroscopy and laser metrology). My research methodology is based on experimental work and occasionally simulations and modeling. He has supervised 8 MSc and 2 PhD thesis. At the Physics Dept. he has been responsible for several teaching experimental physics laboratories in the Engineering Physics and other IST's Engineering courses. Today he is the vice-presidente of the department for general affairs, spaces and budget.

João Mendanha Dias has been lecturer in several training courses in lasers for high school teachers and post-graduation courses in medicine. Scientific consultation for expositions and co-responsible for one module of the F. C. Gulbenkian exposition "À luz de Einstien 1905-2005". He is also member of the scientific council of the Interdisciplinary Portuguese Society of the medical laser since 1999.

Selected references:

Boné, A., Lemos, N., Figueira, G., & Dias, J. M. (2016). Quantitative shadowgraphy for laser-plasma interactions. Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics, 49(15), 155204. doi:10.1088/0022-3727/49/15/155204.

Ribeiro, F. J., Castanheira-Dinis, A., & Dias, J. M. (2012). Personalized Pseudophakic model for refractive assessment. PLoS ONE, 7(10), e46780. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0046780.

Cipiccia, S., Islam, M. R., Ersfeld, B., Shanks, R. P., Brunetti, E., Vieux, G., Yang, X., Issac, R. C., Wiggins, S. M., Welsh, G.H., Anania, M.-P., Maneuski, D., Montgomery, R., Smith, G., Hoek, M., Hamilton, D. J., Lemos, N. R. C., Symes, D., Rajeev, P. P., Shea, V. O., Dias, J. M., Jaroszynski, D. A., (2011). Gamma-rays from harmonically resonant betatron oscillations in a plasma wake. Nature Physics, 7(11), 867-871. doi:10.1038/nphys2090.



João P. S. Bizarro Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion

PhD: Université de Provence, 1993. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-0698-6259

Email: bizarro@ipfn.tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417815

Research area & interests:

João P. S. Bizarro was born in Dili, Timor (formerly a Portuguese territory), in 1963. He received the Technological Physics Engineering degree from Instituto Superior Técnico, Lisboa, Portugal, in 1987, the PhD degree in Radiation and Plasmas from Université de Provence (Aix-Marseille I), Marseille, France, in 1993, and the Habilitation in Post-docs, won an Honourable Mention in Physics Physics from IST in 2010. He was an JNICT fellow between 1988 and 1990, was an Euratom fellow between 1990 and 1993 and has been a professor in the Physics Department, IST, since 1993, having been the Head of the Theory and Modeling Group of the Associação Euratom-IST during 2008-2012. He has visited and worked in fusion laboratories such as the Joint European Torus, Abingdon, UK, TORE SUPRA, Cadarache, France, and the Instituto de Física, Universidade de São Paulo, Brazil, having been a research fellow of the Junta Nacional de Investigação Científica e Tecnológica, Lisboa, Portugal, in 1988-1990, and of the Commission of the European Communities (Euratom) in 1990–1993. He has been appointed to bodies of the European Fusion Programme, having seated in the Fusion Physics Committee during 2000–2002, and in the Scientific and Technological Advisory Committee during 2002–2007. He has authored, or co-authored, more than 90 papers in leading scientific journals and his research interests have ranged

from quantum mechanics and thermodynamics to RF engineering and signal processing, and have included as well several fields of high-temperature plasma physics such as plasma waves, kinetic equations, RF heating and current drive, and plasma equilibrium and transport. He has supervised, or co-supervised, 1 MSc and 5 PhD thesis, as well as 4 of the 2012 UTL/Santander-Totta scientific prize, was awarded Outstanding Reviewer Status by Elsevier (Annals of Physics) in 2014, and several Peer Review Awards by Publons in 2017.

Selected references:

Bizarro, J. P. (2017). Comment on "Not all counterclockwise thermodynamic cycles are refrigerators" [Am. J. Phys. 84, 413–418 (2016)]. American Journal of Physics, 85(11), 861-863. doi:10.1119/1.5005928.

Mendonça, J. T., & Bizarro, J. P. (2017). Twisted waves in a magnetized plasma. Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, 59(5), 054003. doi:10.1088/1361-6587/aa6231.

Vilela Mendes, R., & Bizarro, J. P. (2017). Analytical study of growth estimates, control of fluctuations, and conservative structures in a two-field model of the scrape-off layer. *Physics of Plasmas*, 24(1), 012303. doi:10.1063/1.4973222.



João P. Silva Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Carnegie Mellon University, 1994. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-6455-9618

Email: jpsilva@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Research area & interests:

João P. Silva is interested in models and signals of new physics, including neutrinos, CP violation, and especially signs of more than one Higgs at LHC. He received the IST Outstanding Teaching Award, chosen from amongst all 1st cycle lecturers in 2014/2015, which recognizes and promotes excellence in education.

Occasional seminars at the CERN Masterclasses organized by P. Abreu.

Selected references:

Branco, G., Ferreira, P., Lavoura, L., Rebelo, M., Sher, M., & Silva, J. P. (2012). Theory and phenomenology of two-Higgs-doublet models. *Physics Reports*, 516(1–2), 1–102. doi:10.1016/j.physrep. 2012.02.002.

Botella, F. J., & Silva, J. P. (1995). Jarlskog-like invariants for theories with scalars and fermions. *Physical Review D*, 51(7), 3870–3875. doi:10.1103/physrevd.51.3870.

Ferreira, P. M., Santos, R., Sher, M., & Silva, J. P. (2012). Implications of the LHC two-photon signal for two-Higgs-doublet models. *Physical Review D*, 85(7). doi:10.1103/physrevd.85.077703.



João Seixas Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Université Lyon I (França), 1986. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-7531-0842

Email: joao.seixas@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419011

Research area & interests:

Member of the CMS Collaboration.

Seminars in High schools and public sessions.

Selected references:

R. Arnaldi et al./NA60 Collaboration. (2006). First measurement of the ρ spectral function in high-energy nuclear collisions. *Physical Review Letters* 96, 162302. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.96.162302.

Faccioli, P., Lourenço, C., Seixas, J., & Wöhri, H. K. (2010). Towards the experimental clarification of quarkonium polarization. *The European Physical Journal C*, 69(3–4), 657–673. doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-010-1420-5.

Chatrchyan, S. et al./The CMS Collaboration. (2013). Measurement of the prompt J/ ψ and ψ (2S) polarizations in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. *Physics Letters B*, 727 381–402. doi:10.1016/j.physletb. 2013.10.055.



Jorge C. Romão Full Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Universidade de Chicago, 1979. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-9683-4055

Email: jorge.romao@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417778

Research area & interests:

Jorge C. Romão studies weak interactions. This includes looking at precision tests of the Standard Model as well as studying its extensions. He is a specialist in supersymmetric theories both with and without R-parity, where he has done extensive work in connection with neutrino physics. More recently his interests have moved the focus into models with several Higgs doublets, both CP conserving or CP violating. He has published 94 papers in top international journals and two books. He has been the Portuguese coordinator for 4 European Union Marie Curie Training Networks. He has supervised or co-supervised 8 PhD thesis.

Jorge C. Romão has given 2 outreach seminars and ISBN: 978-3-527-41197-9. participated in the CERN Master Classes.

Selected references:

Hirsch, M., Díaz, M. A., Porod, W., Romão, J. C. & Valle, J. W. (2000). Neutrino masses and mixings from supersymmetry with bilinear R-parity violation: A theory for solar and atmospheric neutrino oscillations. *Physical Review D*, 62(11). doi:10.1103/physrevd.65.119901.

Fontes, D., Romão, J. C., Santos, R., & Silva, J. P. (2015). Large pseudoscalar Yukawa couplings in the complex 2HDM. *Journal of High Energy Physics*, 2015(6). doi:10.1007/jhep06(2015)060.

Valle, J. W. F., & Romão, J. C. (2015). Neutrinos in high energy and astroparticle physics. Wiley-VCH. ISBN: 978-3-527-41197-9.



Jorge Vieira
Assistant Professor

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion **PhD:** IST, Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 2010.

ORCID: 0000-0002-5515-3624

Email: jorge.vieira@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419375

Research area & interests:

Jorge Vieira investigates advanced plasma accelerator based accelerators and light sources using theory and computer simulations. He was the responsible for the course Plasma Physics and Technology and Advanced Plasma Physics. Jorge Vieira has published 80 papers in international journals. He supervised 2 MSc thesis and co-supervised 1 PhD thesis.

Jorge Vieira was interviewed by national newspaper Público on the first experimental results of the Advanced Wakefield Experiment (AWAKE) at CERN (https://www.publico.pt/2018/09/04/ciencia/noticia/puseram-electroes-a-surfar-uma-on-da-de-plasma-e-eles-aceleraramse-1842420).

Selected references:

Adli, E. et al, Acceleration of electrons in the plasma wakefield of a proton bunch, *Nature*, 2018, 561, 363–367, doi:10.1038/s41586-018-0485-4

Vieira, J., Mendonça, J.T., Quéré, F. Optical control of the topology of laser-plasma accelerators, *Physical Review Letters*, 2018 121, 054801, doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.121.054801

Vieira, J., Trines, R. M., Alves, E. P., Fonseca, R. A., Mendonça, J. T., Bingham, R., Norreys, P., Silva, L. O. (2016). Amplification and generation of ultra-intense twisted laser pulses via stimulated Raman scattering. *Nature Communications*, 7, 10371. doi:10.1038/ncomms10371.



José Guilherme Milhano

Associate Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** University of Oxford, 2002. **ORCID:** 0000-0001-8154-3688

Email: guilherme.milhano@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 210493632

Research area & interests:

Guilherme Milhano is a QCD phenomenologist whose main current focus is understanding the properties of the Quark Gluon Plasma produced in ultra-relativisticion collisions. He has made significant contributions to the advancement of jet studies in heavy ion collisions and the understand- L. Apolinário, Milhano, J. G., Salam, G. P., and ing of the initial conditions for such collisions. He has been deeply involved in exploring the physics potential of future colliders. He currently leads the Phenomenology Group at LIP. He has been responsible for various courses at the Physics Department, most recently for 'Oscillations and Waves', 'Quantum Mechanics II' and 'Advanced Quantum Mechanics'.

Guilherme Milhano has given several outreach JHEP03(2017)135. talks to high school students.

Selected references:

Brewer, J., Milhano, J. G., and J. Thaler, J. (2019). Sorting out quenched jets. Physics Review Letters 122 (2019) no.22, 222301. doi:10.1103/PhysRev-Lett.122.222301.

Salgado, C. A. (2018). Probing the time structure of the quark-gluon plasma with top quarks. Physics Review Letters120 (2018) no.23, 232301. doi:10.1103/ PhysRevLett.120.232301.

Casalderrey-Solana, J., Gulhan, D., Milhano, G., Pablo, D., and Rajagopal, K. (2017). Angular Structure of jet quenching within a hybrid strong/weak coupling model. HEP03 (2017), 135. doi:10.1007/



José Luís Martins

Full Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, 1984.

ORCID: 0000-0002-9061-967X

Email: jose.l.martins@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 213100396

Research area & interests:

Research on electronic structure of solids. development of methods. Applications to semiconductors and nanostructures.

Selected references:

Troullier, N., and Martins, J. L. (1993). Efficient pseudopotentials for plane-wave calculations. Physical Review B, 43(3), 1993–2006. doi:10.1103/ phyrevb.43.1993.



José Pizarro de Sande e Lemos

Full Professor

Area: Astrophysics & Gravitation **PhD:** University of Cambridge, 1987. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-9449-8414

Email: joselemos@ist.utl.pt **Phone:** +351 218419048

Research area & interests:

José P. S. Lemos works on black holes and fundamental physics. He devises methods to calculate the black hole entropy and so to arrive at an understanding of what and where are the black hole degrees of freedom. Those are connected at a semiclassical level to a still elusive quantum gravity. He also works on astrophysical and cosmological problems. He has published more than 150 papers, has more than 5000 citations in Inspires, has supervised 9 PhD theses, 15 MSc theses, and 10 postdoctoral researchers. He is Professor Catedrático at the Physics Department of Instituto Superior Técnico, President of CENTRA (Centro Multidisciplinar de Astrofísica) and in the period 2013–2015 has been President of the Physics Department. He is the recipient of national and international prizes, and has been invited professor at the University of Paris, University of Columbia New York, Freie University of Berlin, Universities and Institutions in Rio de Janeiro and in São Paulo. He has lectured and has been invited to give main talks in several international schools and conferences.

José P. S. Lemos has organized the past IST Schools in Astrophysics and Gravitation, in particular the 8th School held in 2016, and the 9th to be held in 2018.

He has been interviewed in Radio Antena 2 Programa Ciência on black holes, gravitational waves, and cosmology, several times. He has delivered many seminars in Public Sessions.

Selected references:

Rosa, J. L., Carloni, S., Lemos, J. P., & Lobo, F. S. (2017). Cosmological solutions in generalized hybrid metric-Palatini gravity. *Physical Review D*, 95(12). doi:10.1103/physrevd.95.124035. arXiv: 1703.03335 [gr-qc].

Lemos, J. P., & Zanchin, V. T. (2017). Plethora of relativistic charged spheres: The full spectrum of Guifoyle's static, electrically charged spherical solutions. *Physical Review D*, 95(10). doi:10.1103/physrevd.95.104040.

Lemos, J. P., Minamitsuji, M., & Zaslavskii, O. B. (2017). Unified approach to the entropy of an extremal rotating BTZ black hole: Thin shells and horizon limits. *Physical Review D*, 96(8). doi:10.1103/physrevd.96.084068. arXiv: 17 09.08637 [hep-th].



Liliana Apolinário Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics

PhD: Universidade de Santiago de Compostela, 2013. **ORCID:** 0000-0003-3500-9681

Email: liliana@lip.pt **Phone:** +351 210493655

Research area & interests:

Liliana Apolinário contributes to the development of the theory of the strong interactions (QCD) at high temperature and density. Her work is particularly focused on the characterisation of the Quark Gluon Plasma that is created in ultra-relativistic heavy-ion collisions by using jets (the result of a QCD parton shower). She has made significant contributions to the field so far by (1) theoretical development of the QGP induced modifications to the QCD parton shower (jet quenching) and (2) novel proposals of jet observables able to accurately measure the QGP properties. This has been accomplished by 27 publications and more than 35 presentations in international conferences (15 of which as an invited speaker). At the department, she has been lecturing for the last 4 years (Analytical Mechanics; Hadron Physics and Quantum Chromodynamics; Oscillations and Waves) and this year took full responsibility of the Techniques of Mathematical Physics. She was awarded "Excellent Teacher" distinction at IST in 2016, 2017 and 2019. She has already supervised 4 MSc students (1 is on-going) and 9 Summer Internship students.

Participated in several outreach events: NFIST activities (2004–2005); Master Classes (since 2015); Physics Olympiad (2015). Invited to give 4 lectures in MsC and PhD. schools (2017–2020) and 3 outreach talks (2019–2020). Has organised the Symposium Data Science in (Astro)Particle Physics and Cosmology: the bridge to Industry (School and Symposium) in 2019 and 2020. She has been interviewed in Radio Antenna 1 Programa 90 segundos de Ciência.

Selected references:

Apolinário, L., Milhano, J. G., Salam, G. P., and Salgado C. A. Probing the time structure of the quark-gluon plasma with top quarks, Under revision at *PRL*.

Zhang, X., Apolinário, L., Milhano, J., & Płoskoń, M. (2016). Sub-jet structure as a discriminating quenching probe. *Nuclear Physics A*, 956, 597–600. doi:10.1016/j.nuclphysa.2016.02.028.

A. Dainese et al. (2017). Heavy ions at the Future Circular Collider. *CERN Yellow Report* no.3, 635–692. doi:10.23731/CYRM-2017-003.635.



Luís Filipe MendesAssistant Professor

Area: Interdisciplinary physics **PhD:** Universidade de Lisboa, 2003. **ORCID:** 0000-0003-1282-8051

Email: filipe.mendes@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419667

Research area & interests:

Luís Filipe Mendes worked on the scientific field of solar cooling (solar assisted absorption chillers) and, more recently, on concentrating solar energy. In the period 2018–2019, in the field of solar energy, he was Senior Lecturer of two courses on solar energy at IST (Solar Thermal Energy and Photovoltaic Solar Energy), he supervised 6 MSc thesis (concluded) and 2 PhD thesis (in progress). He is co-author of papers presented in the last two Solar PACES International Conferences, published by the AIP. He was awarded the "Excellent Teacher" distinction at IST in 2018 and 2019.

Luís Filipe Mendes has a particular interest in teaching physics from an experimental point of view and sparking curiosity for science in people of all ages. In 2018–2019 he was involved in the project "Lab in a Box" designing experiments and support protocols for high school students in Cabo Verde.

Selected references:

Apolinário, L., Milhano, J., Salam, G. P., and Salgado, C. A. (2018). Probing the time structure of the quark-gluon plasma with top quarks. *Physical Review Letters* 120, 23, 232301 doi:10.1103/PhysRev-Lett.120.232301.

Apolinário, L., Milhano, J., Ploskon, M., Zhang, X. (2018). Novel subjet observables for jet quenching in heavy-ion collisions. *European Physical Journal C* 78, 6, 529. doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-018-5999-2.

Abada, A. et al. (2019). FCC physics opportunities: Future circular collider. Conceptual design report volume 1, *European Physical Journal C* 79, 6, 474. doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-019-6904-3.



Luís L. AlvesFull Professor

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion **PhD:** Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 1993.

ORCID: 0000-0002-2677-574X

 $\textbf{Email:} \ llalves@tecnico.ulisboa.pt$

Phone: +351 218419376

Research area & interests:

Luís L. Alves is the coordinator of the Scientific Domain of Plasma Physics, Lasers and Nuclear Fusion of the Department of Physics of IST and a former Head of this department. He is the Coordinator of Doctoral Programmes in Physics and Engineering Physics of IST. He is the Head of group N-Plasmas Reactive: Modelling and Engineering (N-PRiME) with Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, where is also serves as Vice-President for Scientific Affairs. He works in the modelling and simulation of low-temperature plasmas. His research focuses on the study of microwave and radio-frequency discharges, and the development of kinetic models of interest for material science, biological and environmental applications. He was the PI developing the LisbOn KInetics (LoKI) simulation tool (https://nprime.tecnico. ulisboa.pt/loki/). He has co-authored over 250 technical publications, including over 90 journal papers, delivered over 35 invited lectures, and have 3 patents registered. He supervises(d) 22 PhD and MSc theses.

Luís L. Alves has been the chairman/cochairman of various international conferences and schools. He is a regular teacher of the summer school "Plasmasurf" (July of every year) and the ATHENS school in Plasma Science and Technology (March

of every year), organized by IPFN/IST. He has been a regular collaborator of the MEFT/DF joint initiative "MEFT: Desafiar os limites", targeting the recruitment of high-school students for MEFT. He leads the outreach efforts (including the website) of N-PRiME.

Selected References:

Guerra, V., Tejero-del-Caz, A., Pintassilgo, C. D., Alves, L. L. (2019). Modelling N2-O2 plasmas: volume and surface kinetics. *Plasma Sources Sci. and Technol.* 28 073001. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/ab252c.

Tejero-del-Caz, A., Guerra, V., Gonçalves, D., Lino da Silva, M., Marques, L., Pinhão, N., Pintassilgo, C. D., Alves, L. L. (2019). The LisbOn KInetics Boltzmann solver. *Plasma Sources Sci. and Technol.* 28 04300. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/ab0537.

Guerra, V., Silva, T., Ogloblina, P., Grofulović, M., Terraz, L., Silva, M. L., Pintassilgo, C. D., Alves, L. L. and Guaitella, O. (2017). The case for in situ resource utilisation for oxygen production on Mars by non-equilibrium plasmas. *Plasma Sources Science and Technology*, 26(11), 11LT01. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/aa8dcc.



Luis O. Silva Full Professor

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion PhD: Instituto Superior Técnico, 1992. **ORCID:** 0000-0003-2906-924X

Email: luis.silva@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419336

Research area & interests:

Luís O. Silva research activities are focused in the in silico exploration of the interaction of intense beams of particles and e.m. fields with plasmas, in laboratory and astrophysical scenarios, combining theoretical physics with massively parallel numerical simulations. He has published more than 200 publications, supervised 16 PhD theses and mentored 8 post-doctoral fellows. He is Grande Oficial da Instrução Pública (2016), has been awarded with two ERC Advanced grants and he is a fellow of the APS (2009), the EPS (2017), the European Academy of Sciences (2019), and Corresponding Member of the Lisbon Academy of Sciences (2019).

Luis O. Silva regularly gives presentations in high-schools (approx. 5 per year) and hosts internships in his group of high school students. His group is also responsible for several installations in art/science fairs (approx. 5 per year), based on the GoLP VR Lab and scientific visualisations. He contributes to journal i (approx. 4 articles per year). He is the ex officio president of the Fundação Edgar Cardoso and President of the General Assembly of the Portuguese Physics Society.

Selected references:

Silva, L. O., Marti, M., Davies, J. R., Fonseca, R. A., Ren, C., Tsung, F. S., & Mori, W. B. (2004). Proton shock acceleration in laser-plasma interactions. Physical Review Letters, 92(1). doi:10.1103/ physrevlett.92.015002.

Martins, S. F., Fonseca, R. A., Lu, W., Mori, W. B. & Silva, L. O. Exploring laser-wakefield-accelerator regimes for near-term lasers using particle-in-cell simulation in Lorentz-boosted frames, Nature Physics, 2010 volume 6, pages 311-

Schoeffler, K. M., Grismayer, T., Uzdensky, D., Fonseca, R. A., Silva, L. O., Bright gamma-ray flares powered by magnetic reconnection in QED-strength magnetic fields, The Astrophysical Journal (2019), 870, 49.



Luís V. Melo Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: IST, 1996.

ORCID: 0000-0001-6413-7143

Email: luis.melo@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417775

Research area & interests:

L. V. Melo's research has been focused on nanotechnology topics since 1989: Giant Magneto Resistive (GMR) materials and sensors, Scanning Probe Microscopy (SPM), both from the side of multidisciplinary imaging (biology, nanomaterials) and from the technology development. Lately he has also been interested in synchronization problems and acoustic detection using microcantilevers. He was Managing Vice-President of IST-ID, a non-profit institution managing the RD activity of IST (2019 budget 20.5 M€), 2016-2020. Advisor to the President of FCT (Portuguese Research Council) from 2006-2010. Benjamin Meaker Visiting Professor (2010–2011) at the University of Bristol (UK). Benjamin Meaker Visiting Professor (2010-2011), University of Bristol (UK). Co-coordinator of the Portuguese Industry and Manufacture Strategic Agenda. Delegate or Expert in various EU boards (NMBP - Nanoscience, Nanotechnology, Mate-Committee, High Level Group on Materials, ECSEL ITI Governing and Public Authorities Boards). Delegate to the OECD WPN and Bureau Neves, A. I. S., Rodrigues, D. P., De Sanctis, A., Member (2007–2014). Delegate to the OECD WP BNCT (2017-) and Bureau Member (2019-).

in the team organizing the exhibition "À Luz de Einstein" (commissioners C. Matos Ferreira and A. Eiró) Einstein's "miraculous year" at the Fundação Gulbenkian in 2005 (~60k visitors). In 2010 a discussion on the dematerialization of music, with a musicologist from U. Nova at FNAC, by invitation of Ciência Viva. In the framework of PortugalNano coordination at FCT he participated in many policy or outreach activities, including CEMES (Toulouse, 2008), NanoSwec (Bordeaux, 2008), the Workshop PT-BR on Nanotechnologies (Rio de Janeiro, 2010), or the NanoIberian Conference (Braga, 2008).

Selected references:

Oliveira, H. M., & Melo, L. V. (2015). Huygens synchronization of two clocks. Scientific Reports, 5(1). doi:10.1038/srep11548.

Gonçalves. J., Carmona, B., Nolasco, S., Melo, L. V., Soares, H. (2019) Cilia distal domain: diversity rials and new Production Technologies - Program in evolutionarily conserved structures. Cells, 8(2), 160: 2019. doi:10.3390/cells8020160.

Torres Alonso, E., Pereira, M. S., Amaral, V. S., Melo, L. V., Russo, S., de Schrijver, I., Alves, H., Craciun, M. F. Towards conductive textiles: coating Besides international policy fora, L.V. Melo parpolymeric fibres with graphene. Scientific Reports 7: ticipated in different outreach activities: he was 4250 (2017). doi:10.1038/s41598-017-04453-7



Manuela Mendes Assistant Professor

Area: Interdisciplinary Physics PhD: Université Paris VII, 1989. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-5221-1360

Email: manuela.mendes@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417534

Research area & interests:

My main research interests is seismic imaging applied to oil industry, environment and culture heritage. Elastic Ray-Born L2- Migration/Inversion.

Selected references:

Beydoun, W. B., & Mendes, M. (1989). Elastic Rayborn L2-migration/inversion. Geophysical Journal International, 97(1), 151–160. doi:10.1111/j.1365-246 x.1989.tb00490.x.

Mendes, M. (2009). A hybrid fast algorithm for first arrivals tomography. Geophysical Prospecting, 57(5), 803-809. doi:10.1111/j.1365-2478.2008.00755.x.

Martinho, E. & Dionísio, A., and Mendes, M. (2017). Simulation of a portuguese limestone masonry structure submitted to fire: 3D ultrasonic tomography approach. International Journal of Conservation Science, 8, 565–580.



Maria Margarida Nesbitt Rebelo da Silva

Invited Associate Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics PhD: Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 1989.

ORCID: 0000-0002-8744-5146

Email: rebelo@tecnico.ulisboa.pt **Phone:** +351 218419010

Research areas & interests:

Most of my work has been done in various phenomenological aspects of unified electroweak interactions, with particular emphasis on CP violation, Flavour Physics and Higgs Physics. I am specially interested in models with an extended scalar sector and the implications for Flavour Physics. I am also very interested mixing, both in the quark and leptonic sectors, in the framework of the Standard Model and beyond the SM as well as in the origin of CP violation. My work is closely related to LHC physics. More than 40 papers in journals with referee. More than 3300 citations in G. C. Branco, M. N. Rebelo and J. I. Silva-Marcos. Inspire, h index = 29.

Selected references:

Branco, G., Ferreira, P., Lavoura, L., Rebelo, M., Sher, M., & Silva, J. P. (2012). Theory and phenomenology of two-Higgs-doublet models. Physics Reports, 516(1-2), 1–102. (790 citations counted in INSPIRE as of 15 Sep 2016). doi:10.1016/j.physrep.2012.02.002.

in the question of the origin of fermion masses and Rebelo, M. N. (2003). Leptogenesis without CP violation at low energies. Physical Review D, 67(1). (68 citations counted in INSPIRE as of 15 Sep 2016). doi:10.1103/physrevd.67.013008.

> (1999). Degenerate and quasidegenerate majorana neutrinos. Physical Review Letters, 82(4), 683-686. (103 citations counted in INSPIRE as of 15 Sep 2016). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.82.683.



Mário J. Pinheiro Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion

PhD: 1993

ORCID: 0000-0002-5500-7408

Email: mpinheiro@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Selected references:

Pinheiro, M. J. (2017). A reformulation of mechanics and electrodynamics. Heliyon, 3(7), e00365. doi:10.1016/j.heliyon.2017.e00365.

Pinheiro, M. J. (2013). A variational method in out-of-equilibrium physical systems. Scientific Reports, 3(1). doi:10.1038/srep03454.

Pinheiro, M. J. (2016). Some effects of topological torsion currents on spacecraft dynamics and the flyby anomaly. Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 461(4), 3948-3953. doi:10.1093/ mnras/stw1581

Mário maintains the scientific blog Science2be: https://science2be.wordpress.com/



Mário Lino da Silva Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion

PhD: Université d'Orléans, 2005. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-1993-1548

Email: mlinodasilva@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419328

Research areas & interests:

Mario Lino da Silva has an Aerospace Eng. degree from IST (2001) and a PhD in Plasma Physics from the Université d'Orléans, France (2004). Since 2001 he has worked on the topic of nonequilibrium kinetic and radiative processes in low-pressure, high-speed hydrodynamic plasmas, with the application to spacecraft reentry flows. He has been participating in several technology research programs funded by the European Space Agency, and is the Manager of the IPFN Hypersonic Plasmas Laboratory, which hosts the largest Space research facility in Portugal, the European Shock-Tube for M. (2019). Computational fluid radiative dynamics High Enthalpy Research (ESTHER).

Mário Lino da Silva has given about 80 outreach seminars on Space and Space exploration at High-Schools in the scope of the ESERO program "Space goes to School". Mário Lino da Silva has also published 22 articles in newspapers and magazines, and participated in 6 interviews in national radio and television.

Selected references:

Vargas, J., Lopez, B., and Lino da Silva, M. (2020). Heavy-impact vibrational excitation and dissociation processes in CO2. Preprint arXiv:2006.10426.

Vargas, J., Lopez, B., and Lino da Silva, M. (2020). CDSDv: A compact database for the modeling of high-temperature CO2 radiation. Journal of Quantitative Spectroscopy and Radiative Transfer 245: 106848. doi:10.1016/j.jqsrt.2020.106848.

Santos Fernandes, L., Lopez, B., and Lino da Silva, of the Galileo Jupiter entry. Physics of Fluids 31, no. 10: 106104. doi:10.1063/1.5115264.



Mário PimentaFull Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Instituto Superior Técnico, 1986. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-2590-0908

Email: pimenta@lip.pt **Phone:** +351 210493645

Research areas & interests:

Particle and Astroparticle Physics, in particular with Ultra High Energy Cosmic Rays and very High Energy Gamma Rays. Experimental High Energy Physics. Searches for New Physics. Hadronic Interactions. Radiation environment in the Heliosphere. Radiation effects on electronic components. Radiation monitors for space missions. Photosensors. Since 1989 Principal Investigator of more than 30 projects of relevant national interest financed by the Portuguese Science funding agencies in the framework of Portuguese participation at CERN and at ESA and in cosmic rays experiments. Supervisor of twelve PhD theses and several master theses. He co-authored the books "Introdução à Física", and "Introduction to Particle and Astroparticle Physics", authored and co-authored more than 400 scientific articles.

President of LIP since 2015 (and Director since 1995), organized and gave a LIP overview seminar in the 30th anniversary of LIP and in several occasions, presented 5 outreach seminars at IST or in public sessions in Montijo and in the Lisbon Planetarium, and organized advanced training schools. He is also the coordinator of the IDPASC Doctorate

Newtork (International Doctorate in Particle and astroparticle physics, Astrophysics and Cosmology) and of the national FCT IDPASC Portugal doctorate programme.

Selected references:

De Angelis, A., and Pimenta, M. J. (2015). *Introduction to particle and astroparticle physics: Questions to the universe.* Milan: Springer. ISBN: 978-88-470-2687-2 (Print) 978-88-470-2688-9 (Online).

Dias de Deus, J., Pimenta, M., Noronha, A., Penha, T., Brogueira, P. (2014). *Introdução à Física*. Physics textbook for undergraduates (1st Edition, McGrawHill, 1992; 2nd Edition, McGrawHill, 2000; 3rd Edition, Escolar Editora, 2014. Spanish edition, McGrawHill, 2001). ISBN 97897 25924402.

Alexander Aab et al. (includes M. Pimenta), Pierre Auger Collaboration. (2016). Testing hadronic interactions at ultrahigh energies with air showers measured by the Pierre Auger Observatory. *Physical Review Letters* 117, 19, 192001. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett. 117.192001.



Marta Fajardo Assistant Professor

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion
 PhD: Ecole Polytechnique/Universidade
 Técnica de Lisboa, 2001.
 ORCID: 0000-0003-2133-2365

Email: marta.fajardo@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419202

Research areas & interests:

Marta Fajardo studies plasmas in extreme conditions, in particular Warm Dense Matter, to understand the transition between solid and classical plasma state. She is the leader of the VOXEL laboratory, where high intensity XUV and X-ray sources are used to develop novel dense plasma diagnostics and imaging systems. These X-ray diagnostics have applications beyond plasma physics, in biological imaging and material science. She has published 104 articles in international journals including Nature, Nature Physics, Nature Photonics, Physical Review Letters, etc., and was awarded the "Exellent Teacher" distinction at IST in 2017 and 2019. She supervised 6 PhD thesis and 6 Masters students. She was elected chair of Beam Plasma and Inertial Fusion section of European Physical Society - Division of Plasma Physics in 2015, for which she is now honorary member.

Marta Fajardo is a member of the Gender Balance group at IST. She has organized 5 international graduate research courses and part of the local organizing committee of 12 international conferences and workshops. She has been a speaker for "Encon-

tro com o Cientista" at Escola Ciência Viva. She hosted the Nobel Physics prize recipient Gérard Mourou for a Distinguished Lecture at IST and at Pavilhão Ciência Viva.

Selected references:

Williams, G. O., Künzel, S., Daboussi, S., Iwan, B., Gonzalez, A. I., Boutu, W., ... Fajardo, M. (2018). Tracking the ultrafast XUV optical properties of x-ray free-electron-laser heated matter with high-order harmonics. *Physical Review A*, 97(2). doi:10.1103/physreva.97.023414.

Lambert, G., Vodungbo, B., Gautier, J., Mahieu, B., Malka, V., Sebban, S., ... Fajardo, M. (2015). Towards enabling femtosecond helicity-dependent spectroscopy with high-harmonic sources. *Nature Communications*, 6(1). doi:10.1038/ncomms7167.

Duarte, J., Cassin, R., Huijts, J., Iwan, B., Fortuna, F., Delbecq, L., Chapman, H., Fajardo, M., Kovacev, M., Boutu, W., and Merdji, H. (2019). Computed stereo lensless X-ray imaging. *Nature Photonics* 13 (7), 449–453 (2019).



Michele Gallinaro Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics

PhD: Univ. Rome, Italy, 1996. **ORCID:** 0000-0003-1261-2277

Email: michgall@cern.ch

Research areas & interests:

I currently hold a research position at LIP, where I have been conducting research in the context of the Portuguese participation in the CMS experiment at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) at CERN. I have been involved in the study of Standard Model (SM) and Beyond SM processes to fully exploit the opportunities of the unparalleled energy of the LHC collisions. Besides my research activity at LIP, I have been providing support to the academic activities at IST in three main areas: 1) Submitted research proposals to be conducted by students, both for Master and Doctorate level. In this domain, during the past few years I have been supervising several students, providing guidance and training. 2) Provided support for the basic Physics courses at the University; 3) I am responsible coordinator for the advanced course on "Physics at the LHC" (yearly, since 2012), a specialized course in the field of High Energy Particle Physics. This course is aimed at teaching the basic concepts on the fundamental research that is being pursued at the LHC.

I am occasionally invited to give seminars in Public Sessions related to my research activity at CERN/ LHC. Also, I regularly participate to Outreach activities and dedicated Schools aimed at undergraduate students.

Selected references:

Khachatryan, V. et al./CMS Collaboration. (2015). Search for a charged Higgs boson in proton-proton collisions at 8 TeV. Journal of High Energy Physics 1511, 018. doi:10.1007/JHEP11(2015)018.

Chatrchyan, S. et al./CMS Collaboration. (2012). Observation of a new boson at a mass of 125 GeV with the CMS experiment at the LHC. Physics Letters B 716 30. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2012.08.021.

Abe, F. et al./CDF Collaboration. (1995). Observation of top quark production in proton-antiproton collisions. Physics Review Letters 74 2626.



Nuno Leonardo Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics

PhD: Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 2007.

ORCID: 0000-0002-9746-4594

Email: nuno@cern.ch **Phone:** +351 210493608

Research areas & interests:

Nuno Leonardo explores novel phenomena with CERN's Large Hadron Collider. The unprecedented energy and intensity frontiers attained with the LHC gives access to extremely rare processes, which offer in turn exquisite sensitivity for revealing and characterising new physics (NP) beyond the current standard model (SM) of particle physics. Detecting such tiny NP signals buried in the much more abundant SM backgrounds is achived through state-of-the-art data filtering and analysis techniques and machine learning. He is involved in the exploration of such rare processes in both proton and heavy nuclei collision data. He is principal researcher at LIP. Previously he held researcher positions at MIT, CERN, Purdue University, and studied at IST (Lic.), Cambridge (MSc) and MIT (PhD). At CMS he has served in the Trigger and Physics coordinations of the experiment, and at LIP he is coordinator for advanced training and coPI of the CMS group.

Nuno Leonardo has led several discoveries in parti- Leonardo, N. (2011). Matter antimatter fluctuations cle physics. He co-authors more than 1150 papers. He has given more than 25 invited colloquia and seminars at top research institutions (Americas, Europe, Asia), and more contributions at international

conferences, including a conference summary/ concluding talk. He has established and coordinates the LIP Internship Program, that receives ca. 60 university students each Summer. Students obtain hands-on training in particle physics, data analysis techniques, instrumentation, presentation of results and paper writting — and in many cases their first active contact with frontier research. He participates regularly in science outreach activites.

Selected references:

CMS and LHCb Colls. (2015). Observation of the rare Bs to $\rightarrow \mu + \mu -$ decay from the combined analysis of CMS and LHCb data. Nature 522 68. doi:10. 1038/nature14474 Nature 522 (2015) 68.

CMS Coll. (2012). Observation of sequential Υ suppression in PbPb collisions. Physics Review Letters 109 (2012) 222301. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.109.

— Search, discovery and analysis of Bs flavor oscillations. ISBN 978-3-8433-7693-8.



Patricia Conde Muíño

Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Universidade de Santiago de Compostela,

ORCID: 0000-0002-9187-7478

Email: pconde@lip.pt **Phone:** +351 210493620

Research areas & interests:

Patricia Conde Muiño is the coordinator of the Portuguese team participating in the ATLAS experiment at CERN. She contributed to the discovery of the Higgs boson, in the WW decay channel, to the first observation of the Higgs probing the spin and CP properties of the hWW vertex in the associated production channel of a Higgs and a W boson. On the technical side, she has wide experience on real time software triggers, hadronic calorimetry, jet reconstruction and calibration techniques. She is currently developing trigger algorithms using GPUs as accelerators, for the ATLAS Phase II Upgrade. She is the advisor of 5 PhD thesis and 7 Master thesis. She was main contributor to 35 journal articles and 35 proceedings and ATLAS public notes. P. Conde Muíño is the Portuguese representative at (2018). Performance of the ALAS trigger systhe ECFA meetings, member of the ATLAS Exetem in 2015. The European Physical Journal C 77 (5). cutive Board and Portuguese National Contact doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-017-4852-3. Physicist at ATLAS.

In addition to research, she contributes to several outreach and education activities at LIP. P. Conde Muíño has given 20 presentations in outreach events and secondary schools; 11 interviews in 92.012006.

newspapers, TV or radio programmes and has participated in the organisation of four outreach events related to CERN and particle physics. She regularly participates in the MasterClasses of Particle Physics at IST and FCUL since 2008. She was the LIP seminar organiser from 2013–2018. decays to WW pairs, to b quark pairs and also She was the chair of the local organising comto the first observation of associated production mittee of 5 conferences/workshops organised in with W and Z bosons at ATLAS. She is currently Portugal, and participated in the scientific committee of three workshops. She is a member of the APPEC/ECFA/NUPECC task force on Diversity issues.

Selected references:

Conde Muiño, P. et al. (ATLAS Collaboration), (2018). Observation of H->bb decays and VH production with the ATLAS detector. Physics Letters B 786: 59–86. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.09.013.

Conde Muiño P. et al. (ATLAS Collaboration).

Conde Muiño P. et al. (ATLAS Collaboration). (2015). Observation and measurement of Higgs boson decays to WW* with the ATLAS detector. Physical Review D 92 (1). doi:10.1103/physrevd.



Patrícia Gonçalves Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics PhD: Instituto Superior Técnico/UTL, 2002.

ORCID: 0000-0003-2042-3759

Email: patricia.goncalves@ist.utl.pt

Phone: +351 210493652

Research areas & interests:

Patrícia Gonçalves is a Researcher at LIP, Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas, where she coordinates the activities related to Space applications, in the field of Space Radiation Environment and Effects, She is also with the Portuguese group participating in the Pierre Auger Observatory and a member of the Aab, A. et al. (2015). (2014). Searches for aniso-Geant4 collaboration. She is an Invited Assistant Professor with the Physics Department, at IST. Her Research interests include the Radiation Environment in Space and Effects, the development of energetic particle radiation detectors for future space missions, Ultra High Energy Cosmic Rays and simulation of the interaction of particles with matter.

Patrícia Gonçalves has given 12 outreach seminars in Basic and Secondary Schools, in the framework of the Ciencia Viva ESERO programme "O Espaço vai à Escola", and she has also presented a public conference to a general audience on "Quantum Physics and Pseudoscience" (http://comcept. org/events/event/iv-conferencia-do-solsticio-fisica-quantica/).

Selected references:

Arruda, L., Gonçalves P., et al. (2017). SEP protons in GEO measured with the ESA multifunctional spectrometer. IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science 64 (8), pp2333. doi:10.1109/tns.2017.

tropies in the arrival directions of the highest energy cosmic rays detected by the Pierre Auger Observatory. The Astrophysical Journal. 804. doi:10.1088/0004-637X/804/1/15.

McKenna-Lawlor, S., Gonçalves, P., et al. (2012). Characterization of the particle radiation environment at three potential landing sites on Mars using ESA's MEREM models. Icarus, 218(1), 72-734. doi:10.1016/j.icarus.2011.04.004.



Pedro Abreu Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics PhD: Instituto Superior Técnico, 1996. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-9973-7314

Email: abreu@lip.pt **Phone:** +351 210493619

Research areas & interests:

Pedro Abreu works at LIP on communication and outreach in particle and astroparticle physics and on data analysis and algorithms at the Pierre Auger Observatory. As a member of the Pierre Auger in international journals with peer review in years doi:10.1016/j.nuclphysbps.2015.09.203. 2018 and 2019.

Pedro Abreu was the chairman of the Local Organizing Committee of the IPhO'2018 - 49th International Physics Olympiad, Lisboa, Portugal, and a member of the Local Organizing Committee of the EUSO'2019 - 17th European Union Science Olympiad, Almada, Portugal; has given 64 outreach seminars at high-schools and public sessions, and organized and participated in about 5 outreach events. He is also the Portuguese representative in the CERN - European Particle Physics Communication Network, in the CERN High Schools and Teachers forum, and is also the LIP delegate to the IPPOG – International Particle Physics Outreach Group. Since 2010 and until February 2019 was also President of the South and Isles Delegation of the Portuguese Physics Society, and since then President of the Fiscal and Review Council of the said Society.

Selected references:

Abreu, P., Andringa, S., Diogo, F., & Espírito Santo, M. (2016). Questions and answers in extreme energy cosmic rays: a guide to explore the data set of the Pierre Auger Observatory. Nuclear and Collaboration has co-authored 10 papers published Particle Physics Proceedings, 273–275, 1271–1275.

> Electroweak measurements in electron-positron collisions at W-boson-pair energies at LEP. (2013). Physics Reports, 532(4), 119-244. doi:10.1016/j. physrep.2013.07.004.

> Abreu, P. "As escolas de professores no CERN em língua portuguesa" (2015), in Dias Garcia, N. M. (Ed.), Nós, professores brasileiros de física do ensino médio, estivemos no CERN (pp. 37-58), São Paulo, Sociedade Brasileira de Física, Editora Livraria da Física. ISBN: 978-85-7861-316-7.



Pedro Assis Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics PhD: Instituto Superior Técnico, 2009. **ORCID:** 0000-0001-7765-3606

Email: pedro.assis@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 210493600

Research areas & interests:

P. Assis specializes in experimental particle and astroparticle physics. His work has been developed in the context of several international collaborations developing data acquisition systems for which he has taken great responsibilities. P. Assis authored papers with great impact on CR astrophysics. P. Assis also participates in LIP activities with the European Space Agency to study the radiation environment in space and its effects in components. P. Assis has published more than 90 papers in international peer review journals and more than 25 papers in proceedings of international conferences. Researcher ID gives a sum of the times cited of 4280 with an h-index of 29. Has authored more than 250 proceedings as an Auger Collaborator.

Selected references:

The Pierre Auger Collaboration. (2015). The Pierre Auger Cosmic Ray Observatory. Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research A, 798 172-213. doi:10.1016/j.nima.2015.06.058.

is member of the Auger Collaboration and has Lopes, L., Assis, P., Blanco, A., Cerda, M., Carolino, N., Cunha, O., Ferreira, M., Fonte, P., Mendes, L., Palka, M., Pereira, A., Pimenta, M., Tomé, B. (2014). Resistive plate chambers for the Pierre Auger array upgrade. Journal of Instrumentation, 9(10), C10023-C10023. doi:10.1088/ 1748-0221/9/10/c10023.

> The Pierre Auger Collaboration. (2017). Observation of a large-scale anisotropy in the arrival directions of cosmic rays above 8 x 10(18) eV. Science 357 issue 1266. doi:10.1126/science.aan4338.



Pedro Bicudo Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics PhD: Universidade de Lisboa, 1990. **ORCID:** 0000-0003-1556-0580

Email: bicudo@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419144

Research areas & interests:

Pedro Bicudo has been interested in OCD, colour and confinement since he read a scientific journal as a teenager in the seventies. He is a member of the THeory Group of CeFEMA, where he has research grants on QCD-inspired non-perturbative methods and models applied to the study of QCD vacua and its replicas, the confinement of colour, the spontaneous breaking of chiral symmetry, and exotic hadrons such as tetraquarks or hybrids. He also applies High Performance Computing and utilize GPUs for massively parallel processes. c++ and CUDA codes for CPU and GPU servers to develop non-perturbative field theory, including Lattice QCD. Moreover he has been developping technology for surfing and environment. He has published more than 80 papers in international journals, supervised many BSc and MSc thesis, and 4 PhD thesis.

The most important contribution to society from Pedro Bicudo has been his high level teaching and scientific research at the University of Lisboa and in his collaborations with other universities, where he motivated hundreds of young people to understand science and nature. At a lower level, Pedro Bicudo had been interviewed in circa 10 TV programs and written circa 100 general articles in newspapers, since his main outreach is

surf technology and coastal preservation: Surf forecasts (1995); Surf website (1995); Articles in popular media (1999); Surf break saving (2002); Surf physics colloquia (2003); Surf industrial patent (2007); Artificial surf reef design (2007); Surf numerical model (2007); Surf international article (2008); Surf physical model (2008); Surf impact assessment (2008); CNC surfboard prototype (2009); Surf economy forecast (2009); Surf environment NGO (2012).

Selected references:

Bicudo, P. and Ribeiro, J. (1990). Current quark model in a ppp wave triplet condensed vacuum. The dynamical breaking of chiral symmetry. Physical Review D 42 1611–1624. doi:10.1103/Phys RevD.42.1611.

Bicudo, P. and Wagner, M. (2013). Lattice QCD signal for a bottom-bottom tetraquark. Physical Review D 87 (2013) 11, 114511. doi:10.1103/Phys-RevD.87.114511.

Cardoso, N., Cardoso, M. and Bicudo, Pedro. Inside the SU(3) quark-antiquark QCD flux tube: screening versus quantum widening. Physical Review D 88 (2013) 054504. doi:10.1103/Phys-RevD.88.054504.



Pedro Brogueira

Full Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology **PhD:** Instituto Superior Técnico, 1997. **ORCID:** 0000-0001-6069-4073

Email: pedro.brogueira@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417777

Research areas & interests:

Pedro Brogueira main scientific topics of research are scanning probe microscopy, semiconductor materials and devices, energy and particle physics detectors. His expertise covers vacuum technology; thin film deposition, PVD and CVD; optical, transport and structural thin film characterization; data acquisition systems design and implementation. He has been responsible for the Mechanics Assis, P., Blanco, A., Brogueira, P., Ferreira, M., course for Physics Engineering first year students. He was coordinator of the Engineering Physics and of the Biomedical Engineering degrees of IST, member of the Pierre Auger Collaboration, President of the Physics Department and of the Center of Physics and Engineering of Advanced Materials (CeFEMA) and he is presently the coordinator of the Scientific Area of Condensed Matter and Nanotechnology.

Pedro Brogueira co-authored more than 180 scientific papers in international journals, 2 teaching books, 20 science videos broadcasted nationwide (one minute each), 3 science exhibitions and a science itinerancy project for the Ministry of Education and Science and chaired the Comission for the Teaching Model and Pedagogical Practices of Instituto Superior Técnico (CAMEPP).

Selected references:

Vygranenko, Y., M Vieira, M., Lavareda, G., de Carvalho, C. N., Brogueira, P., Amaral, A., Barradas, N. P., and Alves, E. (2019). Optical and photoconductive properties of indium sulfide fluoride thin films. Thin Sol. Films 671, 49. doi:10.1016/j.tsf.2018.12.019.

and Luz, R. (2018). The MARTA (Muon array with RPCs for tagging air showers) front-end acquisition system. IEEE Trans. On Nuc. Sci. 65, 2920. doi:10.1109/TNS.2018.2879089.

Dias de Deus, J., Pimenta, M., Noronha, A., Penha, T., Brogueira, P. (2014). *Introdução à Física*. Escolar Editora, 3rd Edition. ISBN 9789725924402.



Pedro Ribeiro *Invited Assistant Professor*

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: 2008

ORCID: 0000-0001-7630-2054

Email: ribeiro.pedro@gmail.com **Phone:** +351 218419621 (3621)

Research areas & interests:

I am a researcher at the Center of Physics and Engineering of Advanced Materials (CeFEMA), Lisbon and an invited Professor at the Physics Department of Instituto Superior Técnico (IST). Previously, I was a research fellow at Russian Quantum Center (RQC), Moscow (2014–2015), a postdoctoral fellow at Centro de Física das Interacções Fundamentais (CFIF), IST, Lisbon (2013– 2014 and 2008–2011), at the MPI-PKS, Dresden (2011–2013), and at the Condensed Matter Theory Group of MIT, Cambridge USA (2009–2010). I obtained my PhD in 2008 from UPMC, Paris-VI. My research has been developed within the fields of Condensed Matter and Quantum Information. My current interests focus on aspects of open quantum systems driven away from equilibrium. This research line provides a route to novel phases of matter with exotic properties that are impossible at equilibrium and have potential applications in thermoelectrics, electronic and sensing devices and quantum information processing.

Outreach:

Article explaining the Physics Nobel Prize in 2016. E. Castro, P. Ribeiro. "O que há de topológico na matéria que nos rodeia? Trocando por miúdos o Nobel da Física de 2016." (in Portuguese), Gazeta da Física./Coordination and participation on the

Open Lab Day at the Theoretical Group of CeFE-MA. Students visits to the center to get to know the researcher and research topics. IST, Lisbon, 2017./ Seminar explaining the Physics Nobel Prize 2016 to colleagues of other areas, CeFEMA workshop 2016, IST, Lisbon 2016./Outreach article explaining some of the current research lines in non-equilibrium physics./P. Ribeiro, Perder o equilibrio... (in Portuguese), Pulsar, 2015–2016;

Selected references:

Ribeiro, P., Zamani, F., & Kirchner, S. (2015). Steady-state dynamics and effective temperature for a model of quantum criticality in an open system. *Physical Review Letters*, 115(22). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.115.220602.

Ribeiro, P., & García-García, A. M. (2012). Theoretical description of the superconducting state of nanostructures at intermediate temperatures: a combined treatment of collective modes and fluctuations. *Physical Review Letters*, 108(9). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.108.097004.

Ribeiro, P., & Mosseri, R. (2011). Entanglement in the symmetric sector of n qubits. *Physical Review Letters*, 106(18). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.106.180502.



Pedro D. SacramentoAssociate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: Temple University, 1991. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-8276-6485

Email: pdss@cefema.Tecnico.ulisboa.pt **Phone:** +351 218418157 ext. 2157

Research areas & interests:

Pedro D. Sacramento works in Theoretical Condensed Matter Physics and his main research interests are Topological phases of matter, Quantum information and condensed matter physics, Non-equilibrium dynamics, Strongly correlated systems, Fractionalization and confinement, Unconventional behavior in electronic systems, Disorder and magnetic field effects in superconductors and Magnetism and superconductivity. He has published 117 papers.

Pedro D. Sacramento has organized or co-organized several conferences, workshops and schools both national and international. Also, has given colloquia and short courses both locally and abroad.

Selected references:

Schlottmann, P., & Sacramento, P. (1993). Multichannel Kondo problem and some applications. *Advances in Physics*, 42(6), 641–682. doi:10.1080/00018739300101534.

Sacramento, P. D. (2014). Fate of Majorana fermions and Chern numbers after a quantum quench. *Physical Review E*, 90(3). doi:10.1103/physreve.90.032138.

Tešanović, Z., & Sacramento, P. D. (1998). Landau levels and quasiparticle spectrum of extreme type-II superconductors. *Physical Review Letters*, 80(7), 1521–1524. doi:10.1103/physrevlett.80.1521.



Pedro Sebastião Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: Instituto Superior Técnico **ORCID:** 0000-0001-6450-3019

Email: pedro.jose.sebastiao@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419210

Research areas & interests:

More than 70 international publications in peerreview. 3 chapters in scientific books. A book published. A Portuguese patent. 6 PhD students (5 completed), 7 master students in Physics/Engineering Physics/Materials Engineering. Supervisor of more than 11 students graduate and postdoc in research internships of more than three months. Regular national collaborations (Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Universidade de Coimbra) and international (Universidade Federal of Rio de Janeiro, University of Ljubljana, University of Pisa). Leader of the Fast Field Cycling NMR development team (3 developed prototypes, one in continuous operation since 2009). Software developer for data analysis and functions fitting made available through the web service at http://fitteia.org to the community of users around the world. Management activities by the Center of Physics and Engineering of Advanced Materials, as President, by the Executive of the Department of Physics, as vice-president, by the Coordination Commission of the MSc in Engineering Physics IST, as vice-coordinator, and by Portuguese Society of Physics, as vogal. Software development dedicated to supporting 7539-7545. doi:10.1166/jnn.2016.12476.

the management of students in Experimental Physics and management of surveillance tests in the Department of Physics of IST. Teacher-rated "Excellent" in the years 2012-2016.

Selected references:

Daniel, C. I., Vaca Chávez, F., Feio, G., Portugal, C. A., Crespo, J. G., & Sebastião, P. J. (2013). 1H NMR relaxometry, viscometry, and PFG NMR studies of magnetic and nonmagnetic ionic liquids. The Journal of Physical Chemistry B, 117(39), 11877–11884. doi:10.1021/jp4078536.

Domenici, V., Gradišek, A., Apih, T., Hamplová, V., Novotná, V., & Sebastião, P. J. (2016). 1H NMR relaxometry in the TGBA* and TGBC* phases. Ferroelectrics, 495(1), 17-27. doi:10.1080/ 00150193.2016.1136725.

Sebastião, P.J., Monteiro, M. S., Brito, L. M., Rodrigues, E., Chávez, F. V., & Tavares, M. I. (2016). Conventional and fast field cycling relaxometry study of the molecular dynamics in polymer nanocomposites for use as drug delivery systems. Journal of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, 16(7),



Pietro Faccioli Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics

PhD: Università di Bologna **ORCID:** 0000-0003-1849-6692

Email: pietro.faccioli@gmail.com

Research areas & interests:

Within the CMS experiment P. F. leads the quarkonium polarization analyses. He was senior sub-convener of the CMS Beauty-physics analysis group. He is involved in the writing of all CMS publications on quarkonium physics. He is member of the CMS publication board for heavy-ion papers. He is PI of a FCT project hosted by LIP on quarkonium production phenomenology. He demonstrated a theorem providing a new interpretation and generalization of the Lam-Tung identity (a key relation in the theory of Drell-Yan production), triggering a change of para- Faccioli, P., Knünz, V., Lourenço, C., Seixas, J., digm in the way experiments measure dilepton polarizations. He presented his research in many in the LHC era: A polarized perspective. *Physics* invited talks and seminars (CERN, Fermilab, Brookhaven, DESY, Vienna, Israel, Zürich, Beijing). In the last 10 years he was principal author of 15 high-impact publications with few co-authors, 6 peer-reviewed conference proceedings, 2 HERA-B and 10 CMS papers, 2 CERN Courier articles and 11 CMS analysis notes.

Selected references:

Faccioli, P., Lourenço, C., Seixas, J., & Wöhri, H. K. (2010). Towards the experimental clarification of quarkonium polarization. The European Physical *Journal C*, 69(3-4), 657–673. doi:10.1140/epjc/ s10052-010-1420-5.

Faccioli, P., Lourenço, C., & Seixas, J. (2010). Rotation-invariant relations in vector meson decays into fermion pairs. Physical Review Letters, 105(6). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.105.061601.

& Wöhri, H. K. (2014). Quarkonium production Letters B, 736, 98-109. doi:10.1016/j.physletb. 2014.07.006.



Reinhard Schwarz
Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: Université de Neuchâtel, 1982. **ORCID:** 0000-0002-5926-1884

Email: rschwarz@fisica.ist.utl.pt Phone: +351 218419152

Research areas & interests:

Reinhard Schwarz studied Physics and Mathematics at the University of Stuttgart, Germany, and did a PhD in Experimental High Energy Physics at the University of Neuchâtel, Switzerland. After a postdoc period at Princeton University, he started his own research group at the Technical University of München, Germany. He focused on thin film solar cells and on transport studies in amorphous silicon superlattices. He is co-author of some 250 publications in refereed journals and conference proceedings and co-inventor of a cyclic chemical vapor deposition method. Since 1996, he is an associate professor at the Physics Department of Instituto Superior Técnico, Lisbon, Portugal, with research on wide-band gap semiconductors and lead-free ferroelectrics prepared by pulsed laser deposition.

Selected references:

Schwarz, R., Slobodin, D., & Wagner, S. (1985). Differential surface photovoltage measurement of minority-carrier diffusion length in thin films. Applied Physics Letters, 47(7), 740–742. doi:10.1063/1.96023.

Gu, Q., Schiff, E. A., Grebner, S., Wang, F., & Schwarz, R. (1996). Non-Gaussian transport measurements and the Einstein relation in amorphous silicon. *Physical Review Letters*, 76(17), 3196–3199. doi:10.1103/physrevlett.76.3196.

Niehus, M., Sanguino, P., Schwarz, R., Monteiro, T., Soares, M., Pereira, E., Kunst, M. and Koynov, S. (2003). Low temperature photoluminescence, transient photoconductivity and microwave reflection for optical properties and transport in PLD-GaN. *physica status solidi (c)*, 0(1), 386–391. doi:10.1002/pssc.200390069.

Schwarz, R., Santos, L., Ayouchi, R., Bhattacharyya, S. R., Mardolcar, U., Leal, M., & Kholkin, A. (2013). Optical properties of lead-free NKN films from transmission and spectral ellipsometry. *Ferroelectrics*, 446(1), 118–127. doi:10.1080/00150193.20 13.821018.

Tolstogouzov, A., Aguas, H., Ayouchi, R., Belykh, S. F., Fernandes, F., Gololobov, G. P., ... Teodoro, O. M. (2016). Vacuum solid-state ion-conducting silver source for application in field emission electric propulsion systems. *Vacuum*, 131, 252–258. doi:10.1016/j.vacuum.2016.07.003.



Ruben Conceição Invited Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Universidade de Lisboa, 2011. **ORCID:** 0000-0003-4945-5340

Email: ruben@lip.pt **Phone:** +351 210493600

Research areas & interests:

Ruben Conceição (RC) is a member of the Pierre Auger Observatory, an experiment dedicated to the study of Ultra High Energy Cosmic Rays. Besides participating in the data analysis he has published several works on the Extensive Air Shower phenomenology with particular focus on the study of hadronic interactions at energies above those reached by human-made accelerators. Ruben is also Co-PI of a project to build a wide field-of-view gamma-ray experiment in the Southern Hemisphere (SWGO, www.swgo.org). He has supervised 2 Master students (1 on-going). RC has published 99 paper (11 short author) and has a h-index of 58.

Ruben Conceição has participated in several outreach and inreach events, for instance: Invited talk about High-energy multi-messengers at LIP/CFTP winter school, Invited talk about Pierre Auger Observatory at Hands on Particles and Light Workshop, Master Class: Hands-On Particles (IST). RC has also organized a several Schools and Symposiums about Data Science and its connection between Academia and Industry, see for instance: http://www.lip.pt/events/2019/data-science.

Selected references:

The Pierre Auger Collaboration/Aab, A., et al. (2017). Observation of a large-scale anisotropy in the arrival directions of cosmic rays above 8 × 10¹⁸ eV. *Science* 357 no.6537, 1266–1270. doi:10.1126/science.aan4338.

The Pierre Auger Collaboration/Aab, A., et al. (2019). Measurement of the average shape of longitudinal profiles of cosmic-ray air showers at the Pierre Auger Observatory. *JCAP* 03 (2019) 018. doi:10.1088/1475-7516/2019/03/018.

Cazon, L., Conceição, R., Riehn, F. (2018). Probing the energy spectrum of hadrons in proton air interactions at ultrahigh energies through the fluctuations of the muon content of extensive air showers. *Physics Letters B* 784 68–76. doi:10.1016/j.physletb.2018.07.026.



Rui Coelho Assistant Investigator

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion

PhD: 200

ORCID: 0000-0002-1127-1661

Email: rcoelho@ipfn.tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218411936

Research areas & interests:

Rui Coelho research addresses several aspects of theory and modelling in fusion devices in particular regarding the calculation of plasma equilibrium and MHD stability of magnetically confined plasmas in Tokamaks. He has a solid experience in integrated tokamak modelling in international teams both as a contributing member and as task, area coordinator and scientific team management. He has authored/co-authored about 80 papers in international journals and has been nominated to technical review panels and scientific boards in International Organisations in support of Fusion Research. He has supervised 1 PhD and 4 MSc thesis and secured one high performance computing project in a collaboration between EU and Japan.

Rui Coelho has welcomed several IST summer internships on his research group, given talks about Nuclear Fusion in high schools and promoted his group activities developing a dedicated webpage and answering outreach calls by international students inquiring thesis opportunities.

Selected references:

Nabais, F., Aslanyan, V., Borba, D., Coelho, R., Dumont, R., Ferreira, J., Figueiredo, A., Fitzgerald, M., E. Lerche, E., Mailloux, J., Mantsinen, M., Rodrigues, P., Porkolab, M., Puglia, P., Sharapov, S. E., and JET Contributors (2018). TAE stability calculations compared to TAE antenna results in *JET. Nucl. Fusion* 58, 082007. doi:10.1088/1741-4326/aabdbd.

Iannone, F., Bracco, G., Cavazzoni, C., Coelho, R., Coster, D., Hoenen, O., Maslennikov, A., Migliori, S., Owsiak, M., Quintiliani, A., Palak, B., Pais, V., Robin, F., Rossi, E., Voitsekhovitch, I. (2018). MARCONI-FUSION: The new high performance computing facility for European nuclear fusion modelling. *Fusion Engineering and Design* 129, 354 (2018). doi:10.1016/j.fusengdes.2017.11.004.

Coelho, R. et al., (2018). Plasma equilibrium reconstruction of JET discharges using the imas modelling infrastructure. *TH/P5-27 IAEA CN-258*.



Rui Dilão Assistant Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Interdisciplinary physics

PhD: Uiversidade Técnica de Lisboa, 1986.

ORCID: 0000-0003-0190-4565

Email: ruidilao@gmail.com **Phone:** +351 218417617

Research areas & interests:

Rui Dilão is expert in Mathematical Physics and Dynamical Systems. In 1986, he obtained the PhD in Physics (Mathematical Physics) from the Technical University of Lisbon and, in 1997, the "Agregação" from the same university. In 1986-1988 he he collaborated in the planning of the LHC as a fellow at CERN, and in 1991-93 in the scientific program of PoSAT-1 (1992–1993). He received the LabMed prize in 1999 for work on laboratorial research medicine. He is author of 70+ publications and presented 100+ communications in the academia and research meetings. He has supervised 4 PhD and 50 MSc thesis, and served as advisor of 4 postdoc researchers. He has co-authored a research book on dynamical system techniques for the design of particle accelerators. He has written two books for undergraduate teaching and a two-booklet set for the middle school level.

On a regular basis, he serves as referee for several academic journals, as member of the steering committees of 2 research programs of the European Science Foundation and participates as expert in the evaluation of the Marie Sklodowska-Curie In-

dividual Fellowships. He participated as principal investigator in one of the work packages of the project GENNETEC (2006–2009) supported by the European Commission. He organized several research meetings in Portugal and abroad and has edited several proceedings monographs. He is member of several professional societies.

Selected references:

J. Cascais, J. Dilão, R., and Noronha da Costa, A. (1983). *Chaos and reverse bifurcations in a RCL circuit*. Physics Letters A, 93 213–216, doi:10.1016/0375-9601(83)90799-5.

Alcobia, I., Dilão, R., Parreira, L. (2000). Spatial association of centromeres in the nuclei of hematopoietic cells: Evidence for cell-type-specific organizational patterns. Blood, 95 1608-1615. Erratum: Blood, 96 (2000) 987. doi:10.1182/blood.V95.5.1608.005k32_160 8_1615.

Dilão, R. (2009). Anti-phase and in-phase synchronization of nonlinear oscillators: The Huygens's clocks system. Chaos, 19 023118, doi:10.1063/1.3139117.017-0653-9.



Samuel Eleutério Assistant Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 1986.

ORCID: 3106 0000-0003-1585-1329

Email: sme@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Research areas & interests:

Simulation in Polymers: calculation of Flory index with models of fractional Brownian motion. Sentiments influence applies to the dynamics of the market. "Excellent Teacher" distinction at IST in 2016 and 2017. Scaling Properties of Weakly Self-Avoiding Fractional Brownian Motion in One Dimension Journal of Statistical Physics.



Sérgio RamosAssistant Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics **PhD:** Ecole Polytechnique/Université de Paris XI, 1986.

ORCID: 0000-0001-8946-2268

Email: sramos@lip.pt **Phone:** +351 217973880

Research areas & interests:

Structure of matter, in the COMPASS experiment at CERN (and previously in the NA51 Expt. at CERN): transverse momentum dependent parton distribution functions, through the polarised Drell-Yan process; gluon polarisation; quark helicity and transverse distributions. Heavy ion collisions, in the HADES experiment at GSI (and previously in the NA38 and NA50 expts. at CERN): properties of matter at high density; dielectron and strange particle detection.

2002–2017 Co-responsible for the LIP portuguese group of the experiment COMPASS at CERN, annual Projects financed by FCT.

1990–2004: Co-responsible for the LIP Portuguese group of the NA50 experiment at CERN, annual Projects financed by FCT.

1992–1993: Co-responsible for the LIP portuguese group of the experiment NA51 at CERN.

1986–1992 Co-responsible for the LIP portuguese group of the NA38 experiment at CERN, annual Projects financed by FCT.

160 Publications in International Journals with Peer Review, of which 30 Publications have more than 100 citations, in accordance to inSPIRE.

Supervision of several PhD Theses, and several Pre-Bologna and Bologna Master Theses.

Member of the organizing committe of the biennial conference: XIII International Conference on Beauty, Charm, and Hyperons in Hadronic Interactions, whici took place in Peniche, in June 2018.

Selected references:

COMPASS Experiment. (2007). The deuteron spin-dependent structure function g1(d) and its first moment. *Physics Letters B*647 8. (333 citations).

NA50 Experiment, Abreu, M.C. et al. (2000). Evidence for deconfinement of quarks and gluons from the J/ ϕ suppression pattern measured in Pb-Pb collisions at the CERN-SPS, *Physics Letters B*477 28. (442 citations). doi:10.1016/S0370-2693(00)00237-9.

NA51 Experiment, Baldit, A. et al. (1994). Study of the isospin symmetry breaking in the light quark sea of the nucleon from the Drell-Yan process. *Physics Letters B.* 332. 244–250. (383 citations) doi:10.1016/0370-2693(94)90884-2.



Susana Cardoso de Freitas Associate Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology PhD: Instituto Superior Técnico, 2002. **ORCID:** 0000-0001-6913-6529

Email: scardoso@inesc-mn.pt **Phone:** +351 213100348

Research areas & interests:

Susana Cardoso de Freitas is one of the Directors at INESC-MN and is responsible for student coordination and educational activities related with nanoelectronics, microfabrication and spintronics. She has supervised 70 MSc thesis and 6 PhD thesis (12 on-going). She was appointed coordinator for the Educational Activities of the IEEE Portugal section in 2015. She has coordinated and participated as principal researcher in several EU (ICT, SME-Inst, FTI) and national projects (ANI, FCT), and is also an expert evaluator for the H2020 program and other European agencies. Her activity includes intensive collaborations with industrial partners for technology transfer related with sensors and holds 3 patents. Since 2019 she is one member of the "Ambassador for the Innovation" group at IST.

Susana Cardoso de Freitas has been invited for 15 international conferences and is co-author of over 300 publications and 20 chapter books. She was a recipient of the Honorable Mention in Scientific Awards ULisboa/Santander in 2016, 2017 and 2018. In 2018 she was selected as one of "100 Women in Science" by the Portuguese Agency of Science and Technology "Ciência Viva". In 2019

she was Elected Associate Member Delegate to the European Physics Society (EPS) Council (2019). She is involved in a number of international clusters and networks: KET Tools (EU Infrastructure Cluster) and SpintronicFactory (European Network on Magnetism) and is the responsible for the INESC-MN participation in the INTERFACE program from Agencia de Inovação.

Selected references:

Chowdhury, N., Kleemann, W., Petracic, O., Kronast, F., Doran, A., Scholl, A., Cardoso, S., Freitas, P. P., and Bedanta, S. 360° domain walls in magnetic thin films with uniaxial and random anisotropy. Physical Review Letters 98, 134440. doi:10.1103/PhysRevB.98.134440.

Freitas, P. P., Ferreira, R., and Cardoso, S. Spintronic sensors. (2016). Proceedings of the IEEE, 104 (10), pp. 1894-1918. doi:10.1109/JPROC. 2016.2578303.

Romão, V. C., Martins, S. A. M., Germano, J., Cardoso, F. A., Cardoso, S., Freitas, P.P. (2017). Lab-on-chip devices: Gaining ground losing size. ACS Nano 11 (11), pp 10659-10664. doi:10.1021/



Teresa Peña Full Professor

Area: Particle Physics & Nuclear Physics PhD: Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 1988.

ORCID: 0000-0002-3529-2408

Email: teresa.pena@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417533

Research areas & interests:

Teresa Peña works in Nuclear and Hadronic Physics. Her recent work is on spectroscopy and structure of mesons and baryons, with challenging questions on properties of matter under extreme conditions, in accelerators, or in the merger of stars. In addition, it contributes to technological applications, as medical imaging and radiation therapy, with large benefits to the society. The research covers questions such as: What binds nucleons in nuclei? How do quarks acquire mass? What does the emmissivity of matter tell us about the early universe? What are the radiation protection procedures for safe space travel and clinical procedures?

On Women's Day, 2016, she was given a tribute by Ciência Viva, and in 2011 the "René Glidden" Professorship distinction from the University of Ohio, for "...artistic, engineering, historical, literacy and scientific achievements". She authored an international publication "Nucleus – A trip to the heart of matter", translated into 5 european languages. At the CTN campus Teresa Peña participates in socially relevant projects on Biomedical Applications of Nuclear Technologies. In 2017, she delivered two invited talks: at ECT*, the European Center for Theoretical Studies in Nuclear Physics, and at the Nuclear Physics Eu- 134. doi:10.1016/j.nimb.2019.05.036

ropean Collaboration Committee. She organized the Colloquia of the Physics Department, and an International Conference, LightCone 2016. She is a member of the European Research Committee on Few-Body Problems, and of the International Light Cone Advisory Committee, ILCAC. She is a member of the Executive Committee of the European Physical Society. During 2016-2017 she supervised 2 Master and 1 PhD students.

Selected references:

Biernat, E. P., Gross, F., Peña, M. T., Stadler, A., & Leitão, S. (2018). Quark mass function from a one-gluon-exchange-type interaction in Minkowski space. Physical Review D 98 (2018) no.11, 114033. doi:10.1103/physrevd.98.114033.

Eichmann, G., Duarte, P., Peña, M. T., & Stadler, A. (2019). Scattering amplitudes and contour deformations. Physical Review D, 100(9). doi:10.1103/ physrevd.100.094001.

Tuccori, N., Pinheiro, T., Peña, T., Alves, L. C., Botelho, M. J., Raimundo, J. and Vale, C. (2019). Modelling the uptake of suspended materials and sands in nearshore waters by plastics using the nuclear microscopy and depth profiling analytical tools. Nucl. Inst. and Methods in Phys. Res. B 451 127-



Vasco Guerra
Associate Professor with "Agregação"

Area: Plasma Physics, Lasers & Nuclear Fusion **PhD:** Universidade Técnica de Lisboa, 1998.

ORCID: 0000-0002-6878-6850

Email: vguerra@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419322

Research areas & interests:

Vasco Guerra develops kinetic models to study non-equilibrium processes in low-temperature plasmas. He is currently interested in understanding how to take advantage of the internal degrees of freedom of the CO2 molecule to promote its recycling to produce green fuels on Earth and oxygen on Mars. He has been responsible of the courses of Thermodynamics and the Structure of Matter and Plasma Physics and Technology. He was awarded the William Crookes Prize in 2016, sponsored by the European Physical Society and the Institute of Physics, for the outstanding contribution to the modeling of molecular low-temperature plasmas, and was awarded a Visiting Professor fellowship from the Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (KNAW) to stay at the Dutch Institute For Fundamental Energy Research (DIFFER) during his sabbatical leave in 2019. He was the Coordinator of the Master in Engineering Physics in 2018 and is currently member of the Scientific Council of IST and programme director of the PhD programme AP-PLAuSE (Advanced Programme in Plasma Science and Engineering)

Vasco Guerra gas given outreach seminars at high schools and at the Summer Academy for Learning and Science Olympiads at IST.

Selected references:

Guerra, V., Tejero del Caz, A., Pintassilgo, C. D., and Alves, L. L. (2019). Topical review: Modelling N2-O2 plasmas: volume and surface kinetics. *Plasma Sources Sci. Technol.* 28 073001. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/ab252c.

Guerra, V., Silva, T., and Guaitella, O. (2018) Living on Mars: how to produce oxygen and fuel to get home. Feature Article in *Europhysics News* 49(3) 15–18. doi:10.1051/epn/2018302.

Alves, L. L., Bogaerts, A., Guerra, V., and Turner, M. (2018). Topical Review: 'Foundations of modelling of nonequilibrium low-temperature plasmas'. *Plasma Sources Sci. Technol.* 27 023002. doi:10.1088/1361-6595/aaa86d.(1-2),1600175. doi:10.1002/ppap.201600175.



Vítor Cardoso Full Professor

Area: Astrophysics & Gravitation **PhD:** Universidade de Lisboa, 2003 **ORCID:** 0000-0003-0553-0433

Email: vitor.cardoso@ist.utl.pt Phone: +351 218419821

Research areas & interests:

Vítor Cardoso is Professor of Physics at IST, where he leads the GRIT at CENTRA. His research interests are maily focused on stronggravity problems, with implications for gravitational-wave and black-hole physics, high-energy and particle physics. He is co-author of one book and of over 200 scientific papers. His research was recognized by the European Research Council, with two prestigious ERC Grants. In 2015 he was awarded the "Ordem de Sant'Iago da Espada" title, for scientific achievements, by the President of the Portuguese Republic. Prof. Cardoso is currently the Chair of GWverse, an international Consortium of over 30 countries and hundreds of scientists, which aims to study black holes, gravitational waves and fundamental physics. He is a founding member of the Portuguese Society for Relativity and Gravitation.

Vítor Cardoso, together with artist Ana Carvalho, created Gravitão (https://blackholes.tecnico.ulis-boa.pt/gravitao) and Atelier Cósmico (http://ateliecosmico.tecnico.ulisboa.pt), outreach efforts

for high-schools and general audiences, as well as The Birth of an Idea (https://birthofidea.tecnico. ulisboa.pt), where fellow scientists share their thoughts about the genesis of scientific ideas. Vítor Cardoso is a regular presence in the Portuguese mainstream media, most notably in newspapers and TV shows.

Selected references:

Cardoso, V. and Pani, P. (2017). Tests for the existence of black holes through gravitational wave echoes. *Nature Astronomy* 1, no. 9, 586. doi:10.1038/s41550-017-0225-y.

Brito, R., Cardoso, V., & Pani, P. (2015). Superradiance, Lecture notes in physics. Springer-Verlag. eBook ISBN: 978-3-319-19000-6.

Cardoso, V., Costa, J. L., Destounis, K., Hintz P., & Jansen, A. (2018). Quasinormal modes and strong cosmic censorship. *Physics Review Letters* 120:031103. doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.120.031103.



Vítor João Rocha Vieira Invited Full Professor

Area: Condensed Matter & Nanotechnology

PhD: University of Chicago, 1979. **ORCID:** 0000-0001-8611-3871

Email: vitor.rocha.vieira@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419088

Research area & interests:

Strongly correlated electron and spin systems. Low-dimensional systems. Phase space representations of quantum mechanics. Nonperturbative methods. Systems far from equilibrium. Real time formalisms. Quantum thermodynamics. Quantum stochastic processes. Quantum information and computation.

Teaching:

Many Particle Systems and Critical Phenomena, Advanced Condensed Matter Physics, Statistical Mechanics and Phase Transitions, Condensed Matter Physics, Topics of Condensed Matter Physics, Physics Seminar.

Scientific orientation of several Master and PhD students.

Coordinator of the PhD Doctoral Programmes of the Physics Department (1999-2014, 2012-2016).

Selected references:

Mera, B., Vlachou, C., Paunković, N., & Vieira, V. R. (2017). Uhlmann connection in fermionic systems undergoing phase transitions. Physical Review Letters, 119(1). doi:10.1103/physrevlett.119.015702.

Vieira, V., & Sacramento, P. (1995). Path integrals of spin-J systems in the holomorphic representation. *Nuclear Physics B*, 448 (1-2), 331-354. doi:10.1016/0550-3213(95)00196-y.

Vieira, V. R. (1989). Finite-temperature real-time field theories for spin 1/2. Physical Review B, 39(10), 7174-7195. doi:10.1103/phyrevb.39.7174.

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF



Ana Bela G. S. P. Cardoso

Technical Assistant

Email: ana.bela.cardoso@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218413050

Administrative duties:

Ana Bela Cardoso's main activity is the support of the MEFT Coordination. She is responsible for the organization and structure of the Secretariat regarding the course "MEFT Project", including the disclosure of videos in a public website.

Physics. She is also in charge of the different aspects "Project MEFT". related to the MEFT students in ERASMUS.



Daniel de Jesus Mendes Lála

Technical Assistant

Email: daniel.mendes.lala@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218413057

Administrative duties:

Daniel Lála works as a technician in the various laboratories, namely the Electronics, the Technological, and the DEMO – Demonstrations Laboratories.

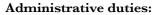
He also supports the filming and the production She is responsible for the procedures required for of short videos for the UC "Project MEFT" and the submission and public presentation of the final provides technical support in various laboratomasters dissertation by MEFT students. She also ries of the Department of Physics in the field of supports the "Welcome Week" for 1st year MEFT electronics. In 2015, he provided major support students and other events held in the Department of to the installation of the new laboratory for the



Dulce Maria Martins da Conceição Senior Technician

Email: dulce.conceicao@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417938



Dulce Conceição is a Senior Technician in the Department of Physics. She provides secretariat duties for CENTRA and CEFEMA.



Fátima Correia Operational Assistant

Email: fatima.correia@ist.utl.pt

Phone: +351 218411621

Administrative duties:

Fátima Correia's main activity is to support the DF's secretariat. She is involved in the support of students in daily activities, mail service (internal and external), management of various displays with information about department's activities. She is also involved with the archive of Assessment tests and written exams.



Hélder Carvalho Laboratory Technician

Email: helder.carvalho@tecnico.ulisboa.pt Phone: +351 218413416

Administrative duties:

Hélder Carvalho provides technical support to the Experimental Physics Laboratories (Thermodynamics and Structure of Matter, Electromagnetism and Optics, Mechanics and Waves) and the LFEB (Basic Experimental Physics Laboratory) and LOO (Oscillations and waves Laboratory) Laboratories of MEFT.



João Paulo dos Santos Guerreiro

Coordinator of Administrative Services

Email: paulo.guerreiro@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218417298

Administrative duties:

João Paulo Guerreiro's main activity is to support the management and coordination of tasks of the Executive Commission of the DF in the following areas: teaching, including organization of teaching activities; teaching permit applications for foreign employees; processing of the application of the Teaching Service Provision Regulation (RSD); order Sabbatical leaves; teacher hiring guests under Clause 32a of ECDU; management of monitor's applications for assessment tests (tests and exams) of course units under the department's responsibility.

He is also in charge of the procedures related with scholarships to support educational activities. He participates in the organization of events organized by the DF and the MEFT coordination, such as the workshop "MEFT - Challenging the Limits of Science and Technology" and the "Welcome Week at IST".

He gives crucial support in the management and full implementation of funds allocated to the DF, in accordance with the decisions of the department's executive comission.



Martinha Viegas de Sousa

Senior Technician

Email: martinha.sousa@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419552



Martinha Viegas de Sousa's main activity is the secretariat of MEFT Coordination. Such work includes the schedule for MEFT procedures, compilation and completion of documents necessary for the process of annual assessment of MEFT, preparation of the beginning of each semester meetings.

She also provides the secretariat of the "Welcome Week", a DF initative dedicated to new MEFT students and "MEFT – Challenging the Limits of Science and Technology", a department's initiative for high school students.

She has been working on an effective implementation at the MEFT Secretariat of the administrative procedures in accordance with the changes and innovation of the various IST services to improve the quality efficiency of the secretariat support to the MEFT coordination.

Martinha Viegas de Sousa has been in charge of maintaining updated information related to the UCs MEFT, DEAF, DEAEFT in the Portal Bologna. In 2015, she was involved in publication of the report for the process of MEFT Accreditation.



Pedro ClaroOperational Assistant

Email: pedroclaro@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218419046

Administrative duties:

Pedro Claro provides support for the Technological Laboratory. He is an expert in the fields of welding and works on metal parts. He also gives technical support to the DF in various areas.



Sandra Oliveira

Senior Technician

Email: sandra.oliveira.santos@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218413092

Administrative duties:

Sandra Oliveira's activity is to support the activities of the following research units: CFTP – Centre for Theoretical Particle Physics and CEFEMA – Center of Physics and Engineering of Advanced Materials.



Sandra Rodrigues Martins

Technical Assistant

Email: sandra.martins@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Phone: +351 218411276

Administrative duties:

Sandra Martins works at the Department of Physics' secretariat. Since 2015, she has had responsibilities in the maintenance of the department's website and the television with updated information about the scientific, pedagogical and outreach activities. She participates in the organization of various department's initiatives such as the "Welcome week" for new students and the workshop "MEFT – Challenging the limits in science and technology" for high school students. She also provides support in the organization various of teaching activities and students examinations, and collaborated in the preparation of the present report.

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS BIENNIAL REPORT 2018–2019

COORDINATION

Pedro T. Abreu

LAYOUT AND DESIGN

Ana Sousa Carvalho (dak@mailbox.org)

CAMPUS

Alameda Campus Departamento de Física Av. Rovisco Pais, 1 1049-001 Lisboa, Portuga

WEBSITE

http://df.tecnico.ulisboa.pt

EMAII

department.physics@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

PHONE

+351 218417774

FAX

+351 218419013